

AlgoBuilder

Rapid Prototyping with MEMS Sensors and Microcontrollers – Introduction to the ST AlgoBuilder

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Technology Tour 2019

Anaheim, CA | March 26



Introduction

AlgoBuilder Overview

Environment Setup

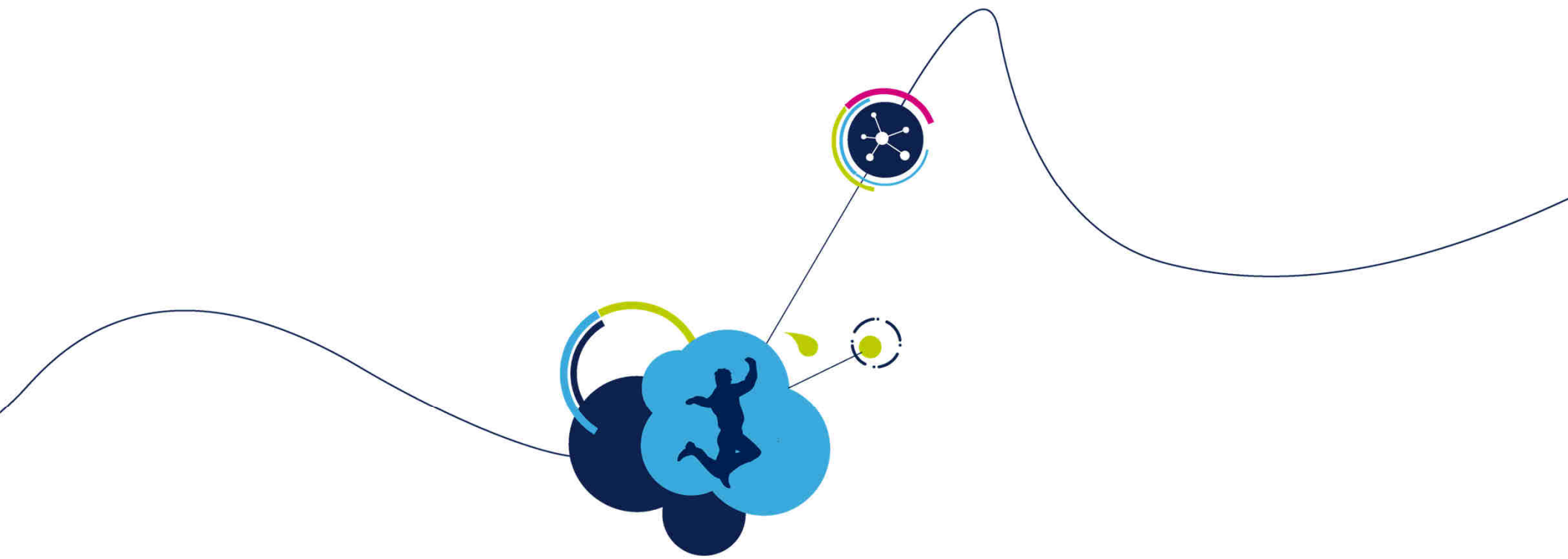
AlgoBuilder GUI walkthrough

Demo 1 - Reading Data From Sensors

Demo 2 - Impact Detection

Demo 3 – FFT Analysis

Appendix



Introduction

Who Is ST

- A global semiconductor leader
- 2017 revenues of **\$8.35B** with year-on-year growth of **19.7%**
- Listed: NYSE, Euronext Paris and Borsa Italiana, Milan

- Research & Development
- Main Sales & Marketing
- Front-End
- Back-End



- Approximately **45,500** employees worldwide
- Approximately **7,400** people working in R&D
- **11** manufacturing sites
- Over **80** sales & marketing offices

As of December 31, 2017

ST: Products & Ecosystem to Match IoT Market Trends

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Market Trends

Smart Things



Ultra-low power, Form Factor, Sensors Performance...

Smart Home



Wifi, BTLE, sub-GHz, Sensors, Audio, Touch, Graphics...

Smart City



LTE, Sub-GHz, Motion Sensors

Smart Industry



Longevity, Certification, motion sensors...

ST Offering

Broad Technology Offer



Ecosystem for application development



STM32 Nucleo development kits

STM32 Nucleo expansion boards for connectivity, sensing, actuating



Starter Kits and Form Factor Boards



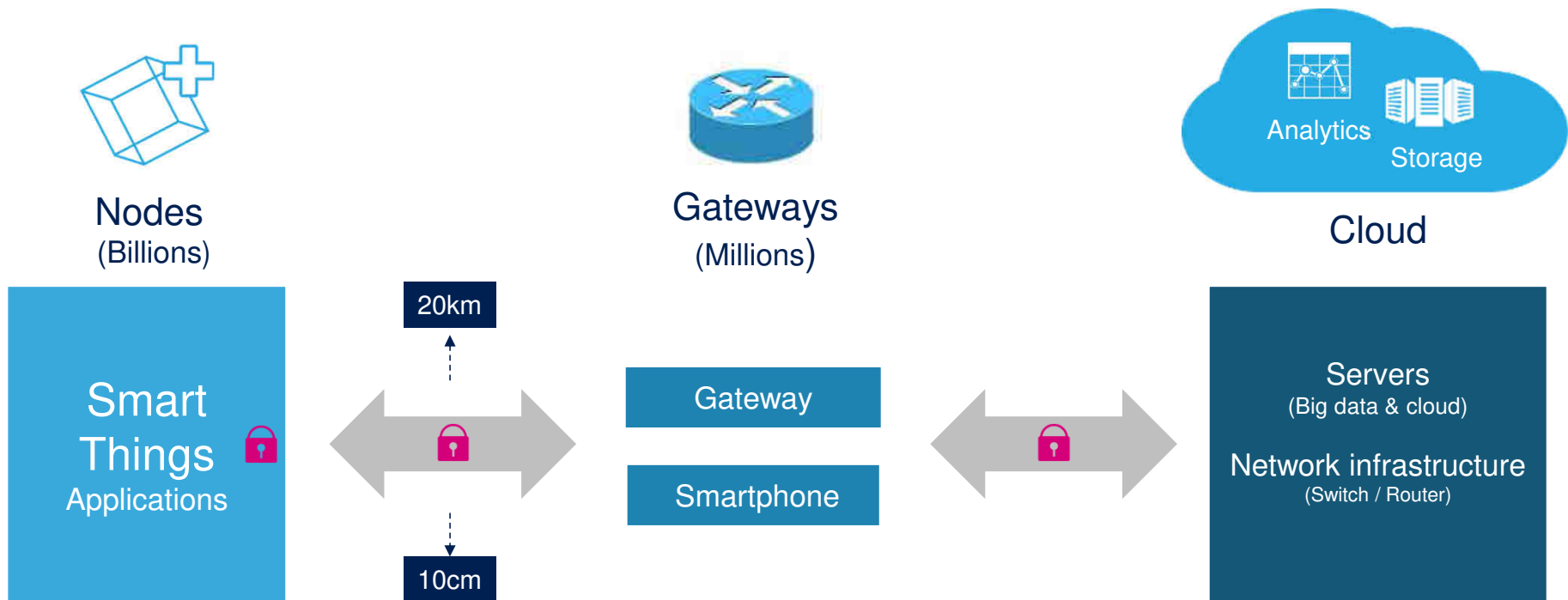
STM32 Open Development Environment



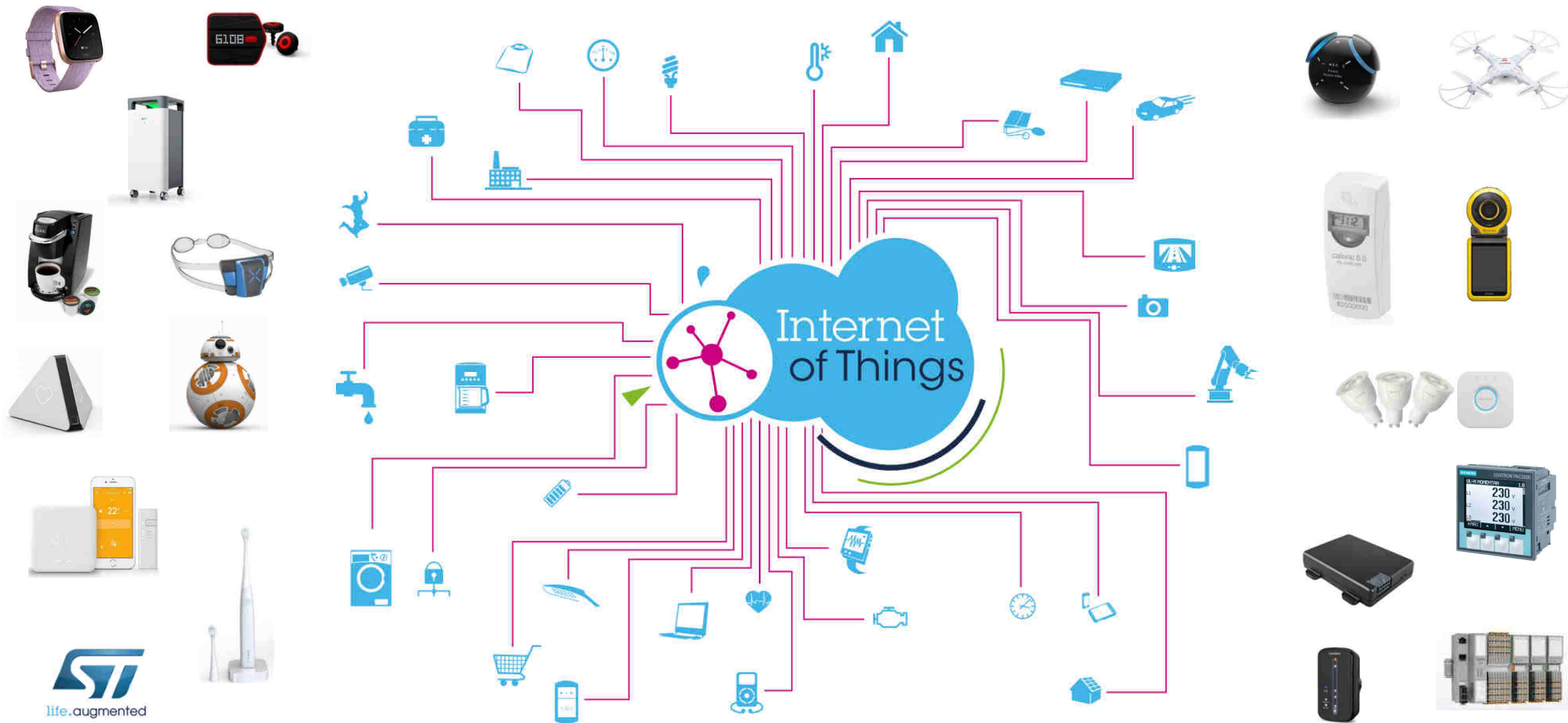
The IoT Trend

6

Any system able to leverage the Internet and its ecosystem



7





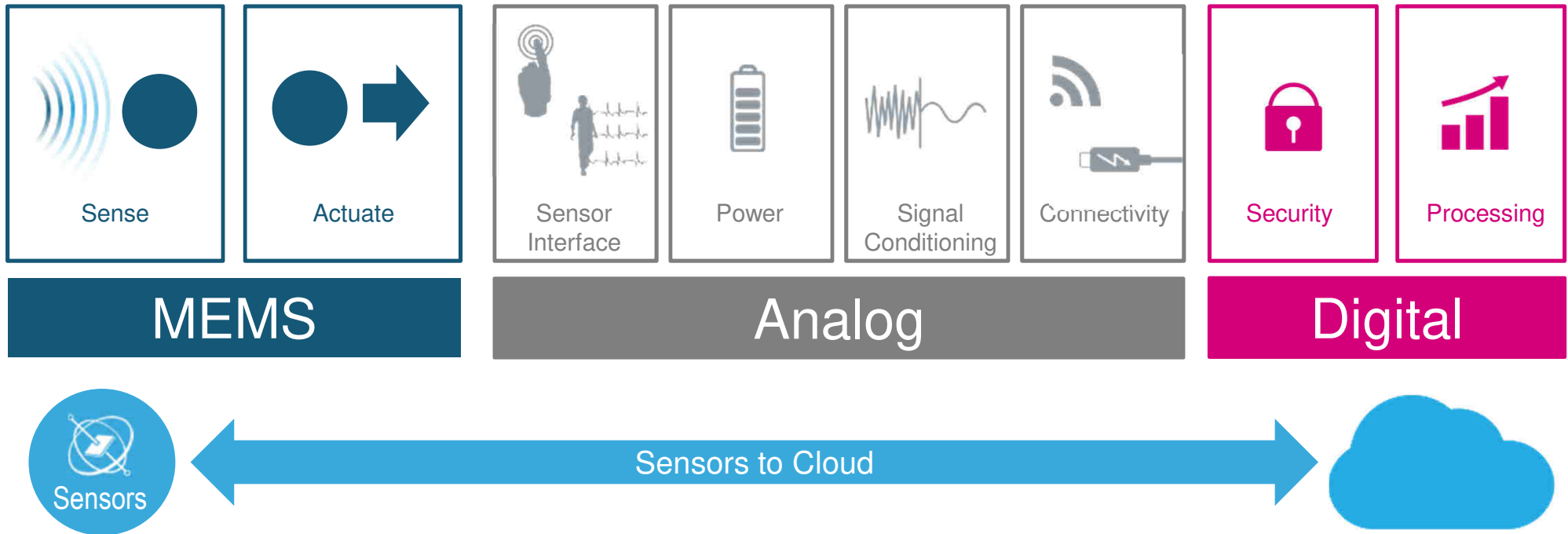
...but Their Needs are the Same

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	Sensing & Actuating	Processing & Security	Connectivity	Signal Conditioning & Protection	Power & Energy Management
 Smart Things					
 Smart Home	Full range of sensors and actuators	Ultra-Low Power to High Performance	10 cm to 10 km	Nano Amps to Kilo Amps	Nano Watt to Mega Watt
 Smart City		Scalable Security solutions			
 Smart Industry					

MEMS and Analog Empower the IoT

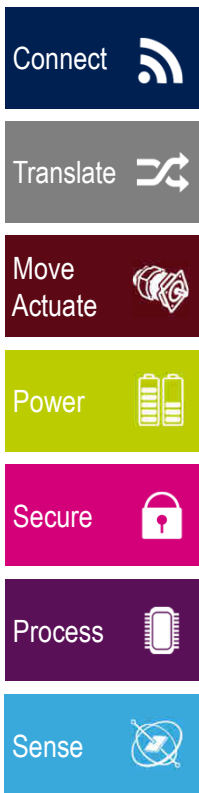
9



Today only a tiny portion of the sensory data that would be useful is captured, stored and analyzed
...and even smaller part of that is used to carry out actions through actuators

Supporting the IoT Movement

10




SensorTile


BlueCoin


SmarTAG


Discovery Kit IoT Node


STM32 Nucleo Development
& Expansion boards

Pre-integrated SW for vertical applications



Smart Things



Smart Home



Smart City



Smart Industry

Development Ecosystem



Code generators



Prototyping
software



Development
environments



Debug
solutions



Simulation
and analysis tools

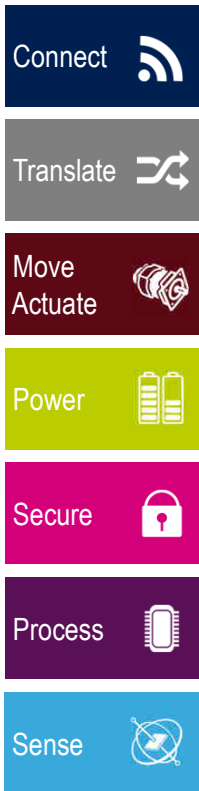


On-line
design tools



Supporting the IoT Movement

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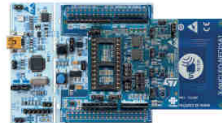



SensorTile


BlueCoin


SmarTAG


Discovery Kit IoT Node


STM32 Nucleo Development
& Expansion boards

Pre-integrated SW for vertical applications



Smart Things



Smart Home



Smart City



Smart Industry

Development Ecosystem



AlgoBuilder



ST as Sensors & Actuators Supplier

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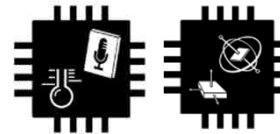


Market-proven Manufacturing Technologies

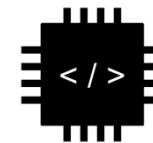
Front-End / Back-End/ Testing & Calibration



High Volume Manufacturing



Expertise in multi-sensor Integration



Leading Smart Functions Integration



Key Partnerships in product development

20 Years of MEMS at ST

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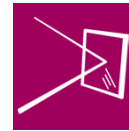
Accelerometer



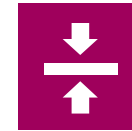
Inertial module



Pressure sensor



Micro-mirror actuators



Piezo actuators



Water Proof Pressure sensor



Fluidic Micro-actuators



Gyroscope



Magnetometer



Microphone



Humidity sensor



GAS & VOC

2000

2005

2010

2015

2017

2018



Smart Things



Smart Home & City



Smart Industry



Smart Driving



Advanced Industrial Sensors

10-Year Product Longevity



Industrial



Appliances



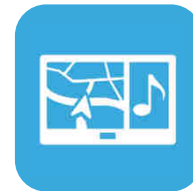
Building
automation



Medical



Defense



Navigation

ST Longevity Program Benefits

10-YEAR
LONGEVITY FROM
PRODUCT
INTRODUCTION
DATE

DESIGN AND
MANUFACTURING
FOR HIGHER
ROBUSTNESS &
PERFORMANCES

CALIBRATION &
TESTING FOR
HIGHER
ACCURACY &
QUALITY

EXTENDED
TEMPERATURE
RANGE AND
ENDURANCE TO
SHOCK AND
VIBRATION



STM32 portfolio positioning

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12 product series / More than 800 Parts



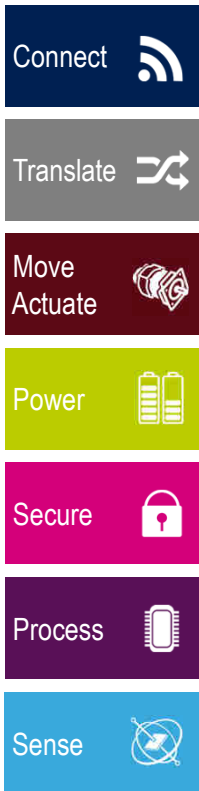
More than
40,000 customers



Note ● : Cortex-M0+ Radio Co-processor

Supporting the IoT Movement

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SensorTile

BlueCoin

SmarTAG

Discovery Kit IoT Node

STM32 Nucleo Development & Expansion boards

Pre-integrated SW for vertical applications



Smart Things



Smart Home



Smart City



Smart Industry

Development Ecosystem



Code generators



Prototyping software



Development environments



Debug solutions



Simulation and analysis tools



On-line design tools



HW Development Tools

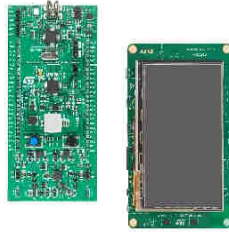
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Development Tools adapted to your needs



STM32 Nucleo

www.st.com/stm32nucleo



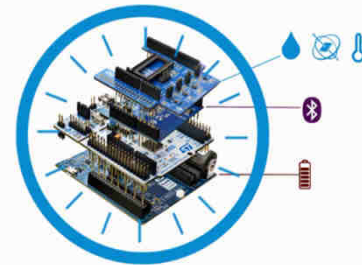
Discovery kits

www.st.com/stm32discovery



Evaluation boards

www.st.com/stm32evaltools



STM32 Nucleo expansion

www.st.com/x-nucleo



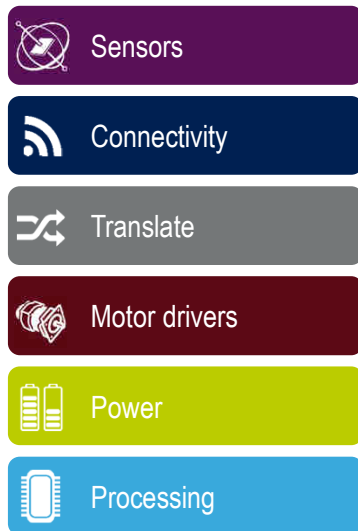
Third-party boards

From full evaluation to open hardware

An Application-Oriented Approach

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Your need

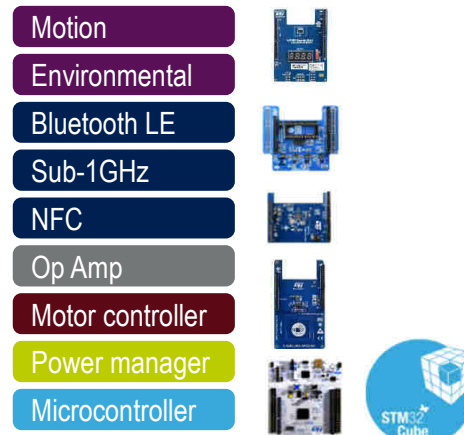


Application software
and development tools



The building blocks

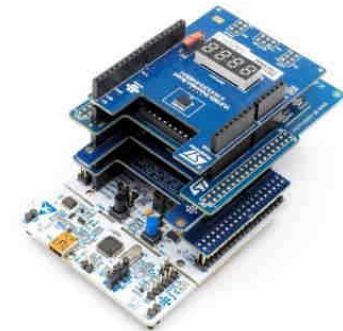
Processor boards (Nucleo 64)
Expansion boards (X-NUCLEO)



Integrated Development Environment
and middleware

Our answer

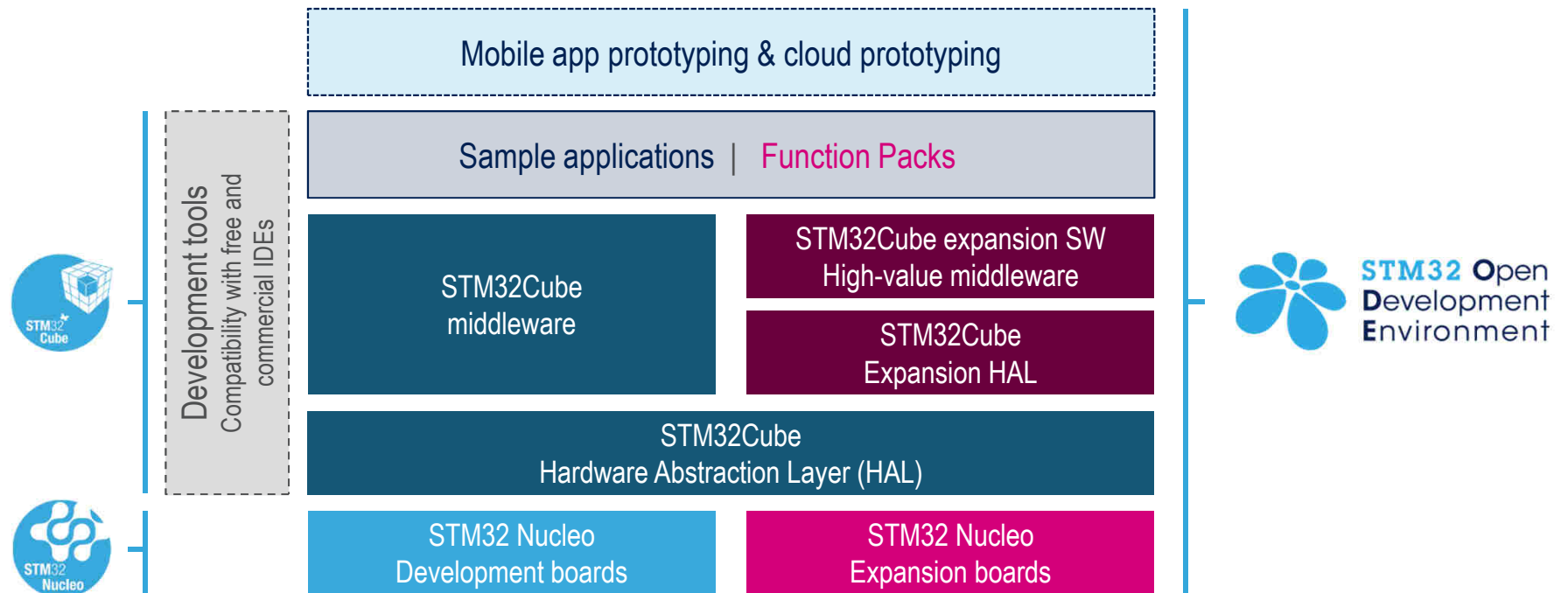
Function Packs (FP)



