Introduction

The following application note describes the L99PM62GXP external schematic and relevant characteristics for operating an external voltage regulation for driving a load up to 200 mA.

The first paragraph contains the detailed schematic description. The second paragraph contains exhaustive static so that dynamic evaluations and demonstrates the regulation stability in case of $V_S$ and/or current load variations.
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1 Voltage regulation circuit schematics

1.1 Regulation with external PNP without current limitation

Figure 1. Voltage regulation with external PNP

The Figure 1 is an example of recommended circuit for voltage regulation with external transistor. As a reference voltage source was used 5V1 voltage regulator of L99PM62GXP.

Parameters of circuit at Figure 1 are:

- Output voltage = 5.0 V
- Output current from 0 to approx. 1 A (no limitation), for VS ±12 V
- VS operation range from 5.5 to 18 V; for output current up to 200 mA the theoretical minimum operational range is from 5.2 V. (VS is the voltage after reverse polarity protection).

The output voltage is possible set by change of R1 and R2 value. In case of R3 = R4 the U3 is possible express from equation:

\[ U_3 = U_{5V1} \times \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} + \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} [V] \]

Important requirement is to ensure the voltage on OP_- and OP_+ inputs is bellow 3 V.
1.2 Regulation with external NPN without current limitation

The Figure 2 is the modified circuit of external voltage regulation circuit with external NPN transistor.

Figure 2. Voltage regulation with external NPN

The advantage of this circuit is fewer amounts of external components. However this is balanced by lower $V_S$ operation range in comparison to PNP regulation circuit.

Parameters of circuit at Figure 2 are:

- Output voltage = 5.0 V
- Output current from 0 to 1 A – (no limitation)
- $V_S$ operation range from 6 to 18 V ($V_S$ is the voltage after reverse polarity protection)

As in previous case the output voltage is possible set by change of R1 and R2 value. In case of $R3 = R4$ the $U_3$ is possible express from equation:

$$U_3 = U_{5V1} \times \frac{R_4}{R_3 + R_4} \times \frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2} [V]$$
1.3 Voltage regulation and current limitation with external PNP

Figure 3. Voltage regulation and current limitation with external PNP

This circuit is a light modification of circuit from Figure 1, extended for current limitation. Transistor T2 (BC857) together with resistor R6 limits output current, which is possible adjust by change or R6 value. The voltage drop at R6 for maximum current should be about 0.65 V.

Parameters of circuit from Figure 3 are following:

- Output voltage = 5 V
- Output current limited at 200 mA
- $V_S$ operation range 5.8 V to 18 V (28 V absolute maximum ratings)

The output voltage is possible adjust like in original schematics by change or R1 and R2 resistors without impact to current limitation. For sure the $V_S$ operational range (low limit) corresponds to selected output voltage.
1.4 Voltage regulation and current limitation with external NPN

The Figure 4 is the slightly modified circuit from Figure 1 for voltage regulation with current limitation using external NPN.

Figure 4. Voltage regulation and current limitation with external NPN

This circuit is a modification of circuit from Figure 2 extended with the current limitation feature provided by resistor R5 and transistor T2 (BC856). The output voltage is possible adjust like in original schematics by change or R1 and R2 resistors without impact on the current limitation. For sure the $V_S$ operational range (low limit) corresponds to selected output voltage.

Parameters of circuit from Figure 4 are following:
- Output voltage = 5 V
- Output current limited at 200 mA
- $V_S$ operation range 6.5 V to 18 V (28 V absolute maximum ratings)
2 Evaluations of circuit with PNP and current limitation

2.1 Static characteristics

2.1.1 Standby current

The $V_S$ current in OFF state was evaluated for the most recommended circuit of voltage regulation and current limitation with external PNP transistor (see Figure 1).

The 5V2 voltage regulator was switched OFF by SPI in Active Mode Configuration. There was observed a small current from $V_3$ output caused by residual voltage of 5V2 voltage regulator.

- $V_S = 12$ V
- $I_{V_S} = 0.279$ mA
- $I_{op\_out} = 0.052$ mA
- $I_3 = 0.22$ mA
- $R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5 = 10$ K

This current will be significantly decreased by switching the device in V1stby Mode which turns OFF the operational amplifier (see Figure 5).

![Figure 5. Removing residual current by turning L99PM62GXP in standby mode](image)

Conclusion

A residual current can be observed in the load in case the reference voltage 5V2 is turned OFF and L99PM62GXP is maintained on active mode.

By turning L99PM62GXP in any standby mode (V1stby or Vbatstby), this residual current will be removed.
2.1.2 Line regulation 6-18 V

Influence of $V_S$ variation on the $V_3$ voltage regulation

- $V_S$ range from 4.8 to 18 V
- $I_3$ current from 0 to 200 mA
- $R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5 = 10$ K
- $V_2$ (measured) = 5.15 V
- Temperature = 25 °C ambient

Table 1. $V_3$ to $V_S$ dependence

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$V_S$ [V]</th>
<th>$V_3$ [V] ($I_3 = 0$ mA)</th>
<th>$V_3$ [V] ($I_3 = 200$ mA)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4.80</td>
<td>4.77</td>
<td>4.07</td>
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<td>4.90</td>
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</tr>
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<td>5.00</td>
<td>4.97</td>
<td>4.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.10</td>
<td>5.04</td>
<td>4.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.20</td>
<td>5.05</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.30</td>
<td>5.05</td>
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<td>5.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.00</td>
<td>5.14</td>
<td>5.14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.1.3 Load regulation up to 250 mA