Ready-to-use
application-oriented package

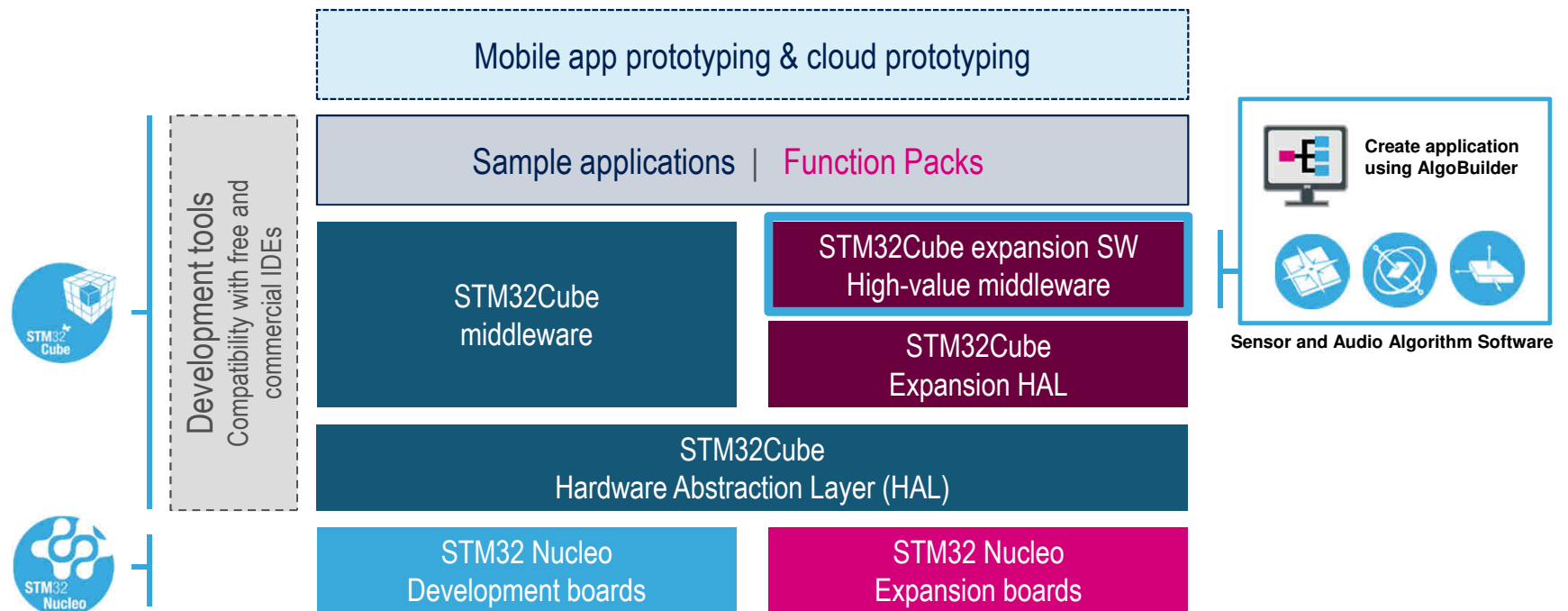
Development Software Architecture

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Development Software Architecture

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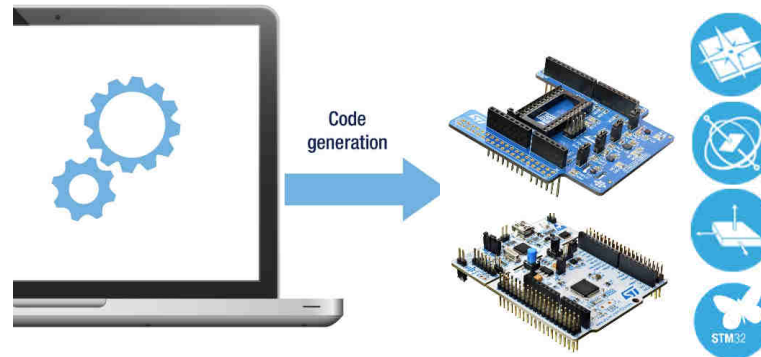


AlgoBuilder

An application for the graphical design and testing of algorithms



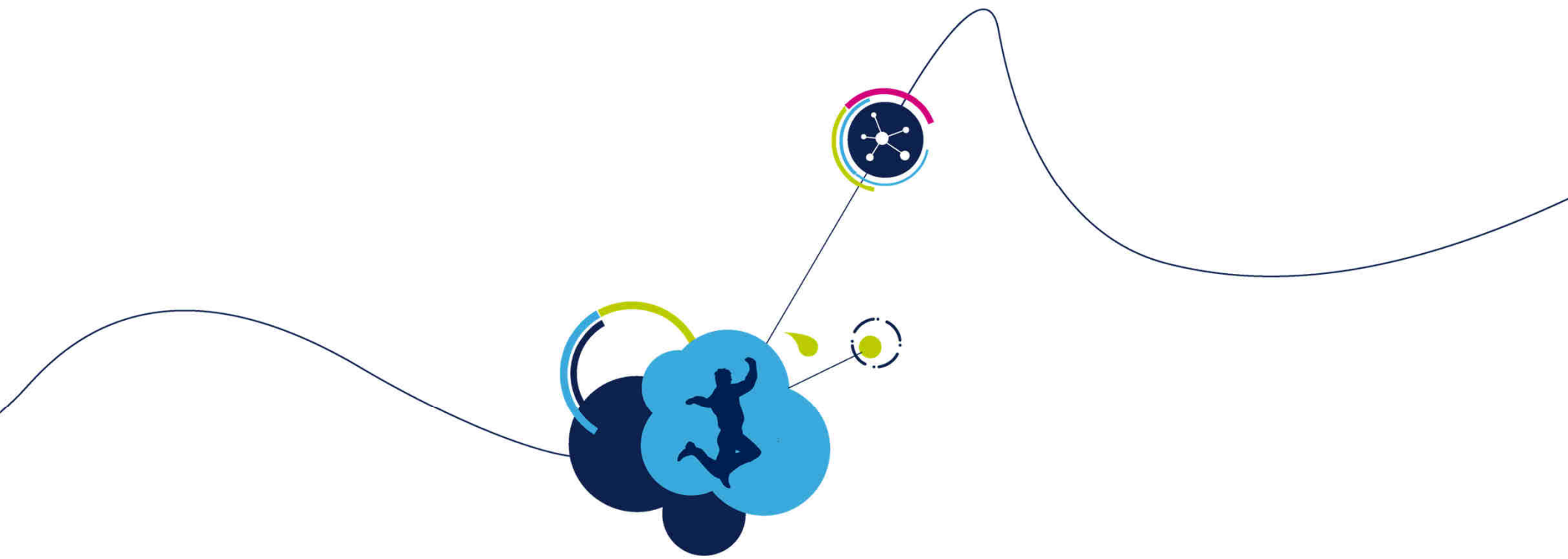
Existing algorithms
User-defined data processing
blocks
Additional functionalities



GUI quickly elaborates proto applications
for
MEMS sensors
and
STM32 microcontrollers



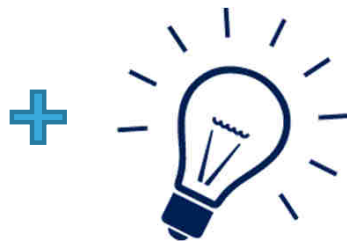
AlgoBuilder
eases the process of
implementing
proof of concept
without writing the code



AlgoBuilder Overview



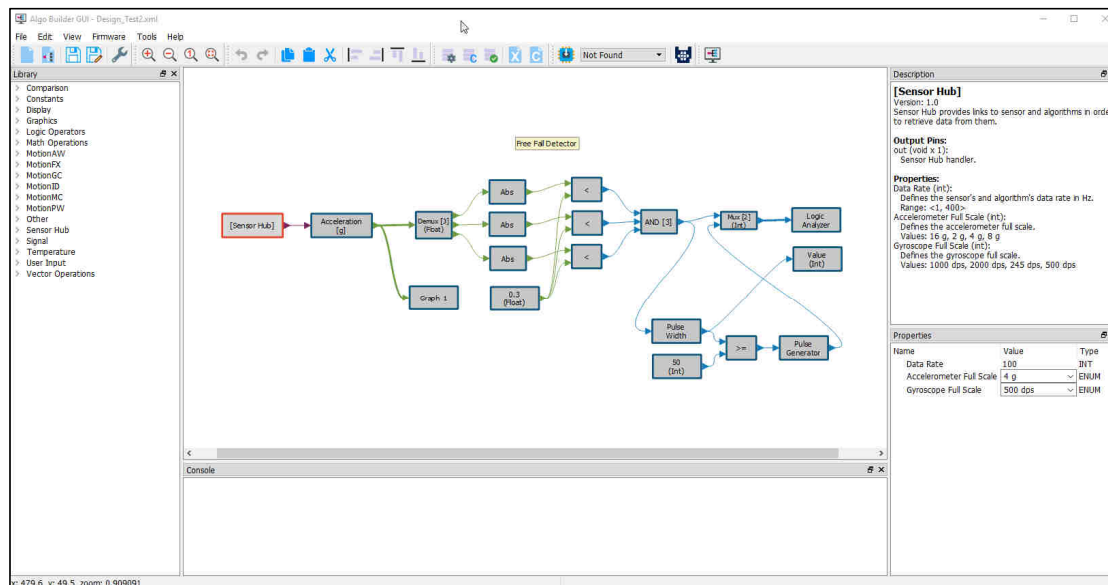
DEVELOPMENT BOARD



IDEA

AlgoBuilder Overview

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GRAPHIC DESIGN



RESULT

AlgoBuilder

Overview

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AlgoBuilder is an application for the graphical design of algorithms.

The main objectives of this application are:

- **Quick prototyping** of applications for STM32 microcontrollers and MEMS sensors which include already existing algorithms (i.e. sensor fusion or pedometer), user-defined data processing blocks and additional functionalities.
- Ease the process of implementing **proof of concept** using graphical interface without writing the code.
- **Visualize the data** on Unicleo-GUI in real time using plot and display.

• **The main feature of this application:**

- Simple graphical design (drag and drop, connect, set properties)
- A wide range of function blocks are available in libraries including motion sensor algorithms.
- Customize function blocks. Open XML for function blocks and design storage.
- C code generated from the graphical design.
- Support for various compilers: SW4STM32 (GCC), IAR EWARM, Keil uVision.
- Outputs from generated firmware can be displayed in Unicleo-GUI application.

AlgoBuilder

Version 1.5

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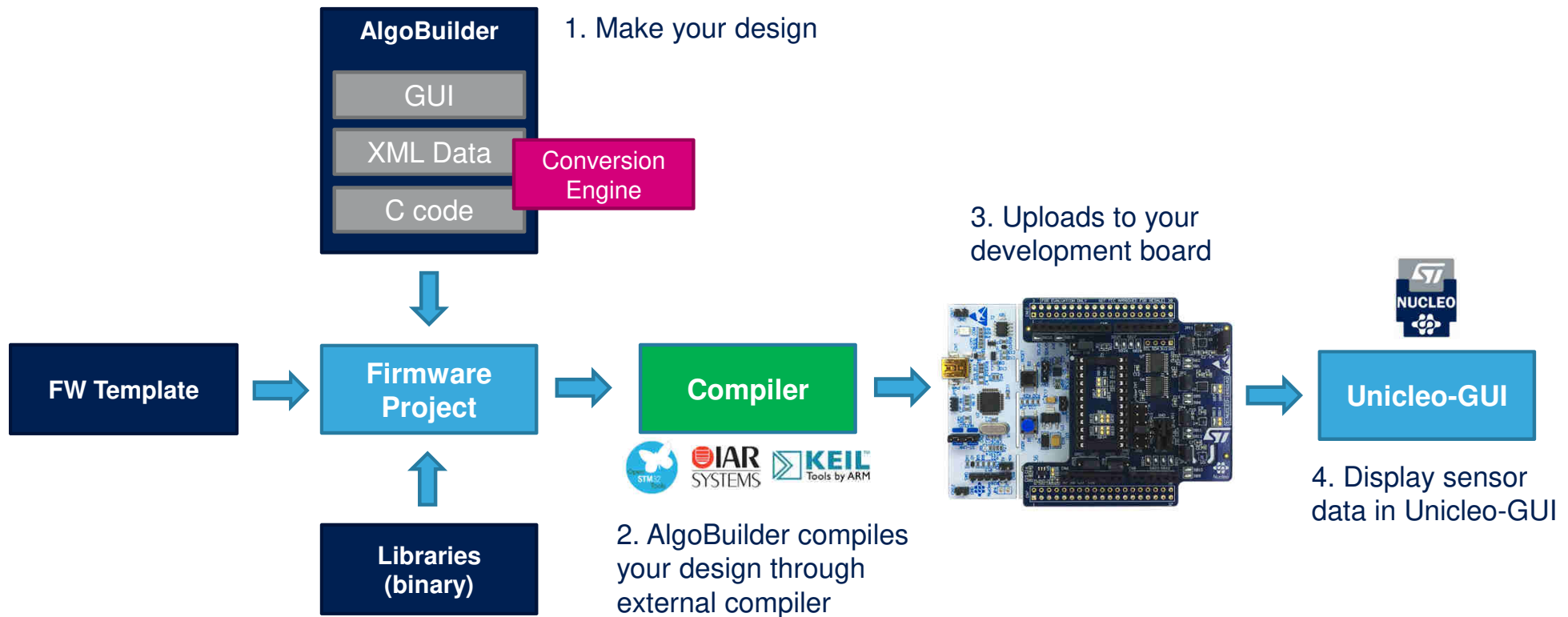
The new features in version 1.5:

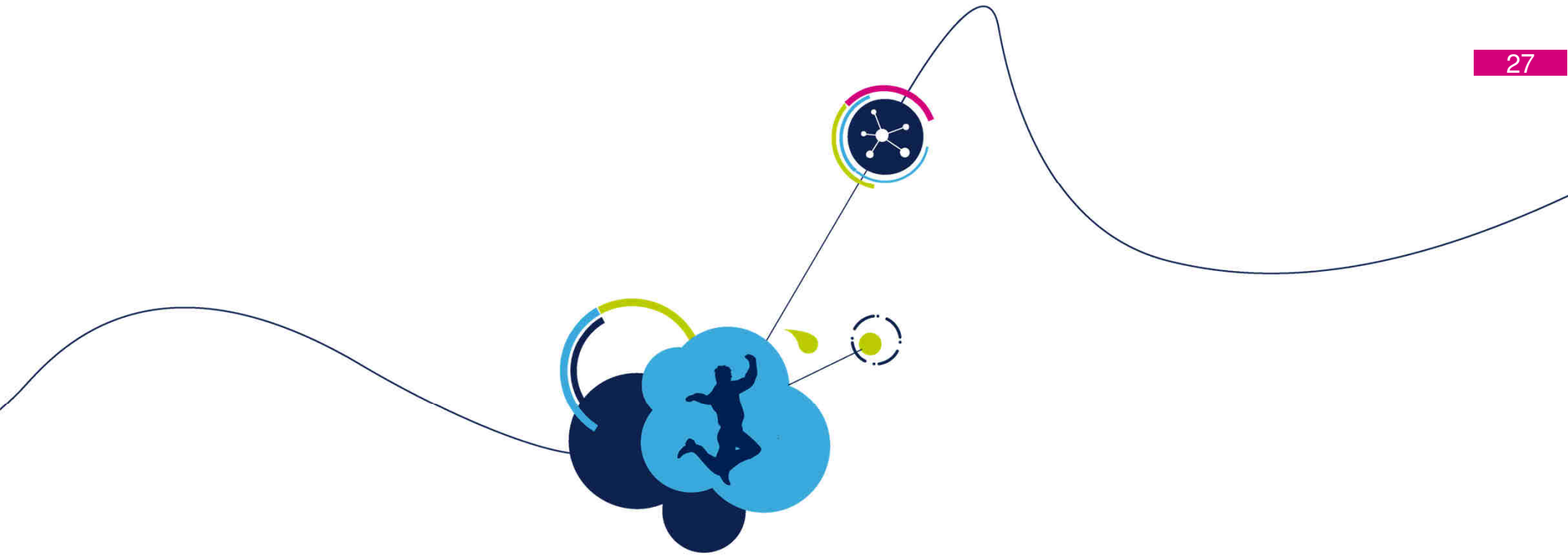
- Unlimited number of display charts and inputs values
- New displays (Bar, Scatter, 3D plot, Tea pot, Histogram)
- Search box in library dock
- Hide unused items in properties dock
- Node names based on function block output name
- Function block version control and automatic conversion to the newest version
- Function block creator (GUI)
- More function blocks
- Support for SensorTile (STEVAL-STLKT01V1)
- Update based on the feedback from version v 1.0

AlgoBuilder

Principle

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Environment Setup

Prerequisites: Software

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- AlgoBuilder: Application for the graphical design of algorithms

- Unicleo-GUI

The Unicleo-GUI is used to display outputs from the running FW generated by the AlgoBuilder

- STM32 ST-LINK utility
- STM32 Virtual COM Port Driver

- AlgoBuilder uses external compiler to build the FW.

It is mandatory to have available at least one of the IDE if you want to compile a project.

- Supported IDEs



- System Workbench for STM32 v1.13.1 or newer



- IAR EWARM 7.80.4 or newer



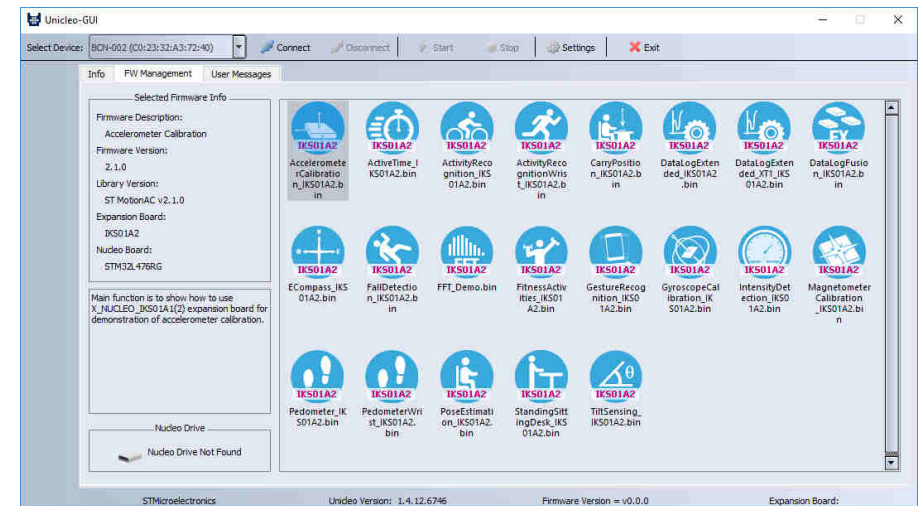
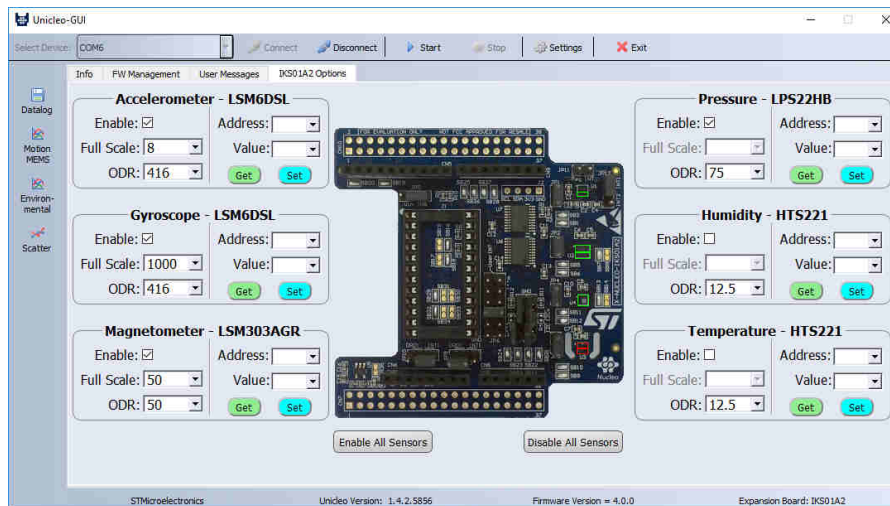
- Keil uVision 5.22 or newer

Unicleo-GUI X-CUBE-MEMS1

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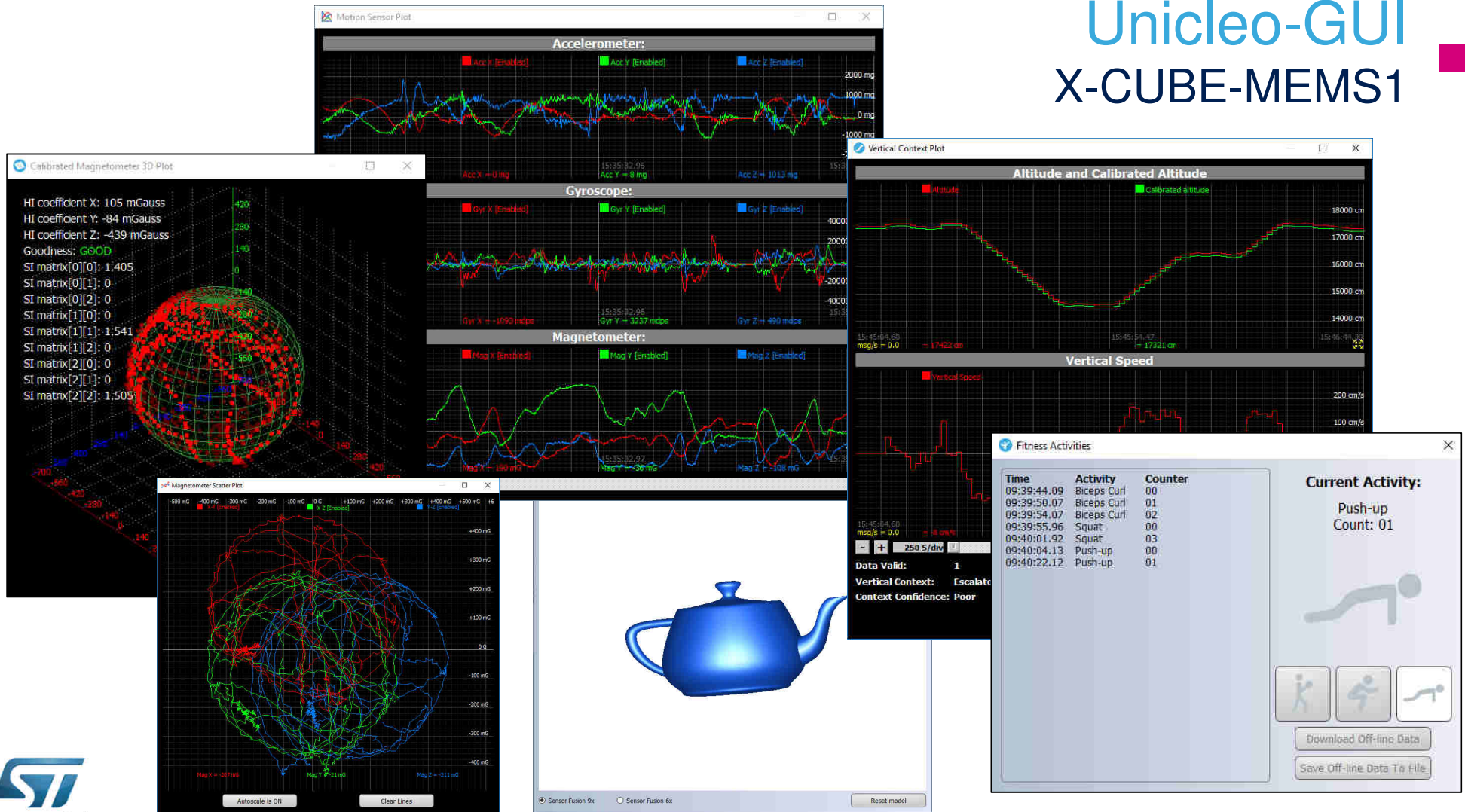
Key features:

- Display output data from connected sensors in various views (X-NUCLEO-IKS01A1, X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2)
- Display outputs from algorithms
- Save data to comma separated (CSV) or tab separated (TSV) files
- Configure sensor output data rate and full scale
- Direct read from and writes to sensor registers
- Program NUCLEO board with selected FW



Unicleo-GUI X-CUBE-MEMS1

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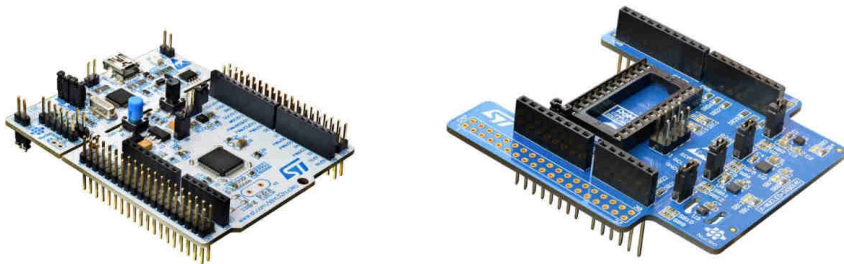


Prerequisites: Hardware

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Nucleo Development & Expansion Boards

- NUCLEO-F401RE or NUCLEO-L476RG
- X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2: Motion MEMS and environmental sensor expansion board for STM32 Nucleo



Sensor Tile

- The development kit simplifies prototyping, evaluation and development of innovative solutions.



Motion MEMS and environmental sensor expansion board

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X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2 Hardware Description

- The X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2 is a motion MEMS and environmental sensor evaluation board system.
- It is compatible with the Arduino UNO R3 connector layout, and is designed around ST's latest sensors.

Key Product on board

LSM6DSL

MEMS 3D accelerometer ($\pm 2/\pm 4/\pm 8/\pm 16$ g) + 3D gyroscope ($\pm 125/\pm 245/\pm 500/\pm 1000/\pm 2000$ dps)

LSM303AGR

MEMS 3D magnetometer (± 50 gauss) + MEMS 3D accelerometer ($\pm 2/\pm 4/\pm 8/\pm 16$ g)

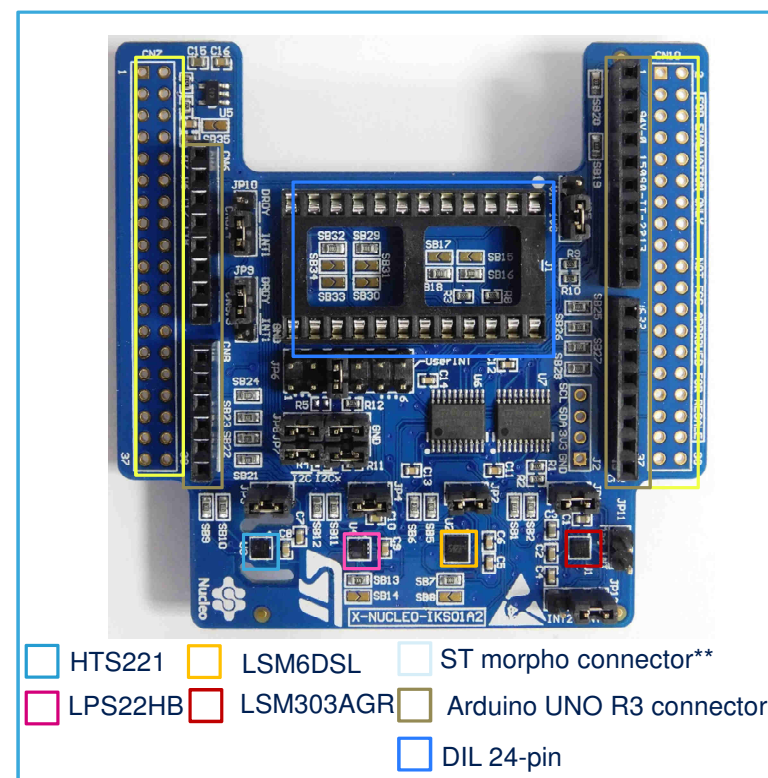
LPS22HB

MEMS pressure sensor, 260-1260 hPa absolute digital output barometer

HTS221

Capacitive digital relative humidity and temperature **DIL 24-pin**

Socket available for additional MEMS adapters and other sensors (UV index)



Latest info available at www.st.com
X-NUCLEO-IKS01A2

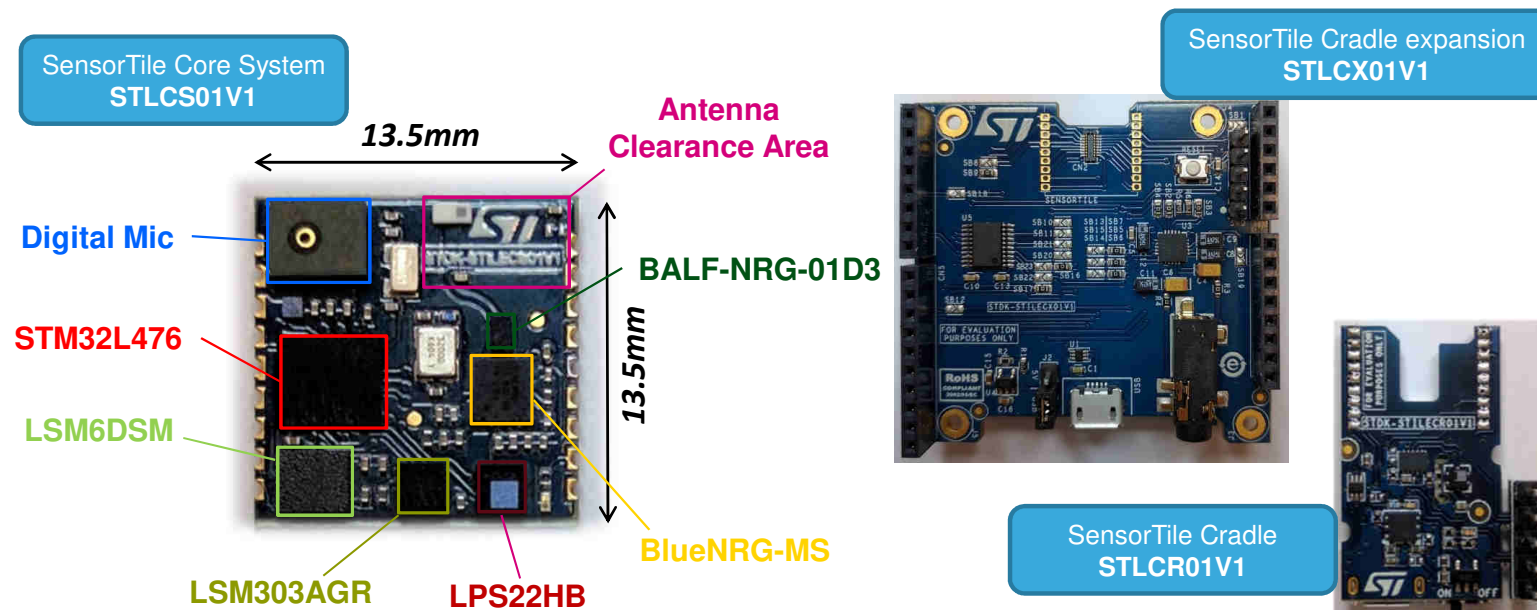
** Connector for the STM32 Nucleo Board

SensorTile Platform

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STEVAL-STLKT01V1 Hardware Description

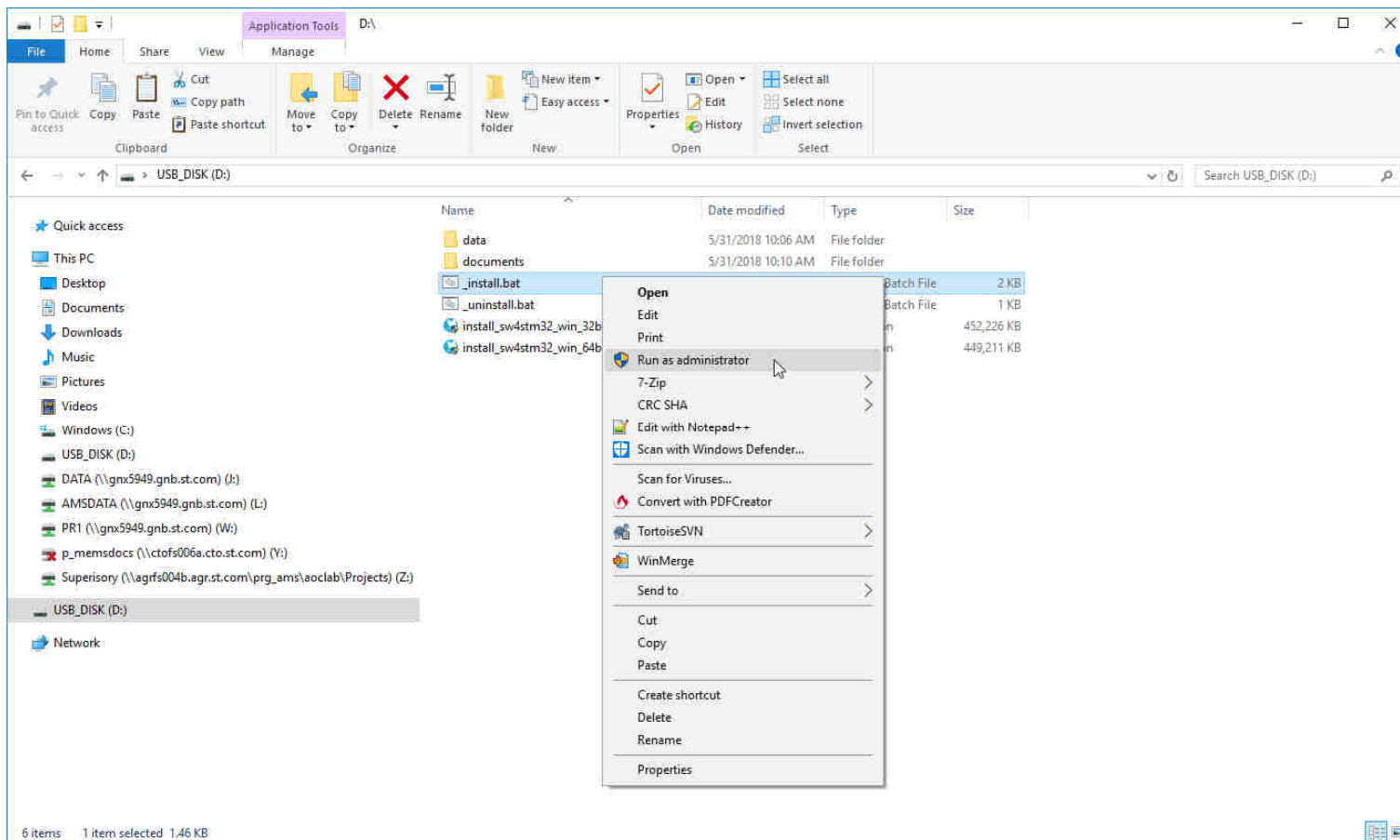
- STEVAL-STLKT01V1 is the development kit for the SensorTile board (STLCS01V1), a highly Integrated Development Platform with a broad range of functionalities aiming to improve system design cycle and accelerate delivery of results



AlgoBuilder Installation

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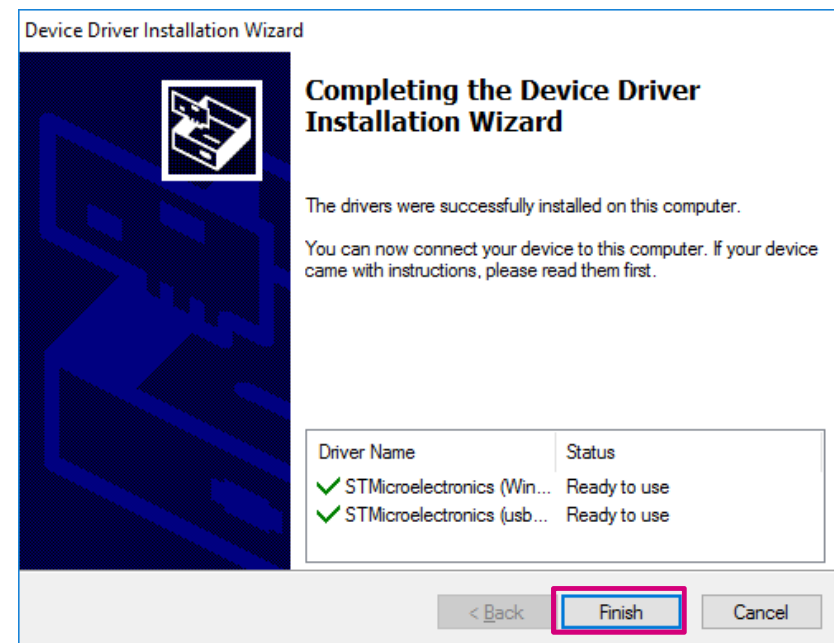
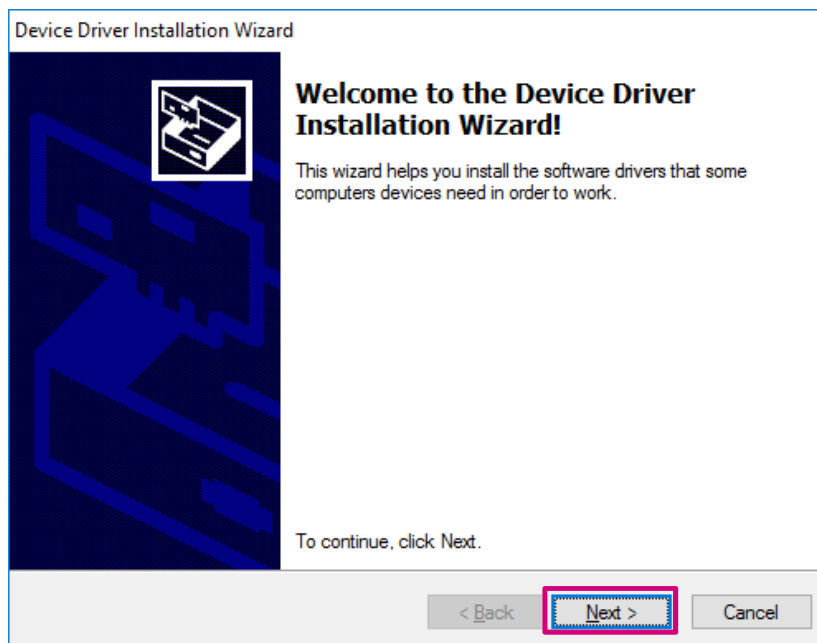
1. Run `_install.bat` as administrator.



AlgoBuilder Installation

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2. Confirm Device Drivers installation.

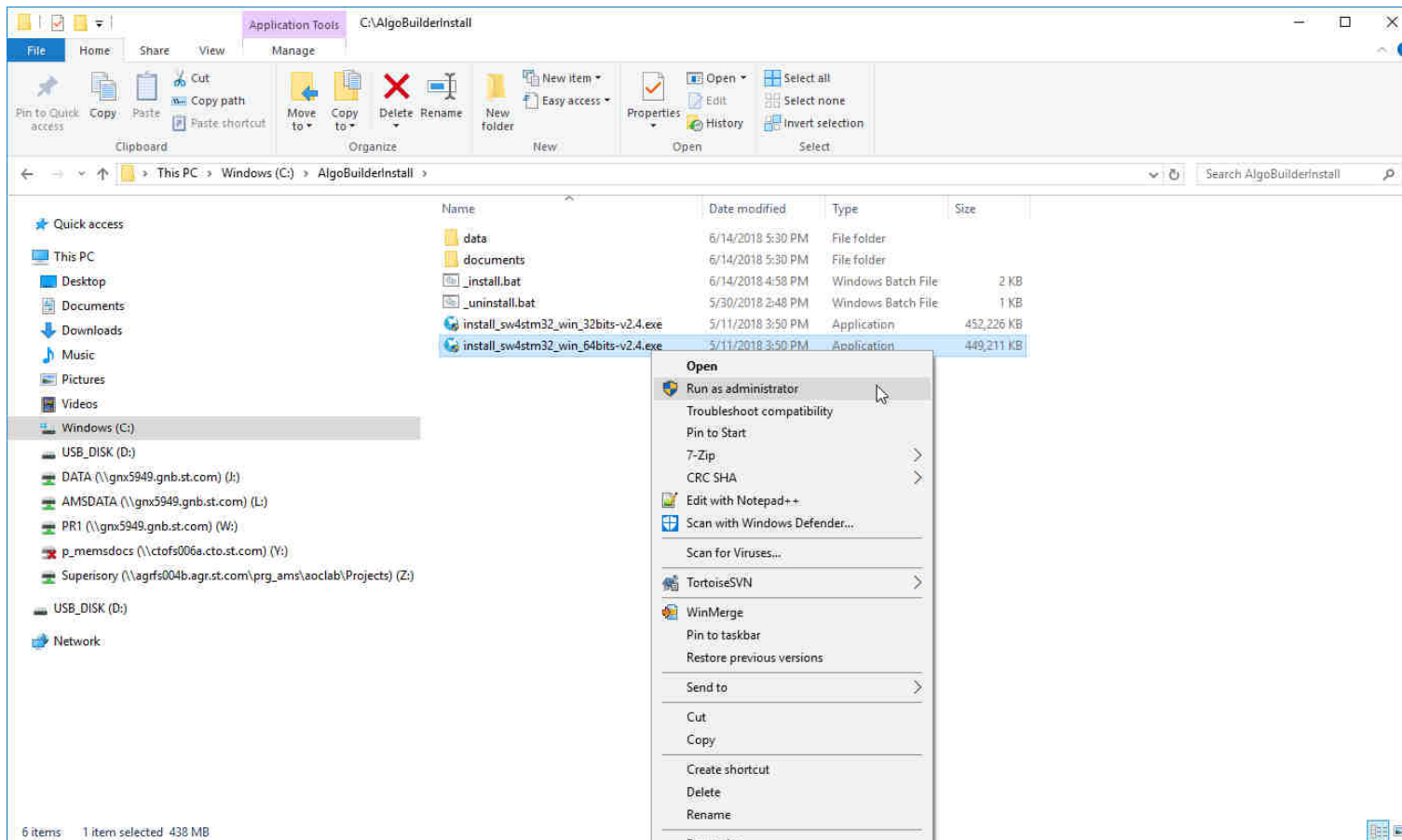


This will install ST-Link and Virtual Com Port Drivers.

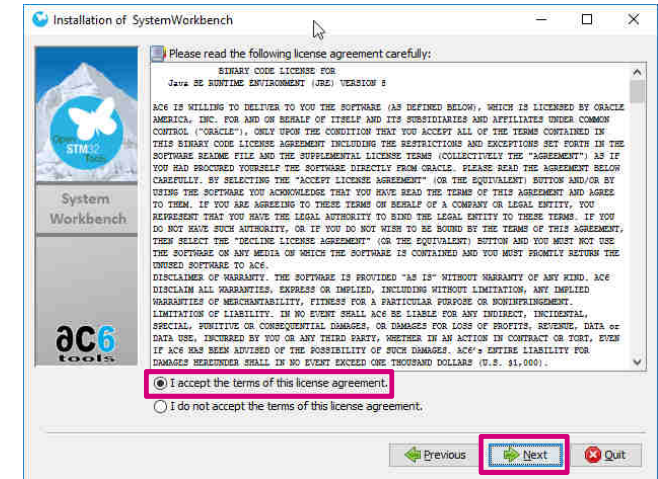
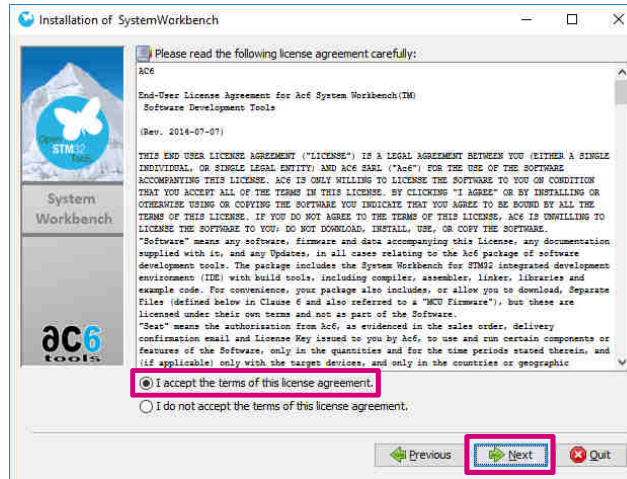
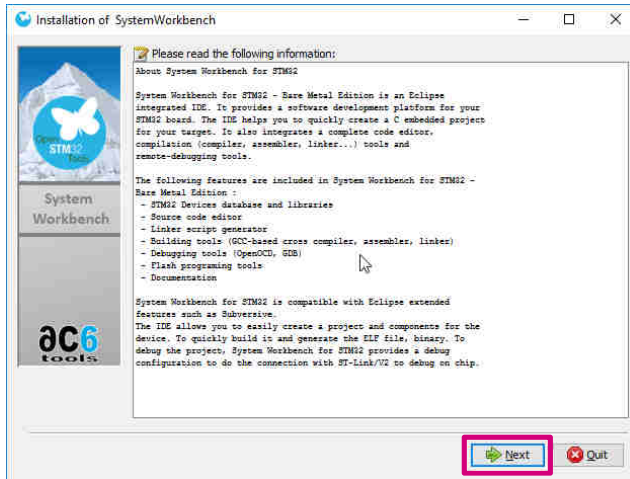
AlgoBuilder Installation

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3. Remove USB and open C:/AlgoBuilderInstall/ folder.
Run **install_sw4stm32_win_64bits-v2.4.exe** as administrator.