Influence of $I_3$ output current on $V_3$ voltage regulation

- $V_S = 6, 12, 18$ V
- $R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5 = 10$ K
- $I_3$ range = from 0 to 250 mA (with current limitation on 220 mA)
- Temperature = 25 °C ambient

Table 2. $V_3$ to $I_3$ dependence for $V_S = 6, 12, 18$ V

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>$I_3$[mA]</th>
<th>$V_3$[V] ($V_S = 6$ V)</th>
<th>$V_3$[V] ($V_S = 12$ V)</th>
<th>$V_3$[V] ($V_S = 18$ V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>5,13</td>
<td>5,14</td>
<td>5,14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>5,13</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>222</td>
<td>0,07</td>
<td>0,07</td>
<td>0,07</td>
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</table>
2.2 Dynamical characteristics

2.2.1 $V_3$ switching ON / OFF

The $V_3$ voltage regulator switching ON / OFF by turning ON / OFF reference - the 5V2 voltage regulator. All measurements were done for circuit from Figure 4: Voltage regulation.
and current limitation with external NPN.

- $R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5 = 10\, \text{K}$
- $V_S = 12\, \text{V}$
- $I_3$ from 0 to 200 mA and short circuit
- Temperature = 25 °C ambient
- Switching = $V_3$ to open load:

**Figure 9.** $V_3$ switch ON / OFF ($I_3 = 0\, \text{mA}$)

Switching $V_3$ with resistive load 25 $\Omega$ (200mA @ 5 V)

**Figure 10.** $V_3$ switch ON /OFF ($I_3 = 200\, \text{mA}$)

Switching $V_3$ to short circuit. The current protection circuit limits current to 220 mA.
2.2.2 Load switch ON/OFF

Measurements were done for circuit from Figure 4. As load an electronically controlled load was used with following preset parameters:

- $R_1, R_2, R_3, R_4, R_5 = 10\, K$
- Device type = Chroma 63103
- Mode = constant current low
- Current = 200 mA
- Slope = 250 mA/µs (falling and rising)

2.2.3 Influence of $C_i$ and $C_1$ on the $V_3$ switch and load variation response

For the circuit from Figure 4 the influence of capacitors $C_i$ and $C_1$ to the regulator switching ON/OFF response for $V_3$ output open load and 25 $\Omega$ load (200 mA @ 5 V) were tested.

The influence to the load regulation by switching ON / OFF load of 200 mA (electronic controlled load was used for these tests) were also tested.

The capacitors influence was tested on following combinations $C_i$ and $C_1$: 
### Table 3. Capacitors combinations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Combination</th>
<th>$C_i$ [nF]</th>
<th>$C_1$ [µF]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1n</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>10n</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 - default</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1n</td>
<td>10M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>10n</td>
<td>10M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 13. Combination n°1 - $I_3 = 0$; $I_3 = 200$ mA

![Figure 13](image1)

### Figure 14. Combination n°1 - $C_i = 0$; $C_1 = 0$; load switch ON

![Figure 14](image2)
Figure 15. Combination n°2 - $I_3 = 0$; $C_i = 1 \text{ nF}$; $C_1 = 0$

Figure 16. Combination n°2 - $I_3 = 200 \text{ mA}$; $C_i = 1 \text{ nF}$; $C_1 = 0$

Figure 17. Combination n°2 - $C_i = 1 \text{ nF}$; $C_1 = 0$; load switch ON/OFF
Figure 18. Combination n°3 - $I_3 = 0; C_i = 10 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 0$

Figure 19. Combination n°3 - $I_3 = 200 \text{ mA}; C_i = 10 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 0$

Figure 20. Combination n°3 - $C_i = 10 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 0$; load switch ON/OFF
Figure 21. Combination n°5 - $I_3 = 0; C_i = 1 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 10 \mu\text{F}$

Figure 22. Combination n°5 - $I_3 = 200 \text{ mA}; C_i = 1 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 10 \mu\text{F}$

Figure 23. Combination n°5 - $C_i = 1 \text{ nF}; C_1 = 10 \mu\text{F}$; load switch ON/OFF
Figure 24. Combination n°6 - $I_3 = 0$; $C_i = 10 \text{nF}$; $C_1 = 10 \text{µF}$

Figure 25. Combination n°6 - $I_3 = 200 \text{mA}$; $C_i = 10 \text{nF}$; $C_1 = 10 \text{µF}$

Figure 26. Combination n°6 - $C_i = 10 \text{nF}$; $C_1 = 10 \text{µF}$; load switch ON/OFF
2.2.4 $V_S$ cranking measurement

Screenshots of behavior in case of $V_S$ cranking pulse for various pulse widths are at the next figures. In case $V_S$ reaches level for POR the $V_2$ is switched off and as a consequence $V_3$ is switched off as well.

Figure 27. $V_S$ cranking (1 ms pulse)

![Figure 27](image)

*Figure 27* is a screenshot of $V_S$ cranking pulse 1 ms width. The $V_S$ under-voltage flag was set in status register, but $V_2$ remains ON.

Figure 28. $V_S$ cranking (pulse 2 ms)

![Figure 28](image)

On *Figure 28* $V_S$ reaches the level of power on reset. $V_2$ was switched OFF and cold start diagnosis bit was signalized in status registers.
Figure 29. $V_S$ cranking (pulse 5 ms)
Appendix A  Reference document

1. Power management IC with LIN and high speed CAN (L99PM62GXP, Doc ID 17639)
Revision history

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Changes</th>
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<td>19-May-2011</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Initial release.</td>
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<tr>
<td>19-Sep-2013</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>Updated Disclaimer.</td>
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