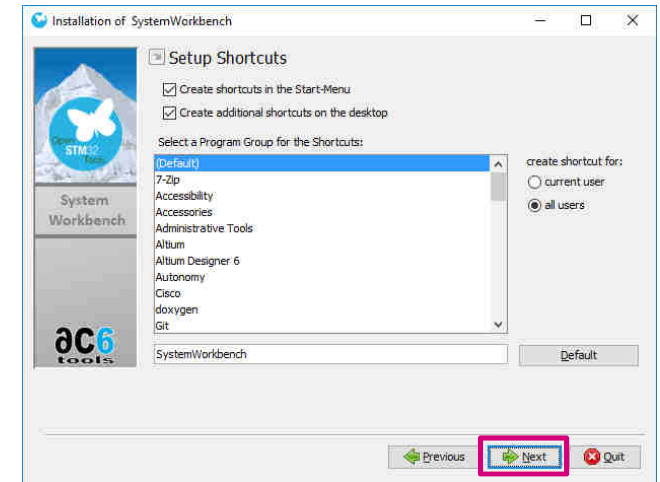
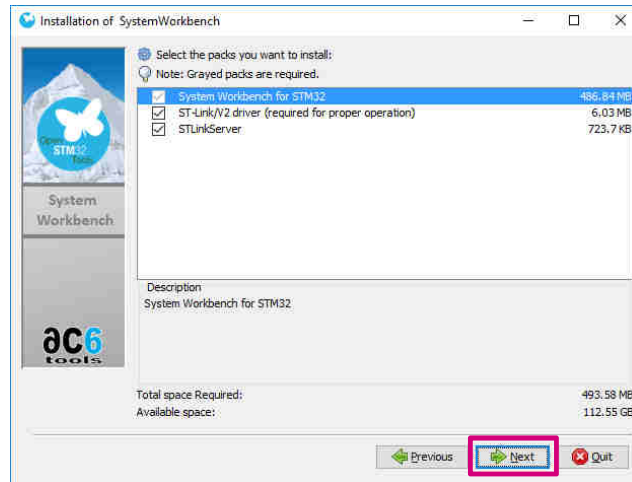
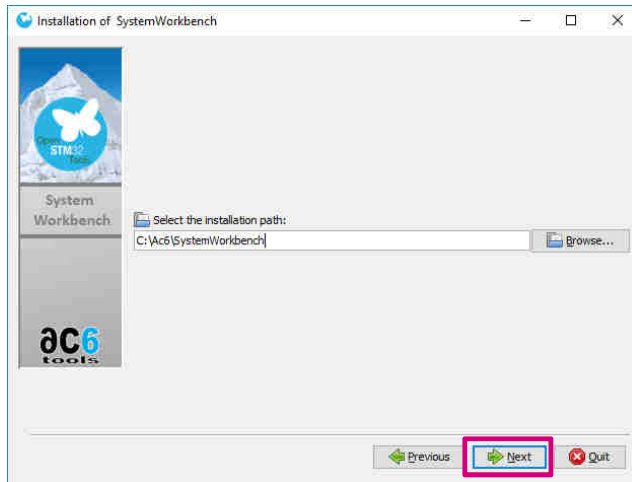


4. Execute the `install_sw4stm32_win_64bits-v2.4.exe` as administrator and confirm default settings.



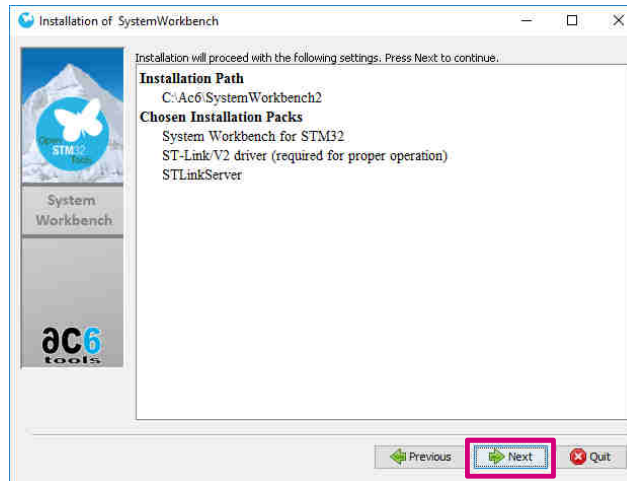
AlgoBuilder Installation

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AlgoBuilder Installation

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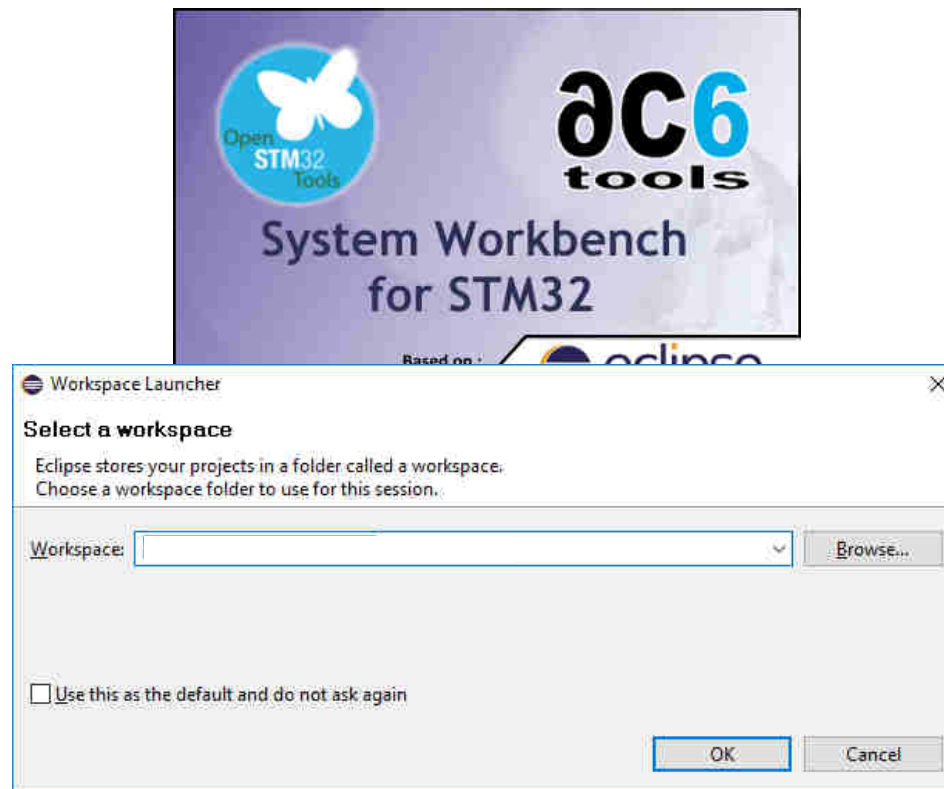


AlgoBuilder

Installation

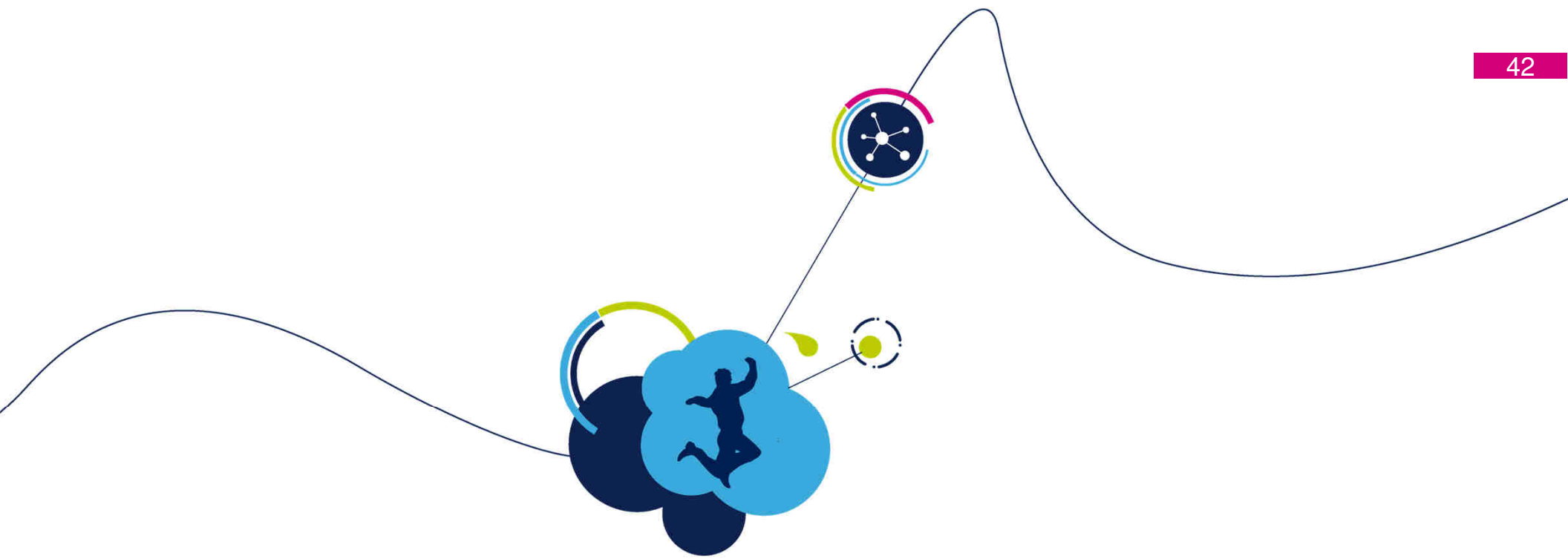
40

5. Execute SW4STM32, set the Workspace directory to the default options, then close the application.



6. Check that following applications were installed on your PC:

- ✓ **AlgoBuilder v2.0.0**
- ✓ **Unicleo-GUI v1.5.0**
- ✓ **STM32 ST-LINK Utility**
- ✓ **System Workbench for STM32 (AC6)**



AlgoBuilder GUI walkthrough

Algo Builder GUI - MyExample_1.xml

Menu & Toolbar

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

Workspace

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [g]]
    Acc --> G1[Graph 1]
    
```

Block Description

[Sensor Hub]
Version: 1.0
Sensor Hub provides links to sensor and algorithms in order to retrieve data from them.

Output Pins:
out (void x 1):
Sensor Hub handler.

Properties:
Data Rate (int):
Defines the sensor's and algorithm's data rate in Hz.
Range: <1, 400>
Accelerometer Full Scale (int):
Defines the accelerometer full scale.
Values: 2 g, 4 g, 8 g, 16 g
Gyroscope Full Scale (int):
Defines the gyroscope full scale.
Values: 245 dps, 500 dps, 1000 dps, 2000 dps

Block Properties

Name	Value	Type
Data Rate	100	INT
Accelerometer Full...	4 g	ENUM
Gyroscope Full Scale	500 dps	ENUM

Console
(Errors, Warnings, Other information)

x: 649 y: 89 zoom: 1

Display:

Several options can be used to display output data.

AlgoBuilder

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Name	Value	Type
Number of Curves	4	INT
Graph Name	Arbitrary Float ...	STRING
Waveform 1 Name	Float 1	STRING
Waveform 2 Name	Float 2	STRING
Waveform 3 Name	Float 3	STRING
Waveform 4 Name	Float 4	STRING
Waveform 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Waveform 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit Name	STRING	STRING

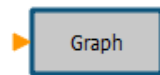
Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	4	INT
Value 1 Name	Float 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Float 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Float 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Float 4	STRING
Value 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 7 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 8 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 1 Name	Unit 1	STRING
Unit 2 Name	Unit 2	STRING
Unit 3 Name	Unit 3	STRING
Unit 4 Name	Unit 4	STRING
Unit 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 7 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 8 Name	STRING	STRING



Name	Value	Type
Number of Channels	4	INT
Channel 1 Name	Sw 1	STRING
Channel 2 Name	Sw 2	STRING
Channel 3 Name	Sw 3	STRING
Channel 4 Name	Sw 4	STRING
Channel 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Channel 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Channel 7 Name	STRING	STRING
Channel 8 Name	STRING	STRING

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	4	INT
Value 1 Name	Int 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Int 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Int 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Int 4	STRING
Value 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 7 Name	STRING	STRING
Value 8 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 1 Name	Unit 1	STRING
Unit 2 Name	Unit 2	STRING
Unit 3 Name	Unit 3	STRING
Unit 4 Name	Unit 4	STRING
Unit 5 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 6 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 7 Name	STRING	STRING
Unit 8 Name	STRING	STRING

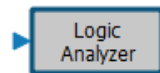
Graph - Displays data as a time graph



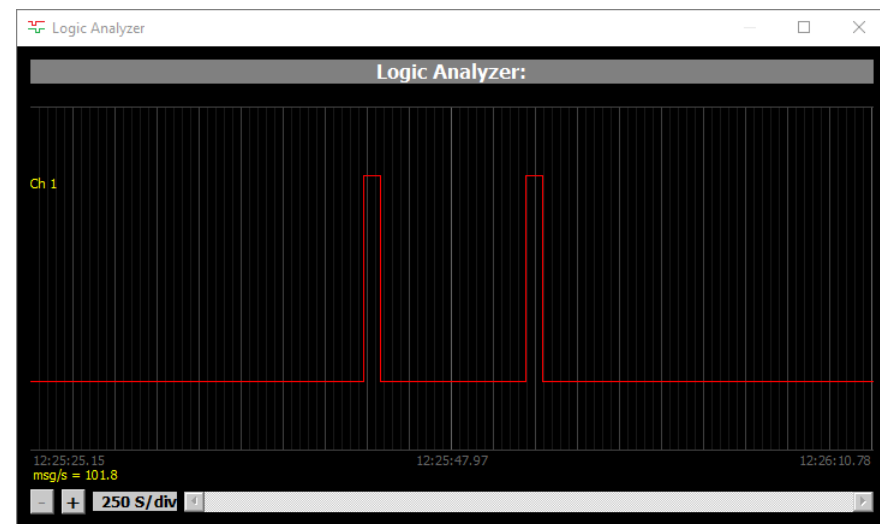
Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Number of Curves	6	INT
Graph Name	Graph	STRING
Waveform 1 Name	Waveform 1	STRING
Waveform 2 Name	Waveform 2	STRING
Waveform 3 Name	Waveform 3	STRING
Waveform 4 Name	Waveform 4	STRING
Waveform 5 Name	Waveform 5	STRING
Waveform 6 Name	Waveform 6	STRING
Unit Name		STRING
Zero axis position	Middle	ENUM
Auto-scale	OFF	ENUM
Full Scale	1	STRING



Logic Analyzer - Displays logic signals which can have values only 0 or 1



Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Number of Channels	8	INT
Logic Analyzer Name	Logic##Analyzer	STRING
Channel 1 Name	Ch 1	STRING
Channel 2 Name	Ch 2	STRING
Channel 3 Name	Ch 3	STRING
Channel 4 Name	Ch 4	STRING
Channel 5 Name	Ch 5	STRING
Channel 6 Name	Ch 6	STRING
Channel 7 Name	Ch 7	STRING
Channel 8 Name	Ch 8	STRING



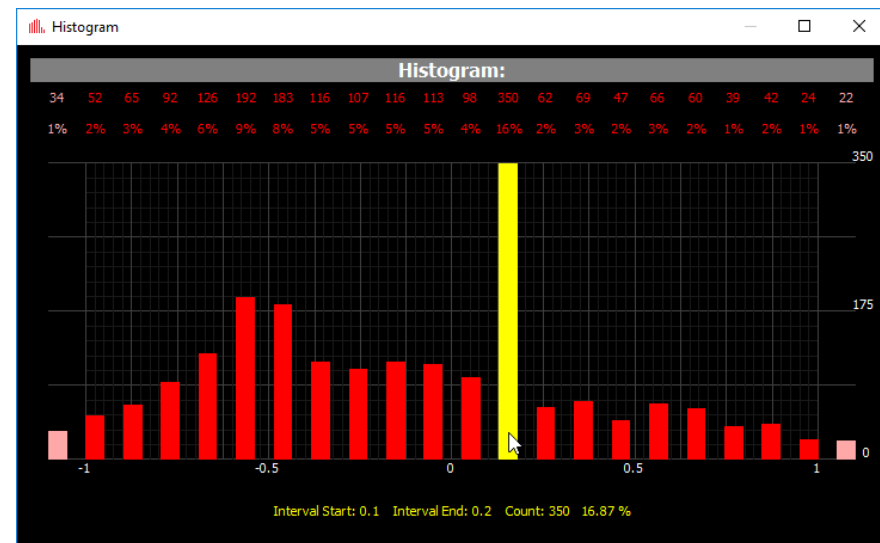
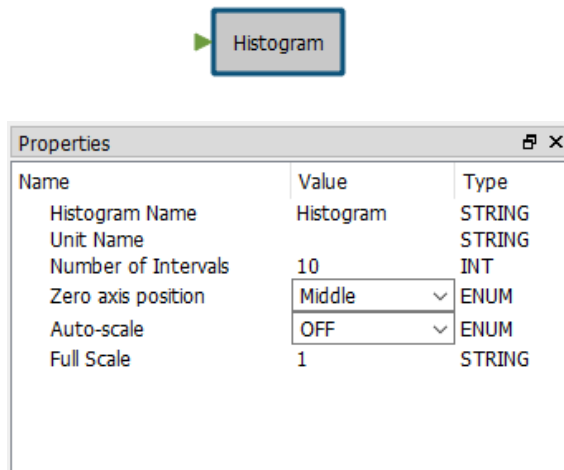
Bar Graph - Displays actual value as bar

BarGraph

Name	Value	Type
Number of Bars	6	INT
BarGraph Name	BarGraph	STRING
Bar 1 Name	Bar 1	STRING
Bar 2 Name	Bar 2	STRING
Bar 3 Name	Bar 3	STRING
Bar 4 Name	Bar 4	STRING
Bar 5 Name	Bar 5	STRING
Bar 6 Name	Bar 6	STRING
Unit Name		STRING
Zero axis position	Middle	ENUM
Auto-scale	OFF	ENUM
Full Scale	1	STRING



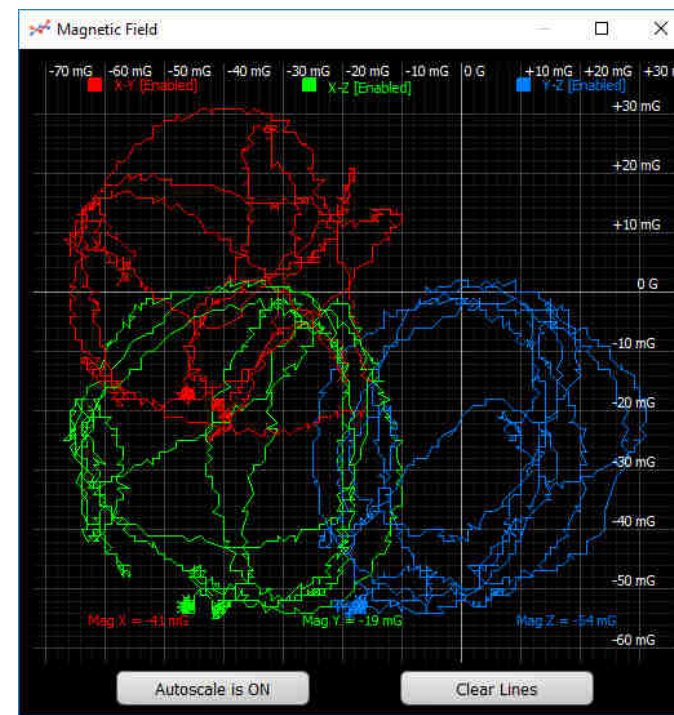
Histogram - Displays values distribution



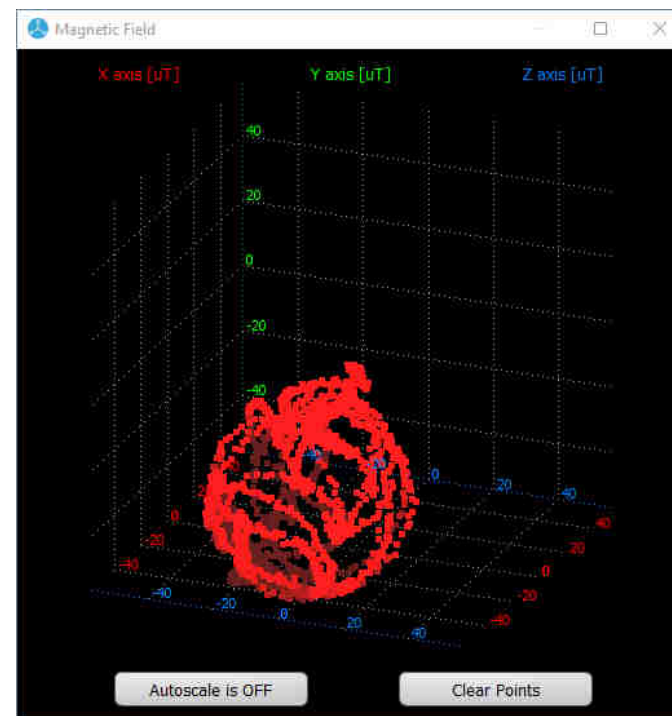
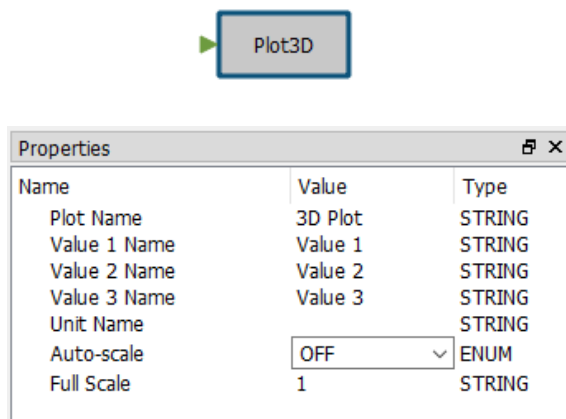
Scatter - Displays X,Y,Z data in 2D X-Y, X-Z, Y-Z chart

Scatter

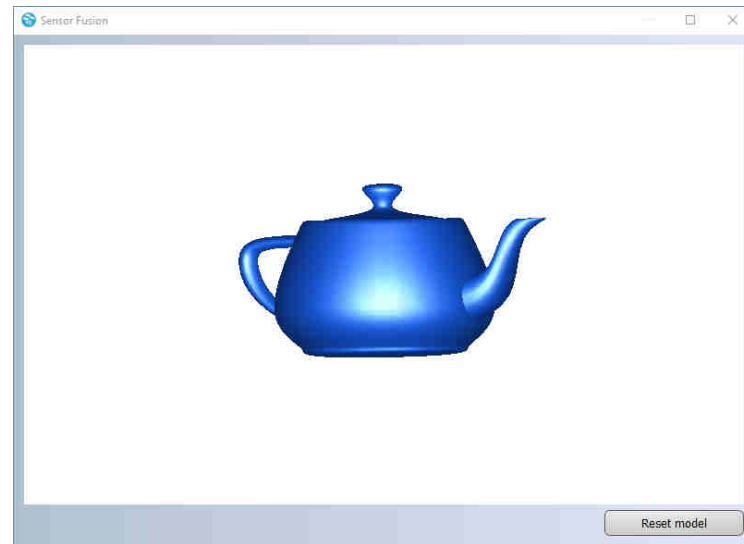
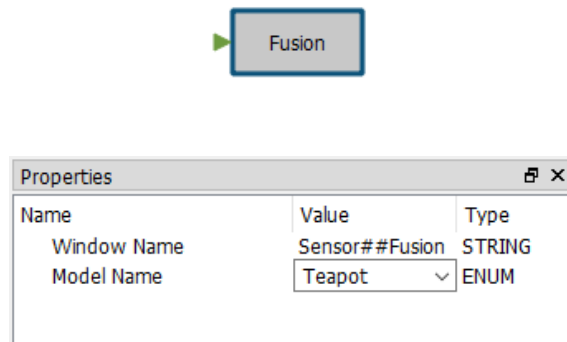
Name	Value	Type
Size of Input	3	INT
Scatter Name	Scatter	STRING
Value 1 Name	Value 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Unit Name		STRING
Auto-scale	OFF	ENUM
Full Scale	1	STRING



3D Plot - Displays X,Y,Z data in 3D chart



Fusion - Displays quaternion data as teapot 3D model.



Value - Displays the exact float or integer value



Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	8	INT
Window Name	Values	STRING
Value 1 Name	Value 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Value 4	STRING
Value 5 Name	Value 5	STRING
Value 6 Name	Value 6	STRING
Value 7 Name	Value 7	STRING
Value 8 Name	Value 8	STRING
Unit 1 Name	Unit 1	STRING
Unit 2 Name	Unit 2	STRING
Unit 3 Name	Unit 3	STRING
Unit 4 Name	Unit 4	STRING
Unit 5 Name	Unit 5	STRING
Unit 6 Name	Unit 6	STRING
Unit 7 Name	Unit 7	STRING
Unit 8 Name	Unit 8	STRING

Acceleration	
X axis	0.007000 [g]
Y axis	0.000000 [g]
Z axis	1.020000 [g]

User Input:

Three types of data can be sent from Unicleo-GUI to running firmware: Binary, Integer and Float. Input blocks can be used in the design to allow user interaction with the running firmware.

Input Value
(Int)

Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Window Name	Integer Values	STRING
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	0	INT
Default Value 2	0	INT
Default Value 3	0	INT
Default Value 4	0	INT
Value 1 Name	Value 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Value 4	STRING

Input Value
(Float)

Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Window Name	Float Values	STRING
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	0	FLOAT
Default Value 2	0	FLOAT
Default Value 3	0	FLOAT
Default Value 4	0	FLOAT
Value 1 Name	Value 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Value 4	STRING

Input Value
(Binary)

Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Window Name	Binary Values	STRING
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	0	INT
Default Value 2	0	INT
Default Value 3	0	INT
Default Value 4	0	INT
Value 1 Name	Value 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Value 4	STRING

Integer Values

Value 1	0
Value 2	0
Value 3	0
Value 4	0

Float Values

Value 1	0
Value 2	0
Value 3	0
Value 4	0

Binary Values

Value 1	0
Value 2	0
Value 3	0
Value 4	0

User Input:

Input blocks can be used in the design to allow user interaction with the running firmware.

The screenshot displays the Unicleo-GUI application window. The main interface features a central area with a blue outline and the text "Unicleo-GUI". To the left, there are four green buttons labeled "Switch 1", "Switch 2", "Switch 3", and "Switch 4". To the right, there are four input fields for "Custom Int32 Values" (IValue 1 to IValue 4) and four input fields for "Custom Float Values" (FValue 1 to FValue 4). The status bar at the bottom indicates "STMicroelectronics", "Unicleo Version: 1.3.6.4363", "Firmware Version = 4.0.0", and "Expansion Board: IKS01A2".

Three callout boxes highlight specific input blocks:

- Input Value (Binary)**: Points to the "Switch 1" button.
- Input Value (Int)**: Points to the "IValue 1" input field.
- Input Value (Float)**: Points to the "FValue 1" input field.

Two "Properties" windows are also shown, detailing the configuration for the input blocks:

Properties (Left):

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	1	INT
Default Value 2	0	INT
Default Value 3	0	INT
Default Value 4	1	INT
Value 1 Name	Switch 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	Switch 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Switch 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Switch 4	STRING

Properties (Right):

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	1	INT
Default Value 2	2	INT
Default Value 3	3	INT
Default Value 4	4	INT
Value 1 Name	IValue 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	IValue 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	IValue 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	IValue 4	STRING

Properties (Bottom Right):

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	4	INT
Default Value 1	1.1	FLOAT
Default Value 2	2.2	FLOAT
Default Value 3	3.3	FLOAT
Default Value 4	4.4	FLOAT
Value 1 Name	FValue 1	STRING
Value 2 Name	FValue 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	FValue 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	FValue 4	STRING

FFT analysis, FFT plot, Window, Peak detection in frequency spectrum

Real ODR measurement for accurate FFT analysis

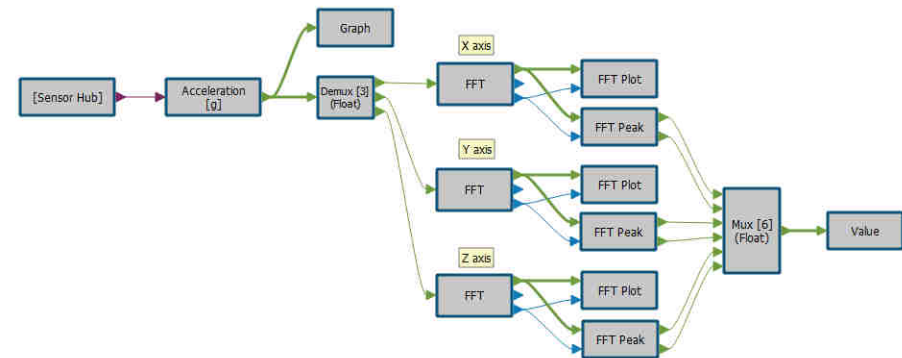
New example for FFT analysis



Properties		
Name	Value	Type
Data length	1024	ENUM
Window Type	None	ENUM

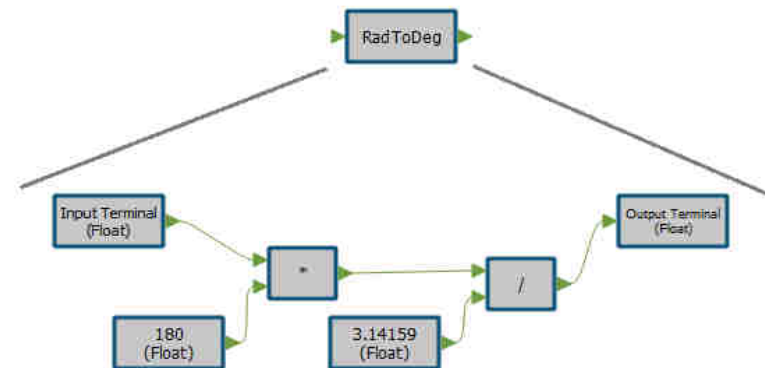
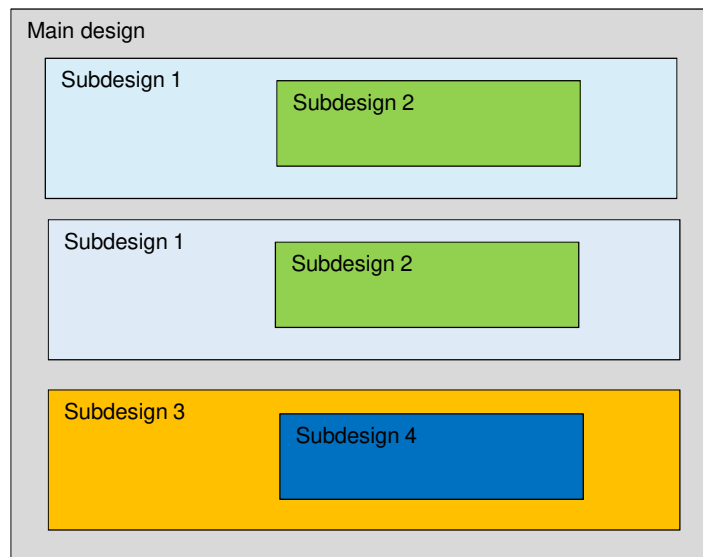
Data length: 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024

Window: Hanning, Hamming, Flat Top



Multi level design

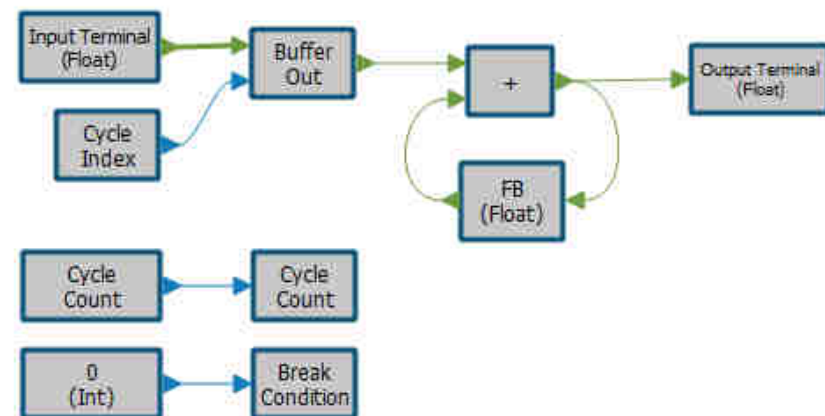
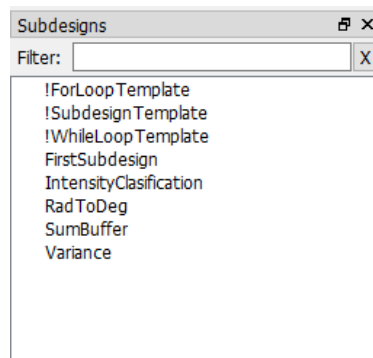
Possibility encapsulate part of the design into one function block, which can be saved into a library to be reused many times



Loops (for, while)

For Loop - is subdesign intended for loop, which is used if number of iteration is known before entering the loop

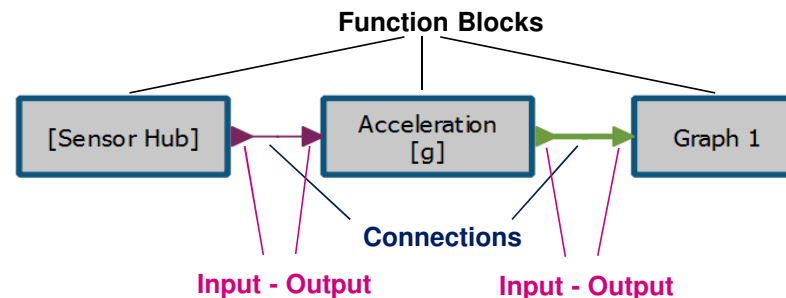
While Loop - is subdesign intended for loop, which is executed until a defined condition is valid

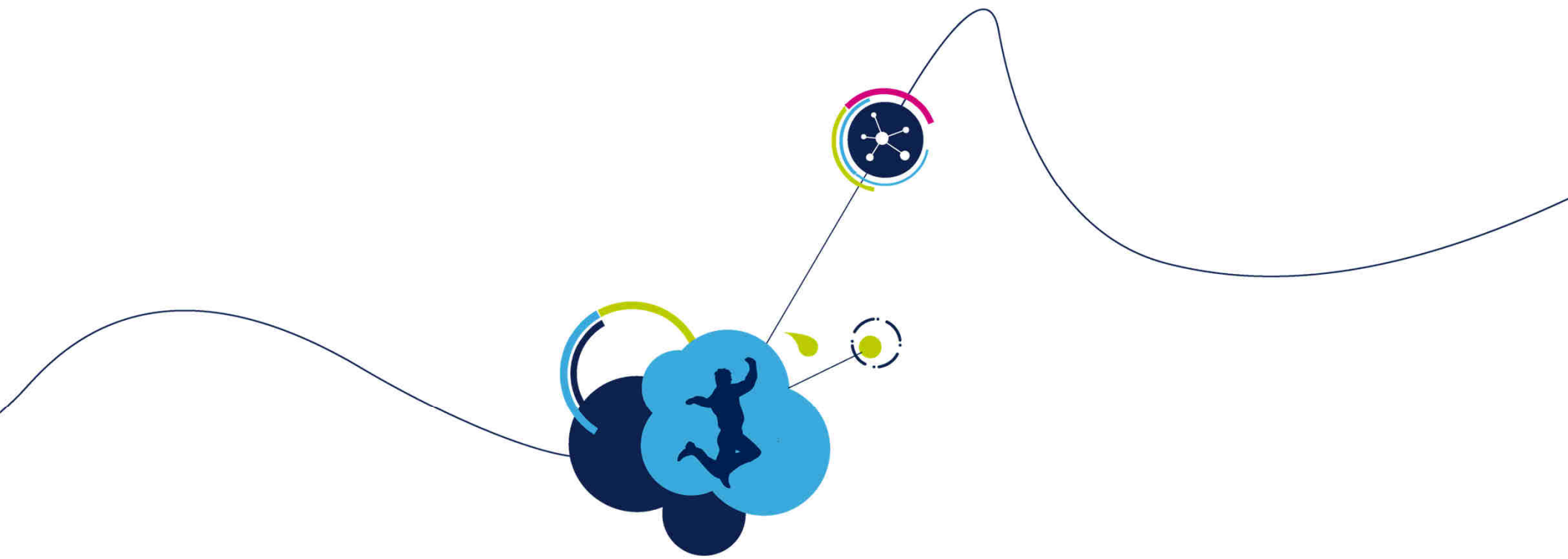


Design Rules:

Several rules must be kept during project design to create project which could be validated and compiled.

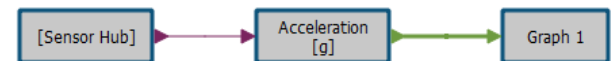
- Connection can be made between input and output of different function blocks
- It is impossible to connect two inputs or two outputs together
- Only input and output of the same type can be connected, exception is variant input which will get the type of connected output
- Only input and output of the same size can be connected together. Some inputs and outputs can have variable size. Size value can be changed inside properties window. The size of input or output can be seen in the description window when the block is selected.
- For clarity the thickness of the connection line indicates the size of input and output and color of the connection line indicated the type (default: green – float, blue – integer, violet – other).
- All inputs must be connected

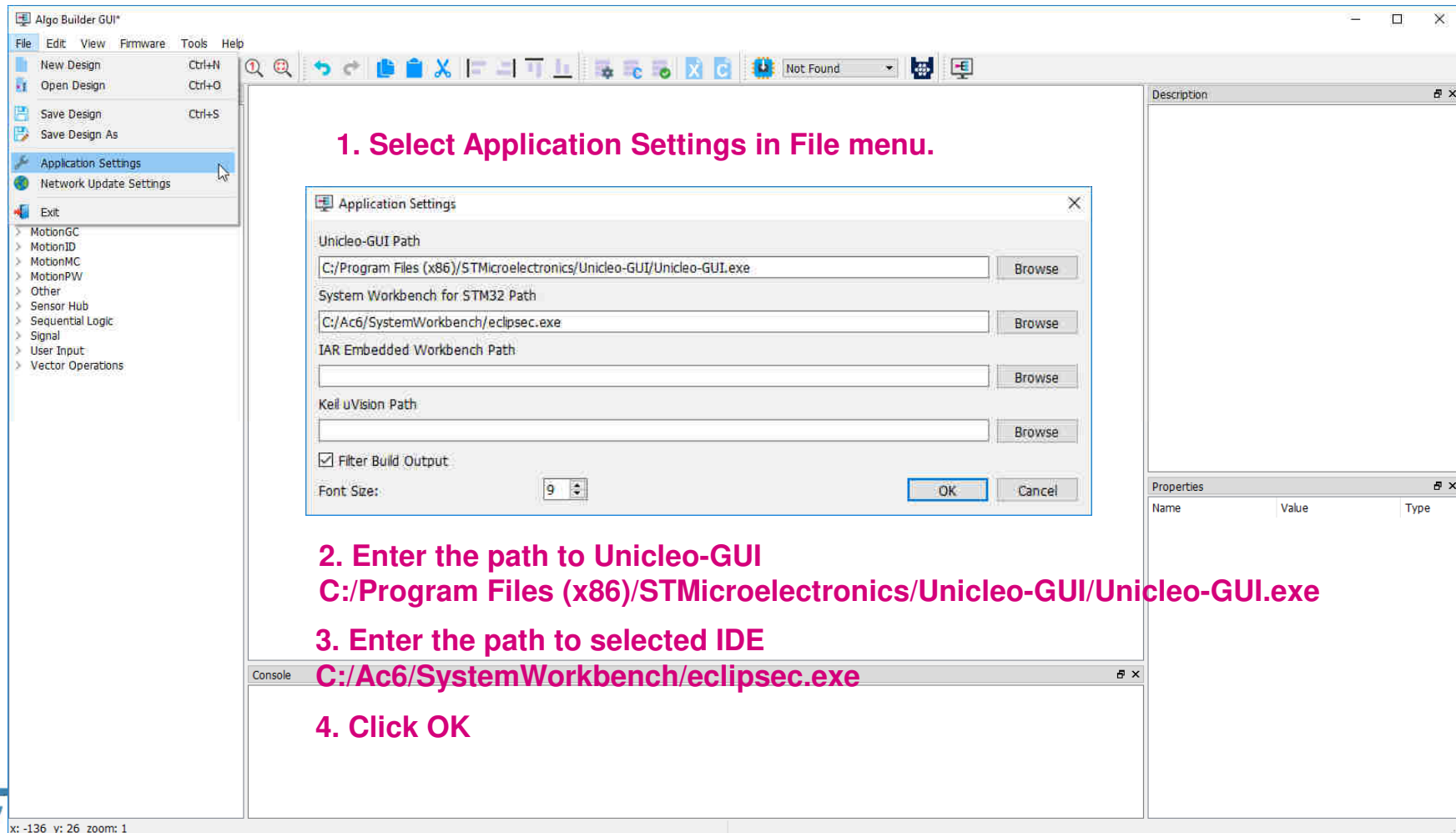


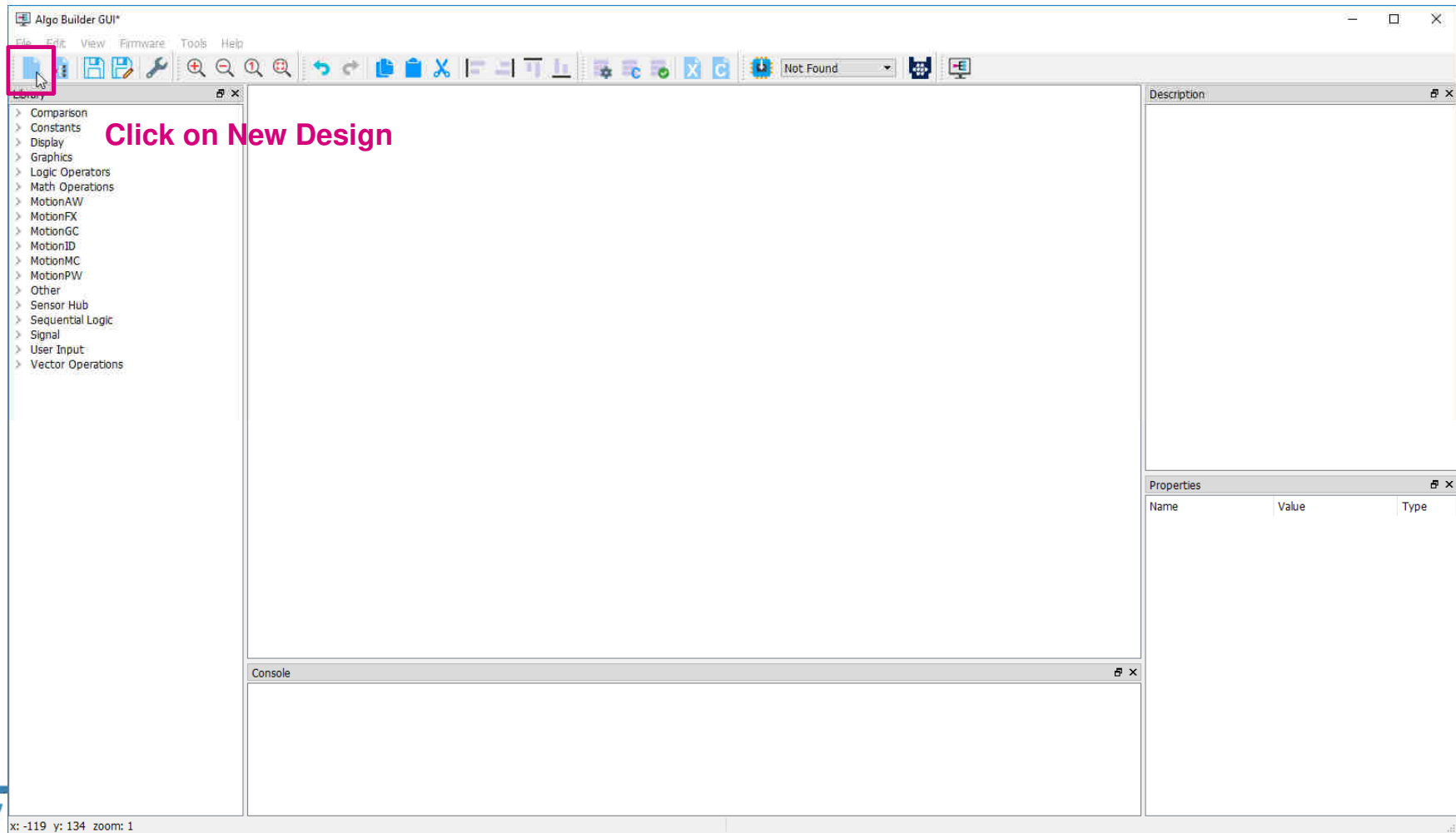


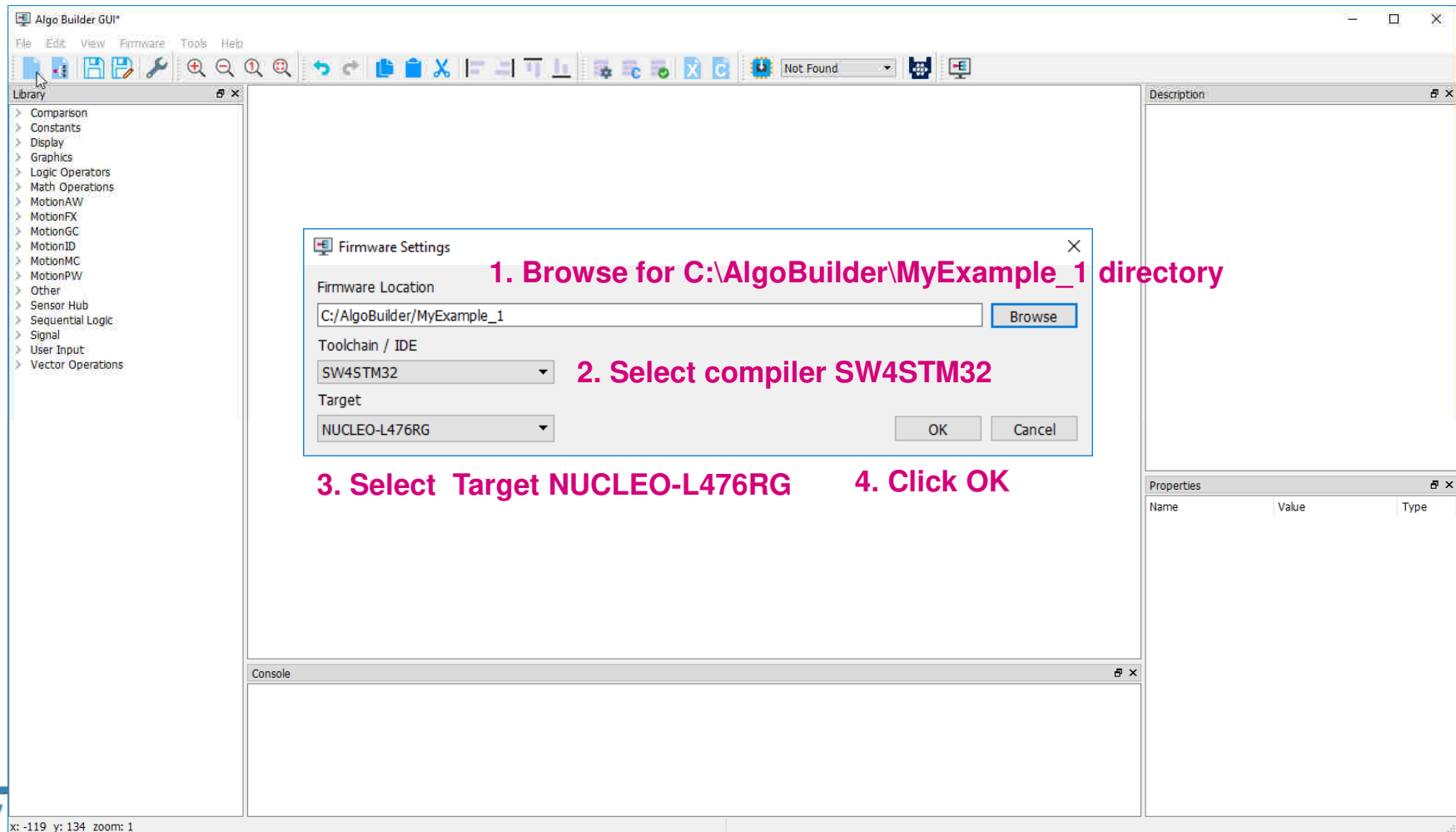
Demo 1

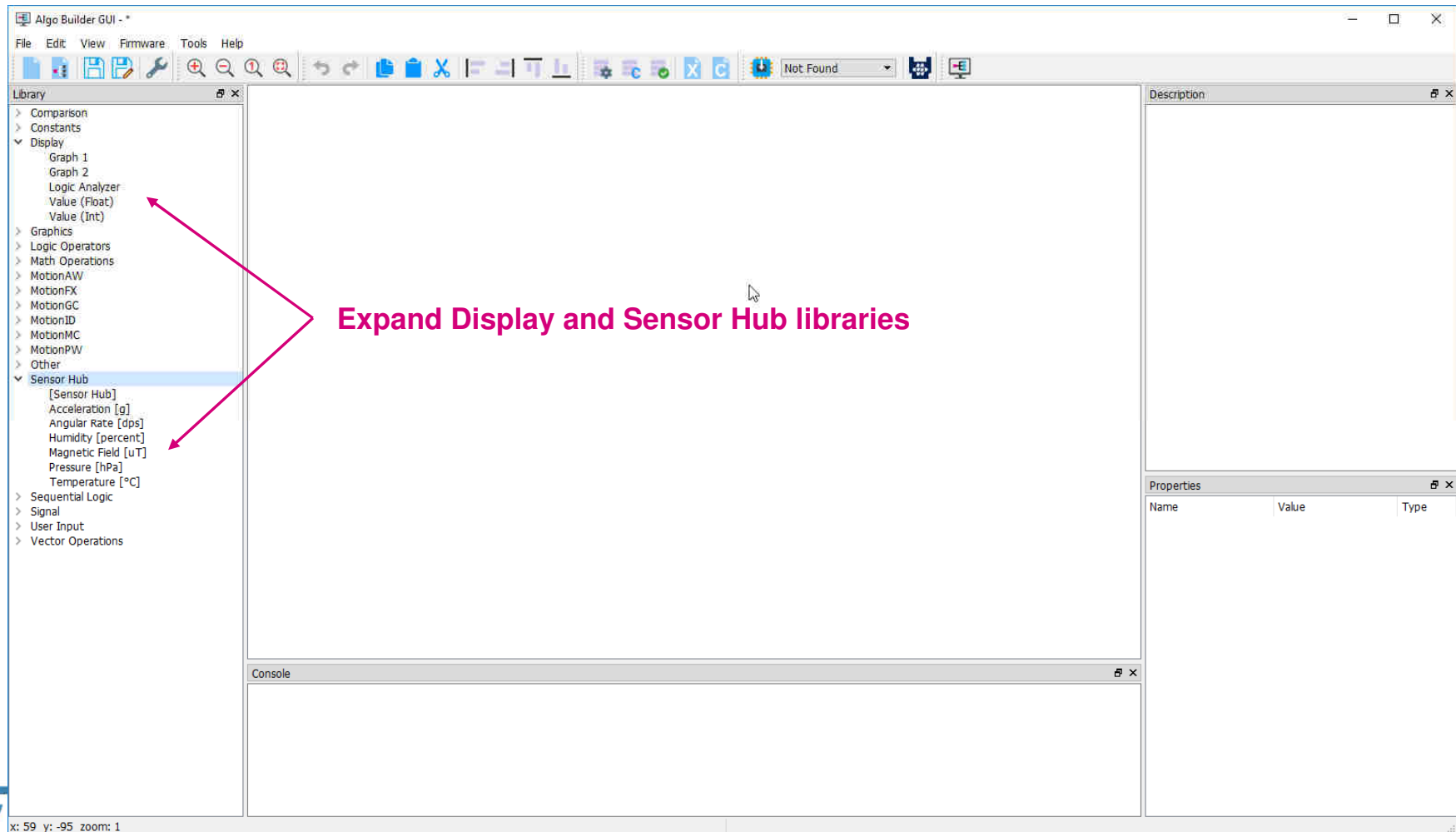
Reading Data From Sensors

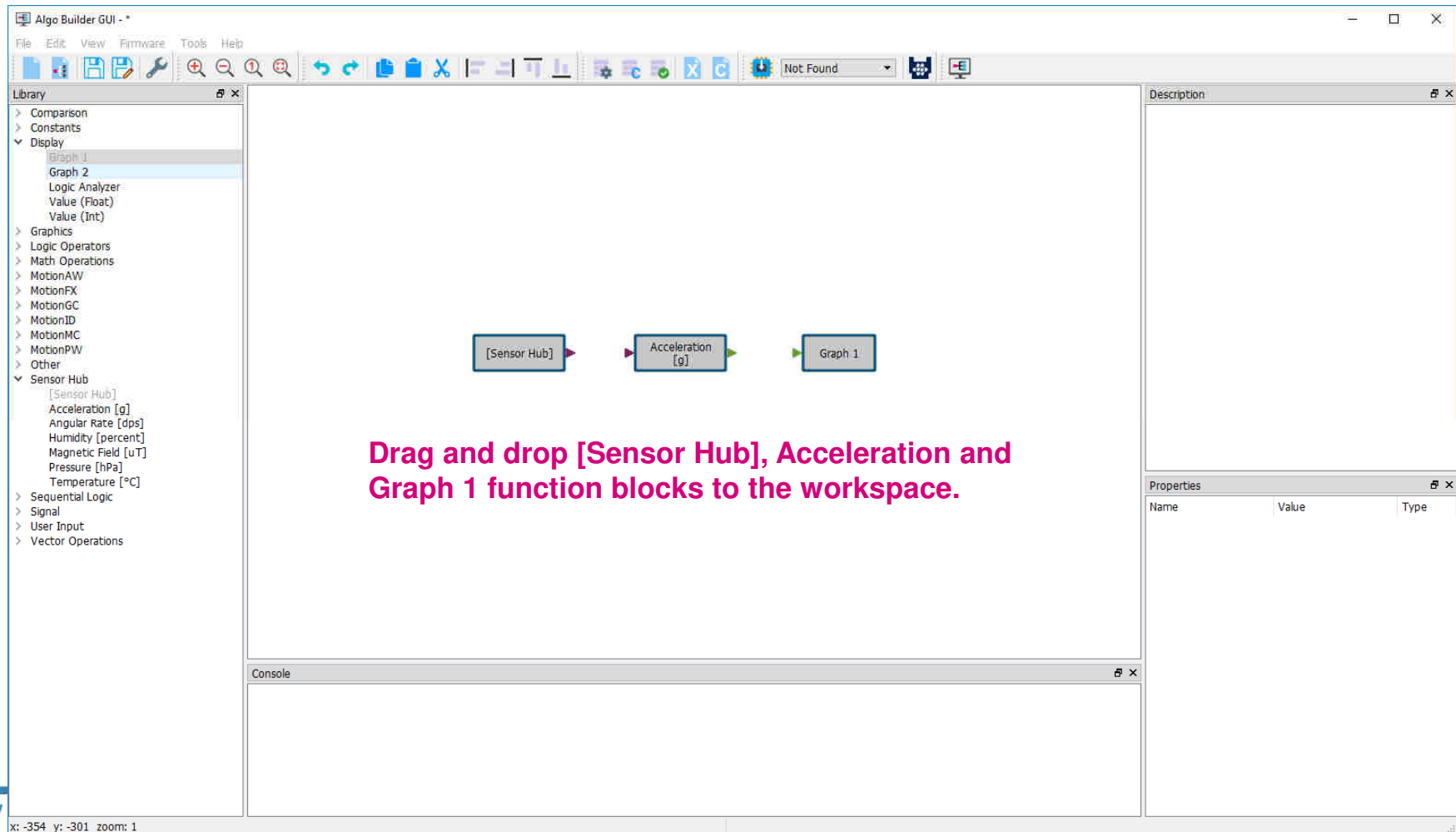












Drag and drop [Sensor Hub], Acceleration and Graph 1 function blocks to the workspace.

The screenshot shows the AlgoBuilder GUI with a workflow diagram in the center. The diagram consists of three nodes connected by arrows: '[Sensor Hub]' (blue box) points to 'Acceleration [g]' (blue box), which points to 'Graph' (orange box). The 'Graph' node is highlighted with a red border.

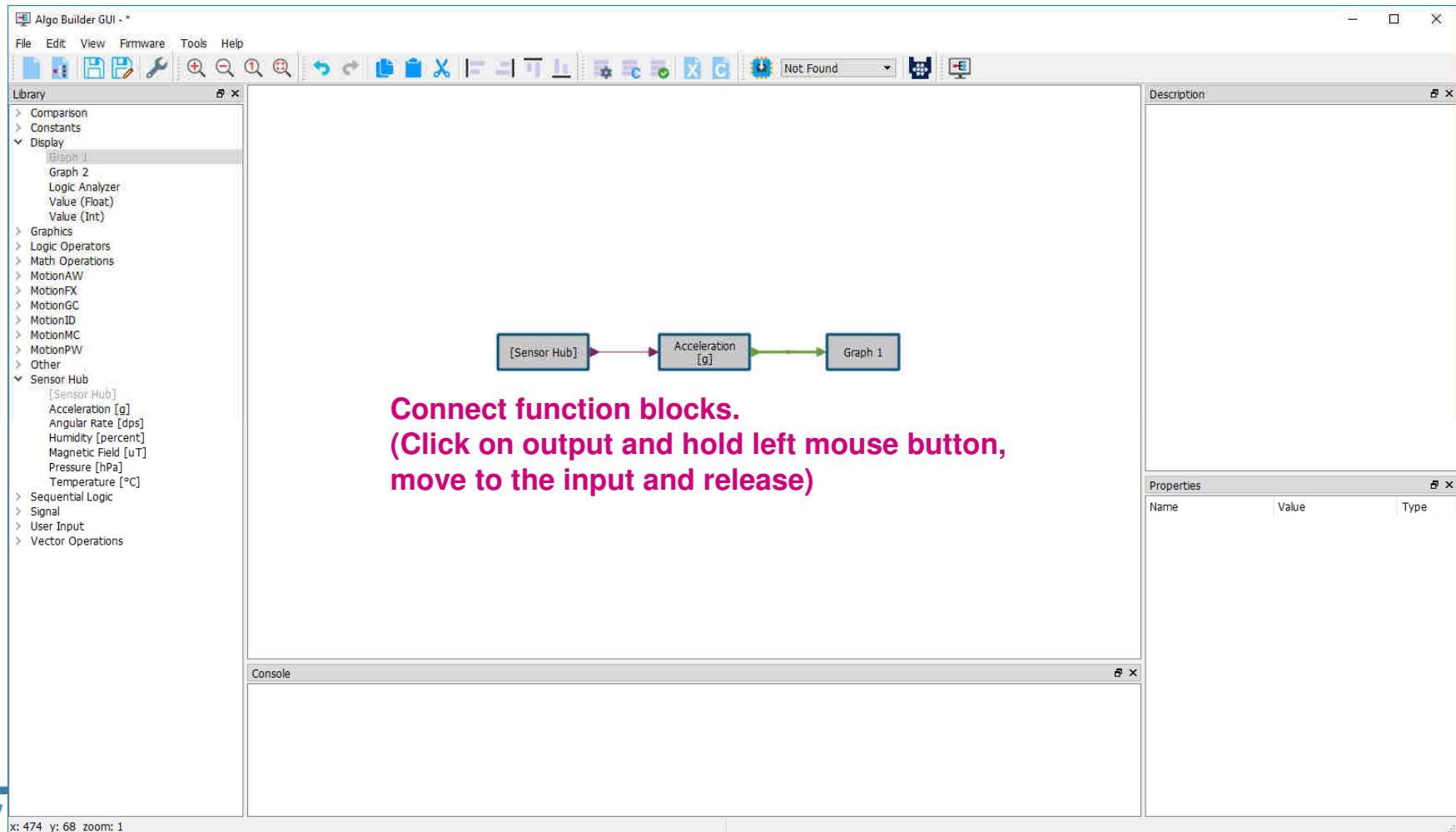
On the left is a 'Library' panel with a tree view. The 'Display' folder is expanded, and the 'Graph' node is selected. Below it, the 'Sensor Hub' folder is also expanded, showing various sensor types like Acceleration [g], Angular Rate [dps], etc.

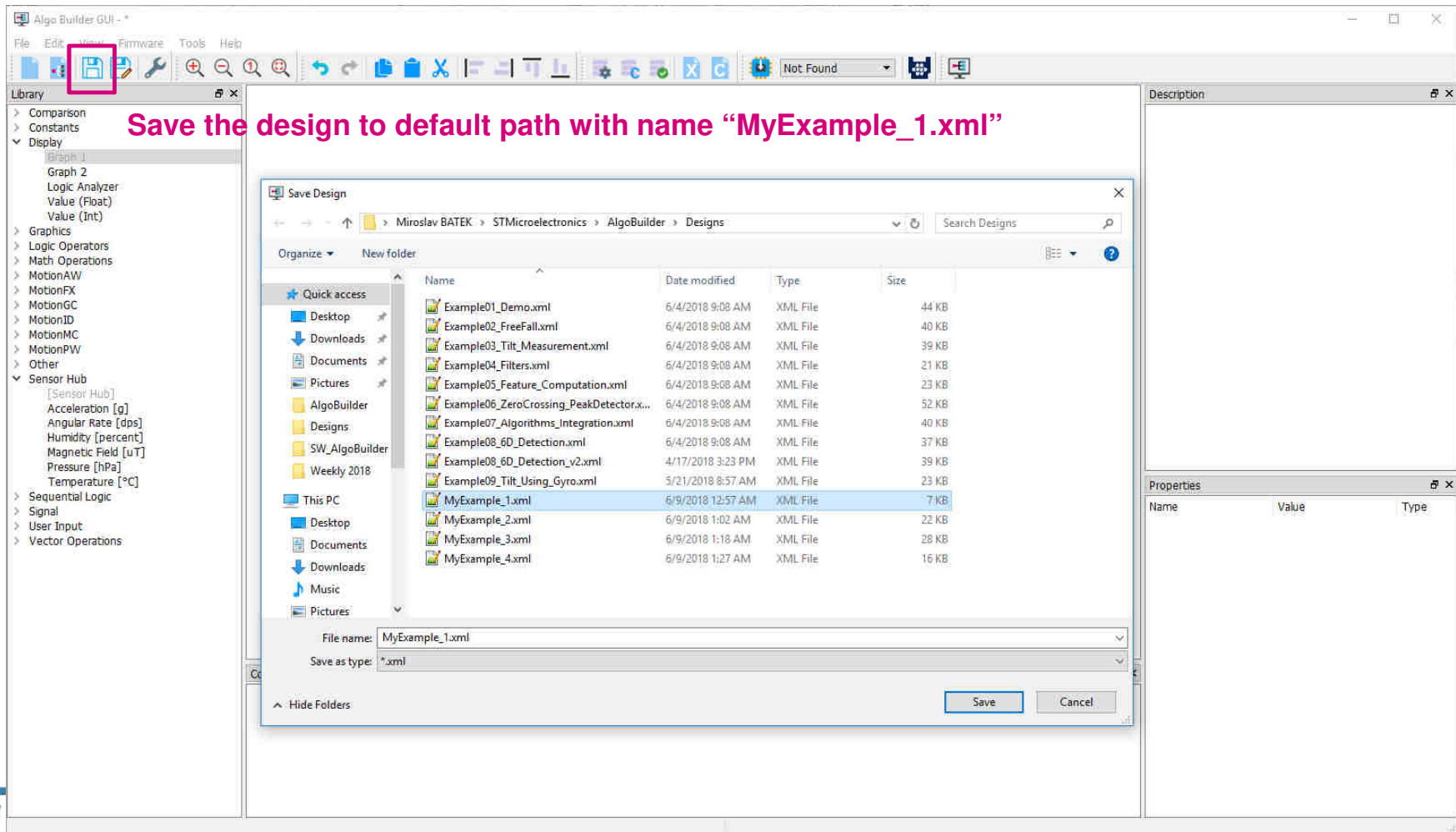
On the right is a 'Description' and 'Properties' panel. The 'Description' tab is active, showing details about the 'Graph' node. Below it, the 'Properties' tab is active, showing a table of properties for the selected 'Graph' node.

1. Selects Graph

2. Set properties

Name	Value	Type
Number of Curves	3	INT
Graph Name	Acceleration	STRING
Waveform 1 Name	X axis	STRING
Waveform 2 Name	Y axis	STRING
Waveform 3 Name	Z axis	STRING
Unit Name	[g]	STRING
Zero axis position	Middle	ENUM
Auto-scale	ON	ENUM
Full Scale	1	STRING

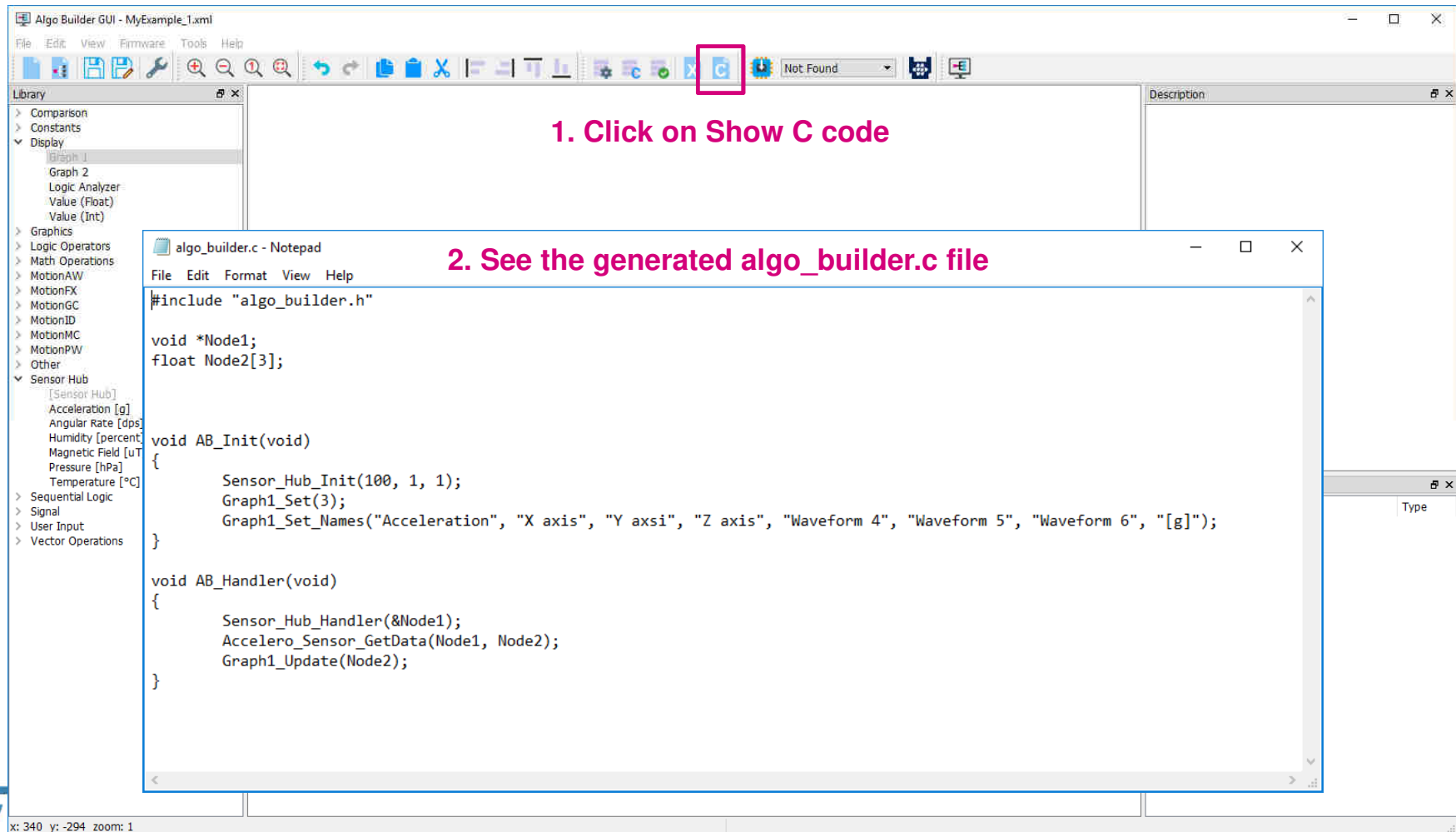




The screenshot shows the Algo Builder GUI with the title 'Algo Builder GUI - MyExample_1.xml'. The toolbar at the top contains various icons, with the 'Generate C code' icon (a blue square with a white 'C') highlighted by a red box. The main workspace displays a flowchart with three blocks: '[Sensor Hub]', 'Acceleration [g]', and 'Graph 1', connected by arrows. The left sidebar shows a library of components, including 'Display', 'Graphics', 'Logic Operators', 'Math Operations', 'MotionAVV', 'MotionFX', 'MotionGC', 'MotionID', 'MotionMC', 'MotionPW', 'Other', and 'Sensor Hub'. The right sidebar shows a 'Description' panel and a 'Properties' table with columns 'Name', 'Value', and 'Type'. The bottom console window shows the message 'Code generation finished successfully.' highlighted by a red box.

1. Click on Generate C code

2. Check if the code was generated successfully



Algo Builder GUI - MyExample_1.xml

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
 - Graph 1
 - Graph 2
 - Logic Analyzer
 - Value (Float)
 - Value (Int)
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAVV
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
 - [Sensor Hub]
 - Acceleration [g]
 - Angular Rate [dps]
 - Humidity [percent]
 - Magnetic Field [uT]
 - Pressure [hPa]
 - Temperature [°C]
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

1. Click on Build Firmware

2. Wait for compilation

3. Check that the code was compiled without error

Console

```

Generating binary:
arm-none-eabi-objcopy -O binary "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf" "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.bin" & arm-none-eabi-size --format=berkeley STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf
text      data      bss      dec      hex      filename
169984     7672     46628    224284    36c1c    STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf

19:34:17 Build Finished (took 7m:23s.656ms)
Invoking scanner config builder on project
Build Process Finished
Exit Code: 0
  
```

x: 60 y: -282 zoom: 1

Algo Builder GUI - MyExample_1.xml

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
 - Graph 1
 - Graph 2
 - Logic Analyzer
 - Value (Float)
 - Value (Int)
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAVV
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
 - [Sensor Hub]
 - Acceleration [g]
 - Angular Rate [dps]
 - Humidity [percent]
 - Magnetic Field [uT]
 - Pressure [hPa]
 - Temperature [°C]
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

1. Connect STM32 Nucleo to your PC

2. Click on Program STM32 Nucleo

3. Wait till the board is programmed

4. Open Unicleo-GUI

Diagram:

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [g]]
    Acc --> G1[Graph 1]
  
```

Console

text	data	bss	dec	hex	filename
169984	7672	46628	224284	36c1c	STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf

19:34:17 Build Finished (took 7m:23s.656ms)
 Invoking scanner config builder on project
 Build Process Finished

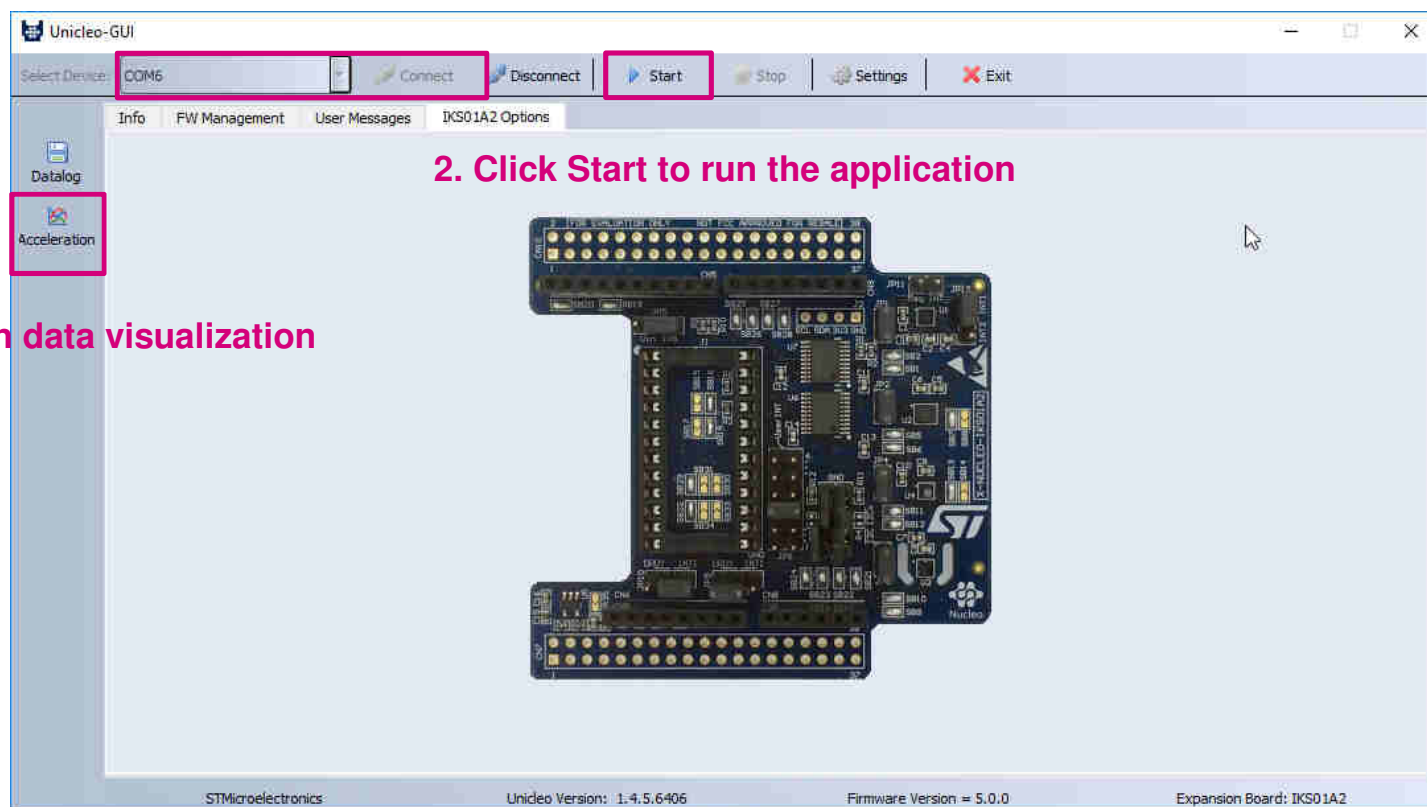
Firmware binary file programmed successfully!
 IDE: SW4STM32 Target: STM32L476RG Drive: D: NODE_L476RG

Properties

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

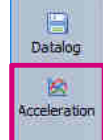
x: 260 y: -277 zoom: 1

1. Check the boards is connected to Unicleo GUI



2. Click Start to run the application

3. Open data visualization

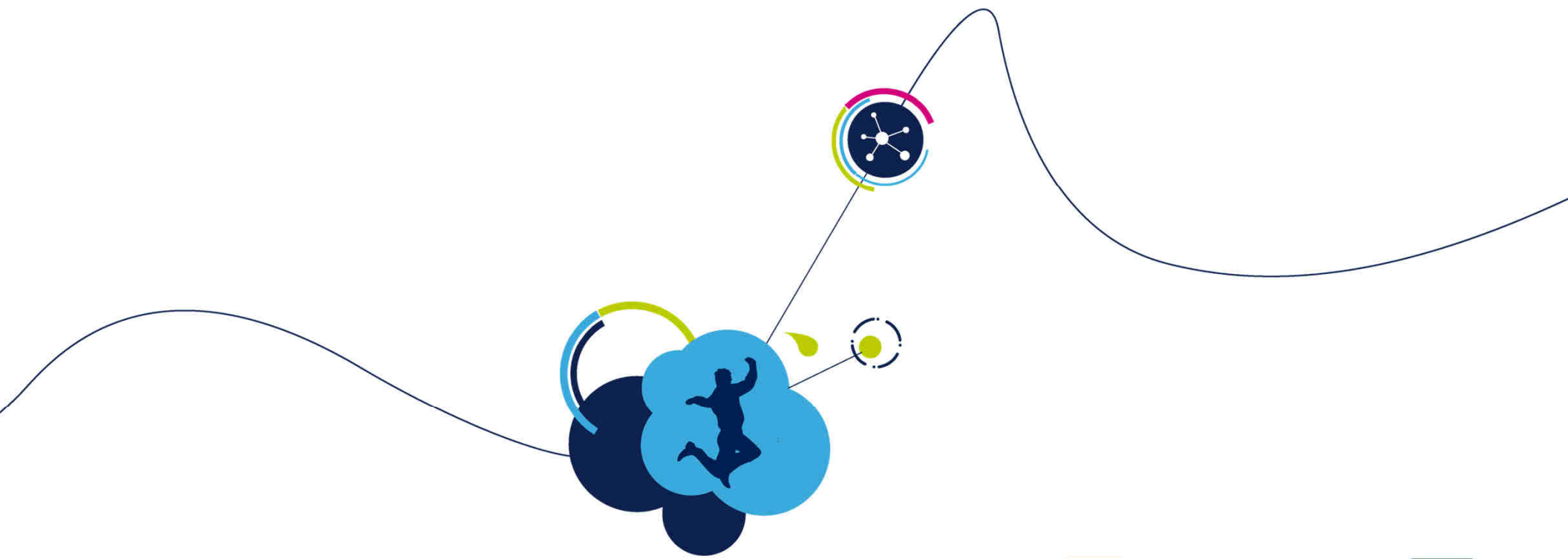


1. Test the functionality.



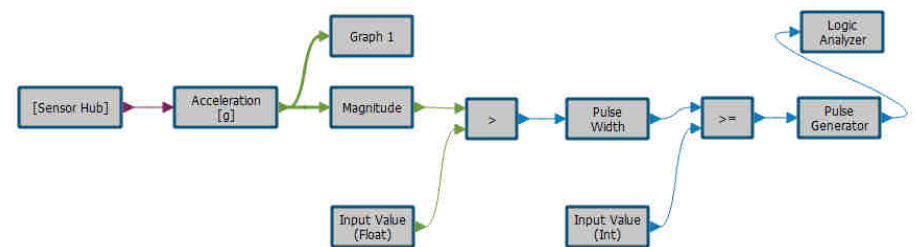
Autoscale

2. Close Unicleo-GUI when you finished the testing.

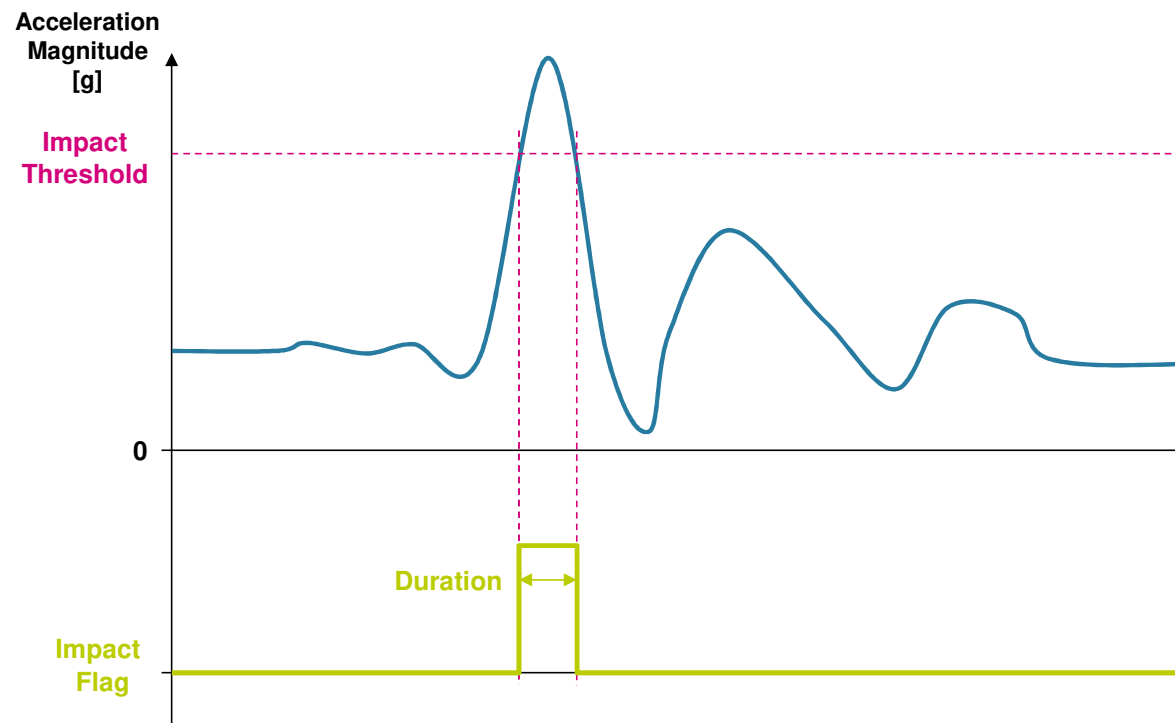


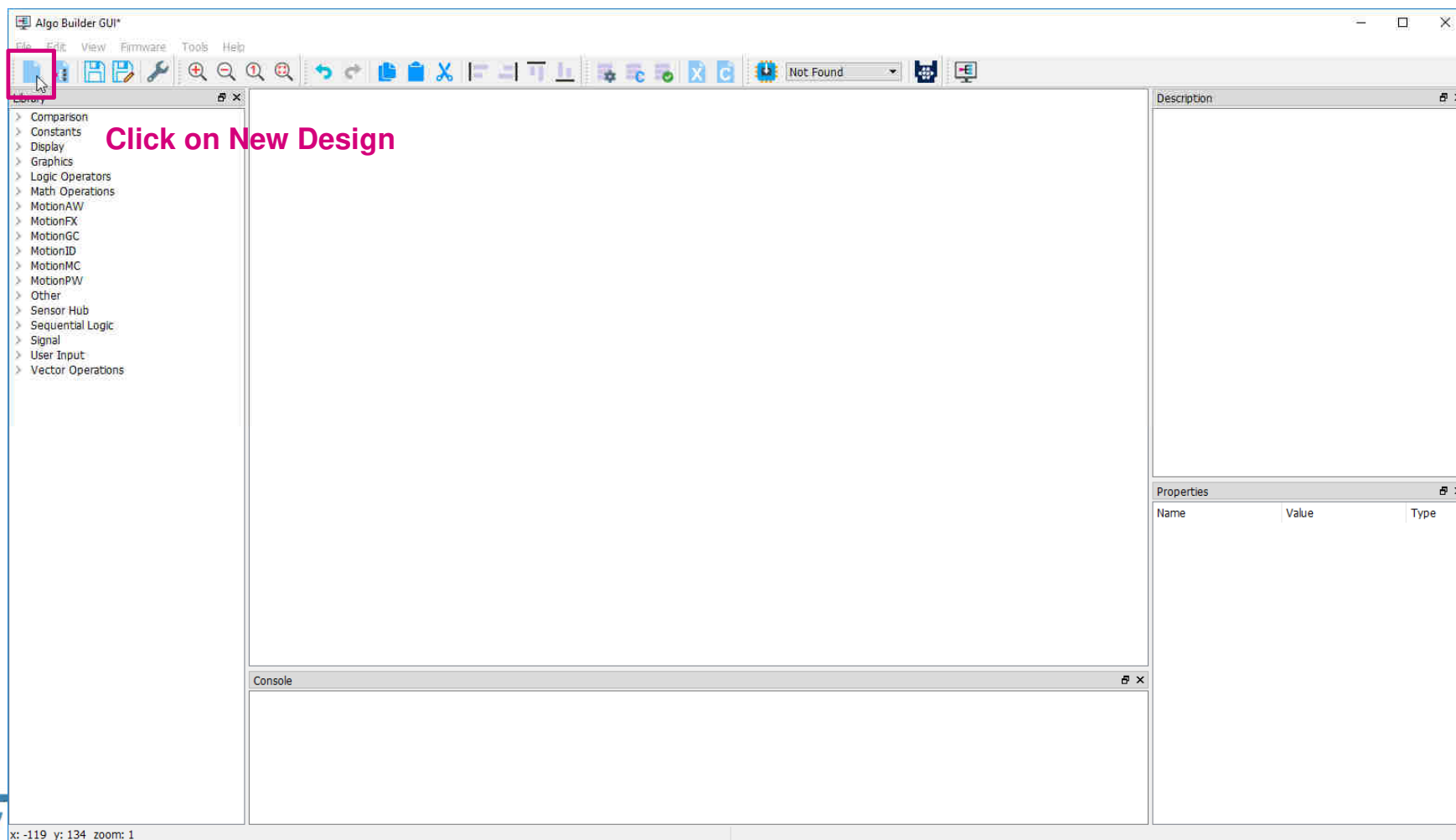
Demo 2

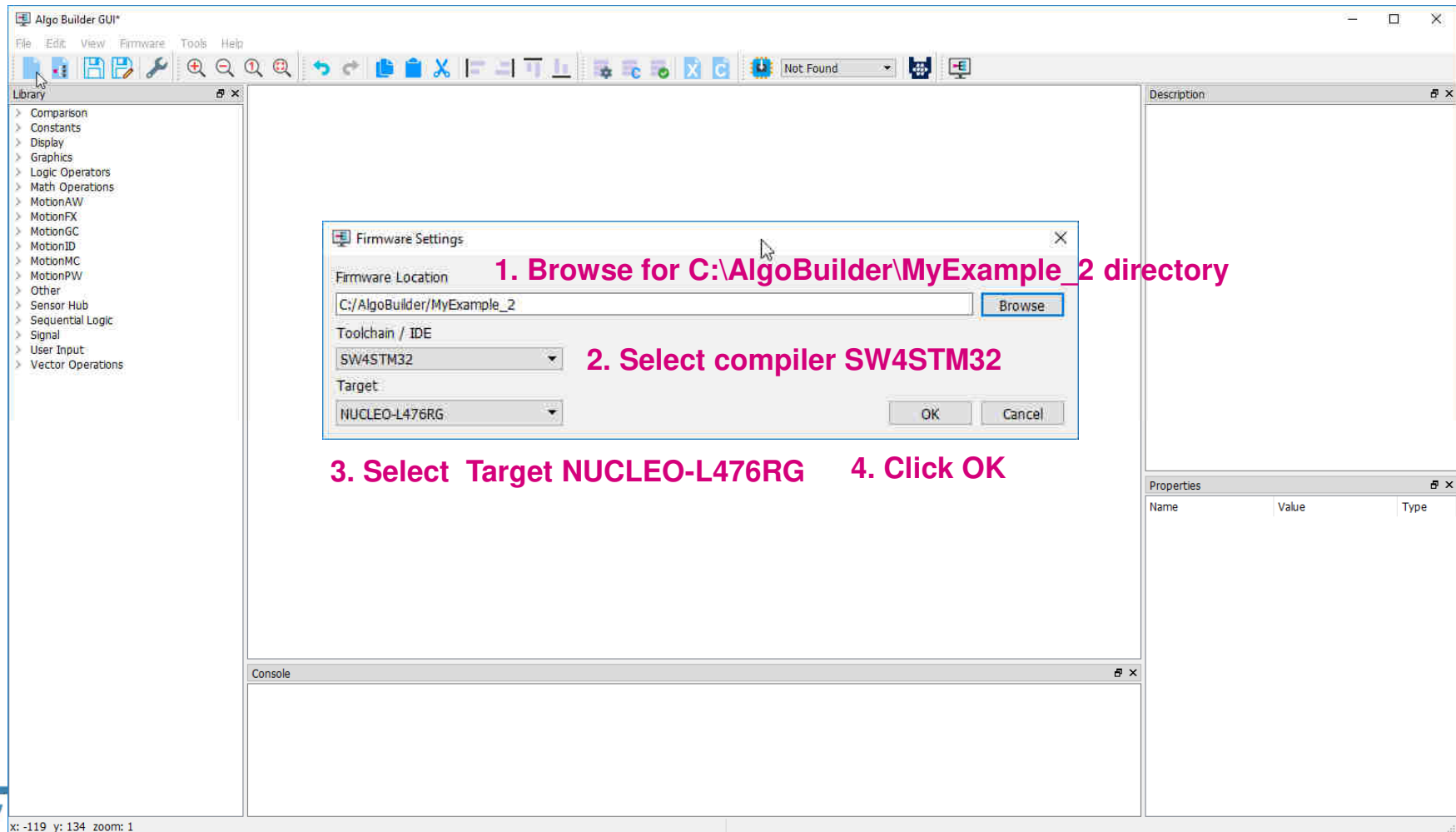
Impact Detection



Impact Detection ... Evaluate if magnitude of acceleration is above given threshold for certain time.







The screenshot shows the Algo Builder GUI with the following components:

- Library:** A tree view on the left containing categories like Comparison, Constants, Display, Graphics, Logic Operators, Math Operations, MotionAW, MotionFX, MotionGC, MotionID, MotionMC, MotionPW, Other, and Sensor Hub. Under Sensor Hub, various sensors are listed, including Acceleration [g], Angular Rate [dps], Humidity [percent], Magnetic Field [uT], Pressure [hPa], and Temperature [°C].
- Workspace:** The central area where components are placed. A [Sensor Hub] component is shown with a red box around it and a pink arrow pointing to it.
- Description Panel:** On the right, it provides details for the [Sensor Hub] component, including its version (1.0), output pins (out (void x 1)), and properties like Data Rate (100 Hz), Accelerometer Full Scale (8 g), and Gyroscope Full Scale (500 dps).
- Properties Panel:** Below the description, it shows a table of properties for the selected component.

1. Place [Sensor Hub] to workspace

2. Change Accelerometer Full Scale to 8g

Name	Value	Type
Data Rate	100	INT
Accelerometer Full Scale	8 g	ENUM
Gyroscope Full Scale	500 dps	ENUM

Algo Builder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
 - [Sensor Hub]
 - Acceleration [g]**
 - Angular Rate [dps]
 - Humidity [percent]
 - Magnetic Field [uT]
 - Pressure [hPa]
 - Temperature [°C]
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

Add Acceleration [g] function block

[Sensor Hub] → Acceleration [g]

Description

Acceleration [g]
Version: 1.0
Retrieve the accelerometer data.

Input Pins:
SensorHubHandle (void x 1):
Connect to Sensor Hub output.

Output Pins:
data (float x 3):
Accelerometer data (acceleration) in g unit.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

Console

x: 60 y: -292 zoom: 1

1. Add Graph function block

3. Connect

2. Set properties

Graph

Version: 2.0
Graph. Displays up to six real-time curves. The X-axis represents time, Y-axis is value.

Input Pins:
in (variant x 3):
Input data to plot (y-axis value). The input data size has to match with number of curves.

Properties:
Number of Curves (int):
Defines number of curves to plot. Value must be from 1 to 6.
Range: <1, 6>
Graph Name (string):
Label of the graph.
Waveform 1 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 1.
Waveform 2 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 2.
Waveform 3 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 3.
Waveform 4 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 4.
Waveform 5 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 5.

Name	Value	Type
Number of Curves	3	INT
Graph Name	Acceleration	STRING
Waveform 1 Name	X axis	STRING
Waveform 2 Name	Y axis	STRING
Waveform 3 Name	Z axis	STRING
Unit Name	[g]	STRING
Zero axis position	Middle	ENUM
Auto-scale	ON	ENUM
Full Scale	4	STRING

The screenshot shows the Algo Builder GUI with a workflow diagram. The diagram consists of four blocks: [Sensor Hub], Acceleration [g], Graph 1, and Magnitude. The flow is as follows: [Sensor Hub] connects to Acceleration [g], which connects to Graph 1. A red box highlights the Magnitude block, and a red arrow points to it from the text "Add Magnitude function block".

Add Magnitude function block

Description

Magnitude
Version: 1.0
Calculates magnitude of the input vector.

Input Pins:
in (float x 3):
Input vector.

Output Pins:
out (float x 1):
Magnitude.

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

Algo Builder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- Comparison
 - Equal to (=)
 - Greater than (>)
 - Greater than or equal to (>=)
 - Less than (<)
 - Less than or equal to (<=)
 - Not equal to (!=)
- Constants
- Display
- Graphics
- Logic Operators
- Math Operations
- MotionAW
- MotionFX
- MotionGC
- MotionID
- MotionMC
- MotionPW
- Other
- Sensor Hub
- Sequential Logic
- Signal
- User Input
- Vector Operations

Graph 1

[Sensor Hub] → Acceleration [g] → Magnitude → >

Add Greater than (>) function block

Description

Greater than (>)
Version: 1.0
Checks if in1 is greater than in2. Returns 1 if the condition is true, 0 otherwise.

Input Pins:
in1 (variant x 1):
First operand.
in2 (variant x 1):
Second operand.

Output Pins:
out (int x 1):
Result.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

Console

x: 204 y: -299 zoom: 1

The screenshot shows the Algo Builder GUI with a workflow diagram and the properties of the 'Input Value (Float)' block.

Workflow Diagram:

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [g]]
    Acc --> Mag[Magnitude]
    Mag --> Out[>]
    InV[Input Value (Float)] --> Out
    Acc --> G1[Graph 1]
  
```

1. Add Input Value (Float) function block

2. Set properties

3. Connect

Description:

Input Value (Float)
Version: 1.0
get up to four float values from Unicleo-GUI.

Output Pins:
out (float x 1):
Output data.

Properties:

Number of Values (int):
Defines number of values. Value must be from 1 to 4.
Range: <1, 4>

Default Value 1 (float):
Defines default value 1.

Default Value 2 (float):
Defines default value 2.

Default Value 3 (float):
Defines default value 3.

Default Value 4 (float):
Defines default value 4.

Value 1 Name (string):
Label of the value 1.

Value 2 Name (string):
Label of the value 2.

Value 3 Name (string):
Label of the value 3.

Value 4 Name (string):
Label of the value 4.

Properties Table:

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	1	INT
Default Value 1	7	FLOAT
Default Value 2	0	FLOAT
Default Value 3	0	FLOAT
Default Value 4	0	FLOAT
Value 1 Name	Impact Threshold [g]	STRING
Value 2 Name	Value 2	STRING
Value 3 Name	Value 3	STRING
Value 4 Name	Value 4	STRING

Algo Builder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- Signal
 - Derivator
 - Feature Computation
 - FIR Filter
 - Gain
 - IIR Filter
 - Integrator
 - Moving Average
 - Peak Detector
 - Pulse Generator
 - Pulse Width**
 - Signal Delay
 - Zero Crossing
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

Graph 1

[Sensor Hub] → Acceleration [g] → Magnitude → > → Pulse Width

Input Value (Float) → >

Add Pulse Width function block

Description

Pulse Width
Version: 1.0
Measures pulse width.

Input Pins:
in (int x 1):
Input signal.

Output Pins:
out (int x 1):
Pulse width in ms unit.

Properties:
Level (int):
Define active level of the pulse to measure.
Values: Negative, Positive

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Level	Positive	ENUM

Console

x: 286 y: -289 zoom: 1

Algo Builder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- Comparison
 - Equal to (=)
 - Greater than (>)
 - Greater than or equal to (>=)
 - Less than (<)
 - Less than or equal to (<=)
 - Not equal to (!=)
- Constants
- Display
- Graphics
- Logic Operators
- Math Operations
- MotionAW
- MotionFX
- MotionGC
- MotionID
- MotionMC
- MotionPW
- Other
- Sensor Hub
- Sequential Logic
- Signal
- User Input
- Vector Operations

Graph 1

[Sensor Hub] → Acceleration [g] → Magnitude → > → Pulse Width → >=

Input Value (Float) → >

Add Greater than or equal to (>=) function block

Description

Greater than or equal to (>=)
Version: 1.0
Checks if in1 is greater or equal than in2. Returns 1 if the condition is true, 0 otherwise.

Input Pins:
in1 (variant x 1):
First operand.
in2 (variant x 1):
Second operand.

Output Pins:
out (int x 1):
Result.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

Console

x: 207 y: -267 zoom: 1

AlgoBuilder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

D: NODE_L476RG

Library

Filter:

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > Temperature
- > User Input
 - Input Value (Binary)
 - Input Value (Float)
 - Input Value (Int)**
- > Vector Operations

Diagram:

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [g]]
    Acc --> Mag[Magnitude]
    Mag --> G[Graph]
    Mag --> Comp[>]
    Mag --> InF[Input Value (Float)]
    InF --> Comp
    Comp --> PW[Pulse Width]
    PW --> Out[>=]
    InI[Input Value (Int)] --> Out
  
```

3. Connect

1. Add Input Value (Int) function block

2. Set properties

Description

Input Value (Int)

Version: 2.0
Get up to eight integer values from Unicleo-GUI.

Output Pins:
out (int x 1):
Output data.

Properties:
Window Name (string):
Title of the window.
Number of Values (int):
Defines number of values. Value must be from 1 to 8.
Range: <1, 8>
Default Value 1 (int):
Defines default value 1.
Default Value 2 (int):
Defines default value 2.
Default Value 3 (int):
Defines default value 3.
Default Value 4 (int):
Defines default value 4.
Default Value 5 (int):
Defines default value 5.
Default Value 6 (int):
Defines default value 6.
Default Value 7 (int):
Defines default value 7.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Window Name	Duration	STRING
Number of Values	1	INT
Default Value 1	10	INT
Value 1 Name	Impact Duration [ms]	STRING

Console

x: 211 y: -284 zoom: 1

Algo Builder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- Signal
 - Derivator
 - Feature Computation
 - FIR Filter
 - Gain
 - IIR Filter
 - Integrator
 - Moving Average
 - Peak Detector
 - Pulse Generator**
 - Pulse Width
 - Signal Delay
 - Zero Crossing
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

[Sensor Hub] → Acceleration [g] → Graph 1 → Magnitude → > → Pulse Width → ≥ → Pulse Generator

Input Value (Float) → >

Input Value (Int) → ≥

1. Add Pulse Generator function block

2. Set Width to 1000 →

Description

Pulse Generator
Version: 1.0
Generate pulse with defined width.

Input Pins:
in (int x 1):
Trigger signal.

Output Pins:
out (int x 1):
Output signal.

Properties:
Width (int):
Define the width of the pulse in ms unit.
Value must be greater than or equal to: 0

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Width	1000	INT

Console

x: 461 y: -258 zoom: 1

AlgoBuilder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

Filter:

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
 - Bar
 - Fusion
 - Graph
 - Histogram
 - Logic Analyzer
 - Plot3D
 - Scatter
 - Value
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > Temperature
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

1. Add Logic Analyzer function block

2. Set properties

3. Connect

Description

Logic Analyzer
Version: 2.0
Displays up to eight logic values in real-time chart. The X-axis represents time, Y-axis is logic state (0 or 1).

Input Pins:
in (int x 1):
Input data to display (y-axis value). The input data size has to match with number of channels.

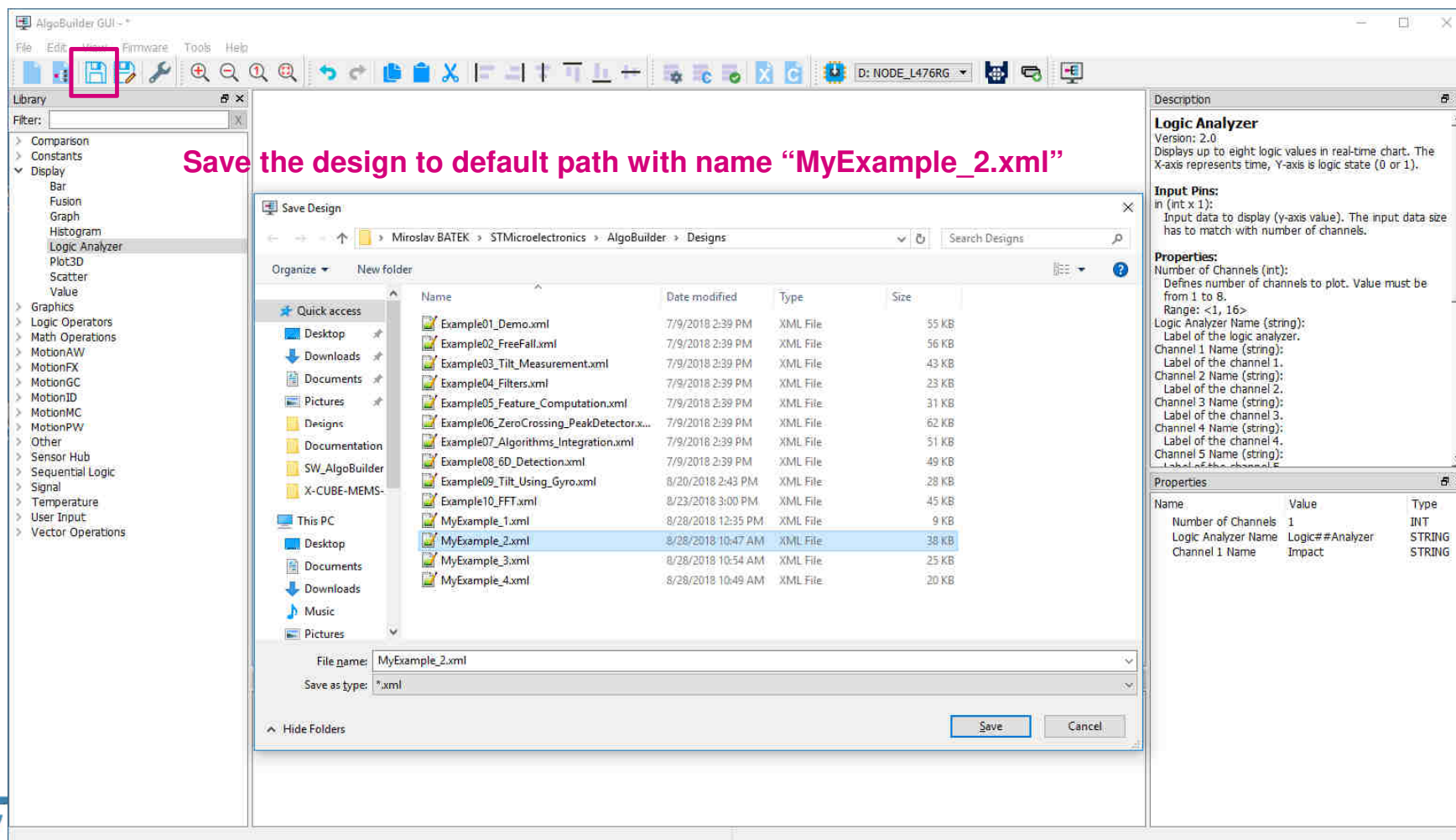
Properties:
Number of Channels (int):
Defines number of channels to plot. Value must be from 1 to 8.
Range: <1, 16>
Logic Analyzer Name (string):
Label of the logic analyzer.
Channel 1 Name (string):
Label of the channel 1.
Channel 2 Name (string):
Label of the channel 2.
Channel 3 Name (string):
Label of the channel 3.
Channel 4 Name (string):
Label of the channel 4.
Channel 5 Name (string):
Label of the channel 5.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Number of Channels	1	INT
Logic Analyzer Name	Logic#Analyzer	STRING
Channel 1 Name	Impact	STRING

Console

x: -10 y: -239 zoom: 1



AlgoBuilder GUI - MyExample_2.xml

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

1. Click on Build Firmware

2. Wait for compilation

3. Check that the code was compiled without error

Library

- Comparison
- Constants
- Display
 - Bar
 - Fusion
 - Graph
 - Histogram
 - Plot3D
 - Scatter
 - Value
- Graphics
- Logic Operators
- Math Operations
- MotionAW
- MotionFX
- MotionGC
- MotionID
- MotionMC
- MotionPW
- Other
- Sensor Hub
- Sequential Logic
- Signal
- Temperature
- User Input
- Vector Operations

Graph

Magnitude

Input Value (Float)

>

Pulse Width

Input Value (Int)

>=

Pulse Generator

Logic Analyzer

Description

Logic Analyzer
Version: 2.0
Displays up to eight logic values in real-time chart. The X-axis represents time, Y-axis is logic state (0 or 1).

Input Pins:
in (int x 1):
Input data to display (y-axis value). The input data size has to match with number of channels.

Properties:
Number of Channels (int):
Defines number of channels to plot. Value must be from 1 to 8.
Range: <1, 16>
Logic Analyzer Name (string):
Label of the logic analyzer.
Channel 1 Name (string):
Label of the channel 1.
Channel 2 Name (string):
Label of the channel 2.
Channel 3 Name (string):
Label of the channel 3.
Channel 4 Name (string):
Label of the channel 4.
Channel 5 Name (string):
Label of the channel 5.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Number of Channels	1	INT
Logic Analyzer Name	Logic#Analyzer	STRING
Channel 1 Name	Impact	STRING

Console

```
arm-none-eabi-objcopy -O binary "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf" "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.bin" & arm-none-eabi-size --format=berkeley STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf
text      data      bss      dec      hex      filename
169464    5752     46632   221848   36298   STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf

13:27:24 Build Finished (took 4s.583ms)
Invoking scanner config builder on project
Build Process Finished
Exit Code: 0
```

x: -70 y: -285 zoom: 1

AlgoBuilder GUI - MyExample_2.xml

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

- > Comparison
- > Constants
- > Display
 - Bar
 - Fusion
 - Graph
 - Histogram
 - Plot3D
 - Scatter
 - Value
- > Graphics
- > Logic Operators
- > Math Operations
- > MotionAW
- > MotionFX
- > MotionGC
- > MotionID
- > MotionMC
- > MotionPW
- > Other
- > Sensor Hub
- > Sequential Logic
- > Signal
- > Temperature
- > User Input
- > Vector Operations

1. Connect STM32 Nucleo to your PC

2. Click on Program STM32 Nucleo

3. Wait till the board is programmed

4. Open Unicleo-GUI

Graph

Magnitude

Input Value (Float)

>

Pulse Width

Input Value (Int)

>=

Pulse Generator

Logic Analyzer

Description

Logic Analyzer

Version: 2.0

Displays up to eight logic values in real-time chart. The X-axis represents time, Y-axis is logic state (0 or 1).

Input Pins:

in (int x 1):

Input data to display (y-axis value). The input data size has to match with number of channels.

Properties:

Number of Channels (int):

Defines number of channels to plot. Value must be from 1 to 8.

Range: <1, 16>

Logic Analyzer Name (string):

Label of the logic analyzer.

Channel 1 Name (string):

Label of the channel 1.

Channel 2 Name (string):

Label of the channel 2.

Channel 3 Name (string):

Label of the channel 3.

Channel 4 Name (string):

Label of the channel 4.

Channel 5 Name (string):

Label of the channel 5.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Number of Channels	1	INT
Logic Analyzer Name	Logic#Analyzer	STRING
Channel 1 Name	Impact	STRING

Console

text	data	bss	dec	hex	filename
169464	5752	46632	221848	36298	STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf

13:27:24 Build Finished (took 4s.583ms)

Invoking scanner config builder on project

Build Process Finished

FW binary file programmed successfully!

IDE: SW4STM32 Target: STM32L476RG Drive: D: NODE_L476RG

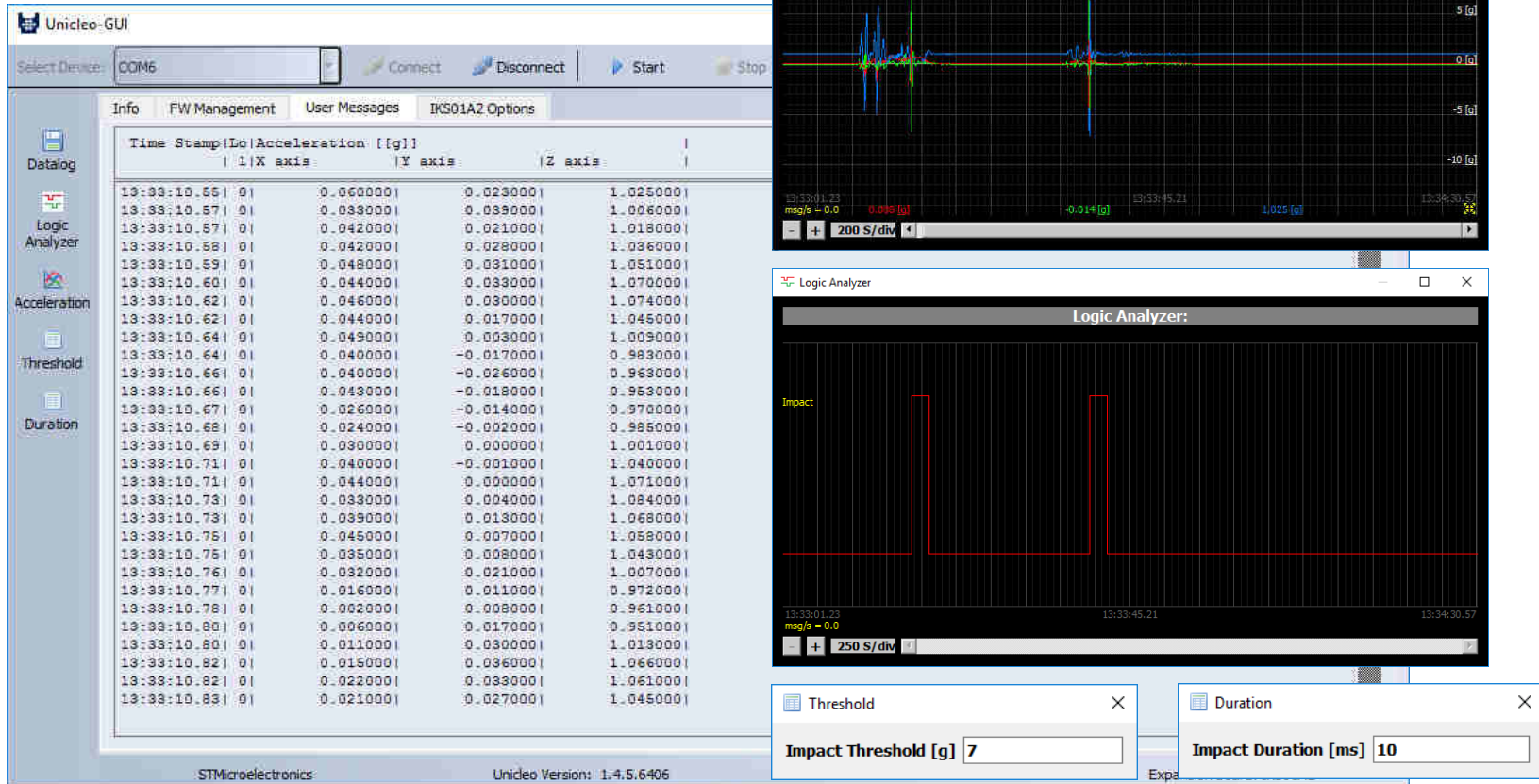
1. Check the boards is connected to Unicleo GUI

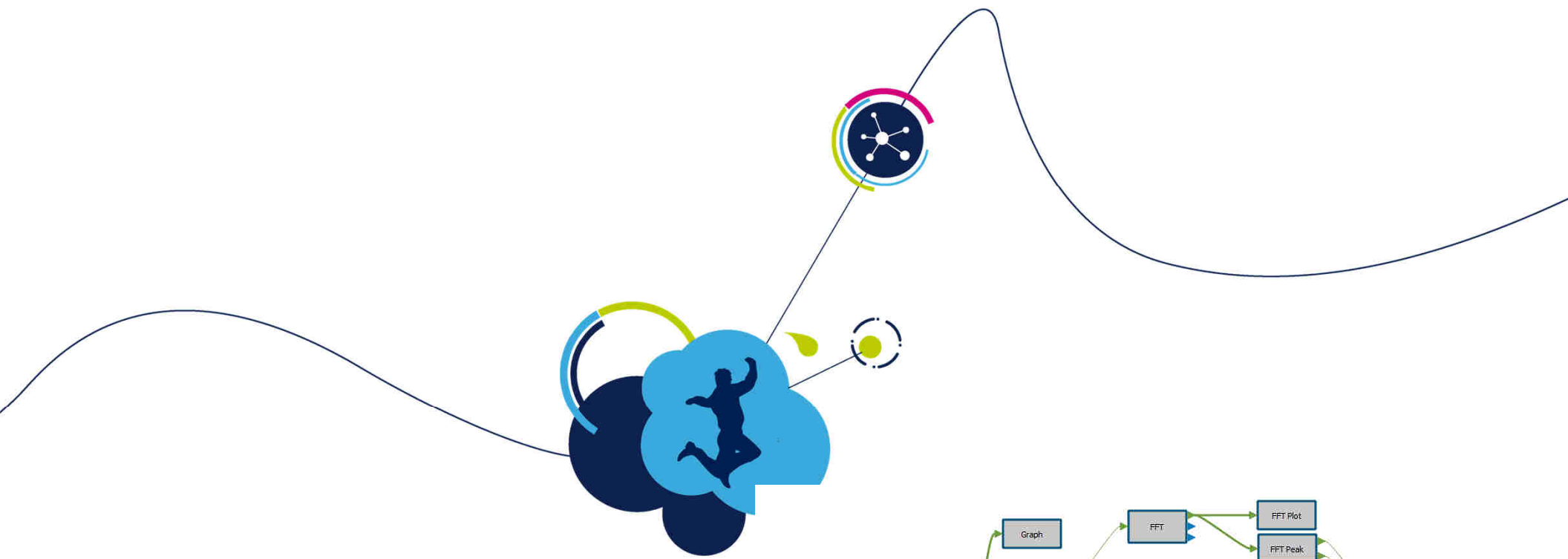


2. Click Start to run the application

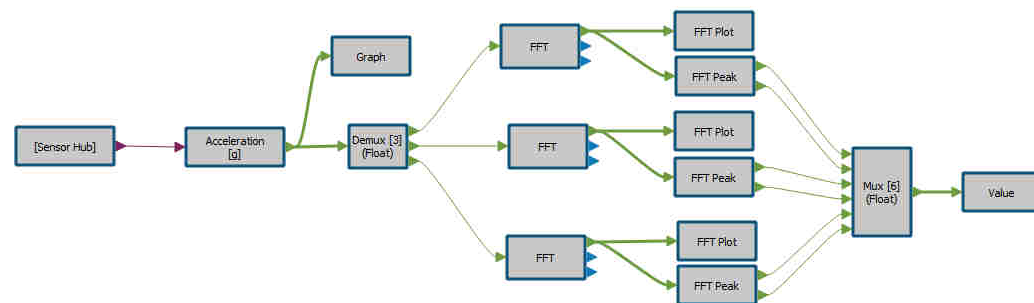
3. Open all windows

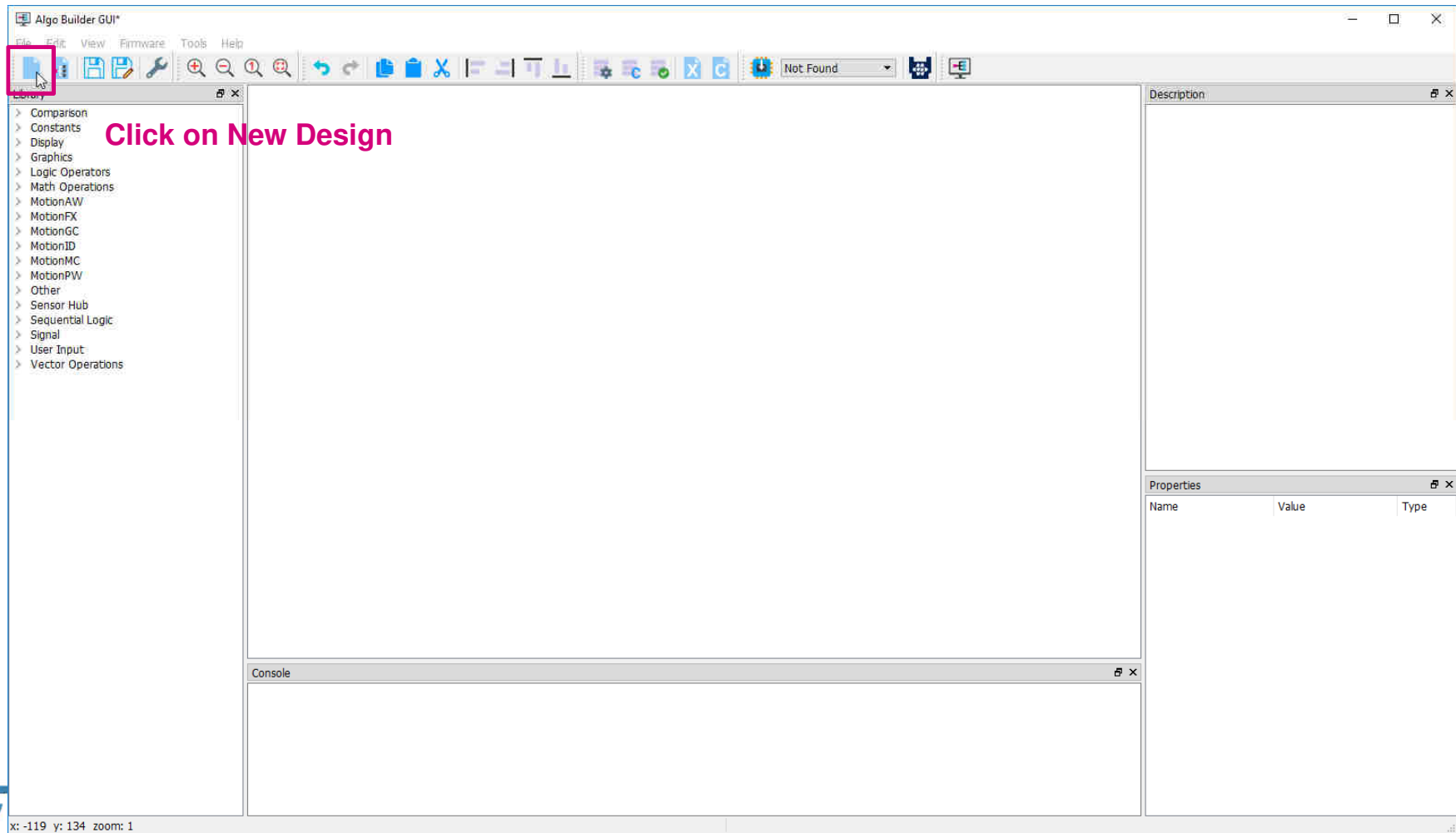
1. Test the functionality.

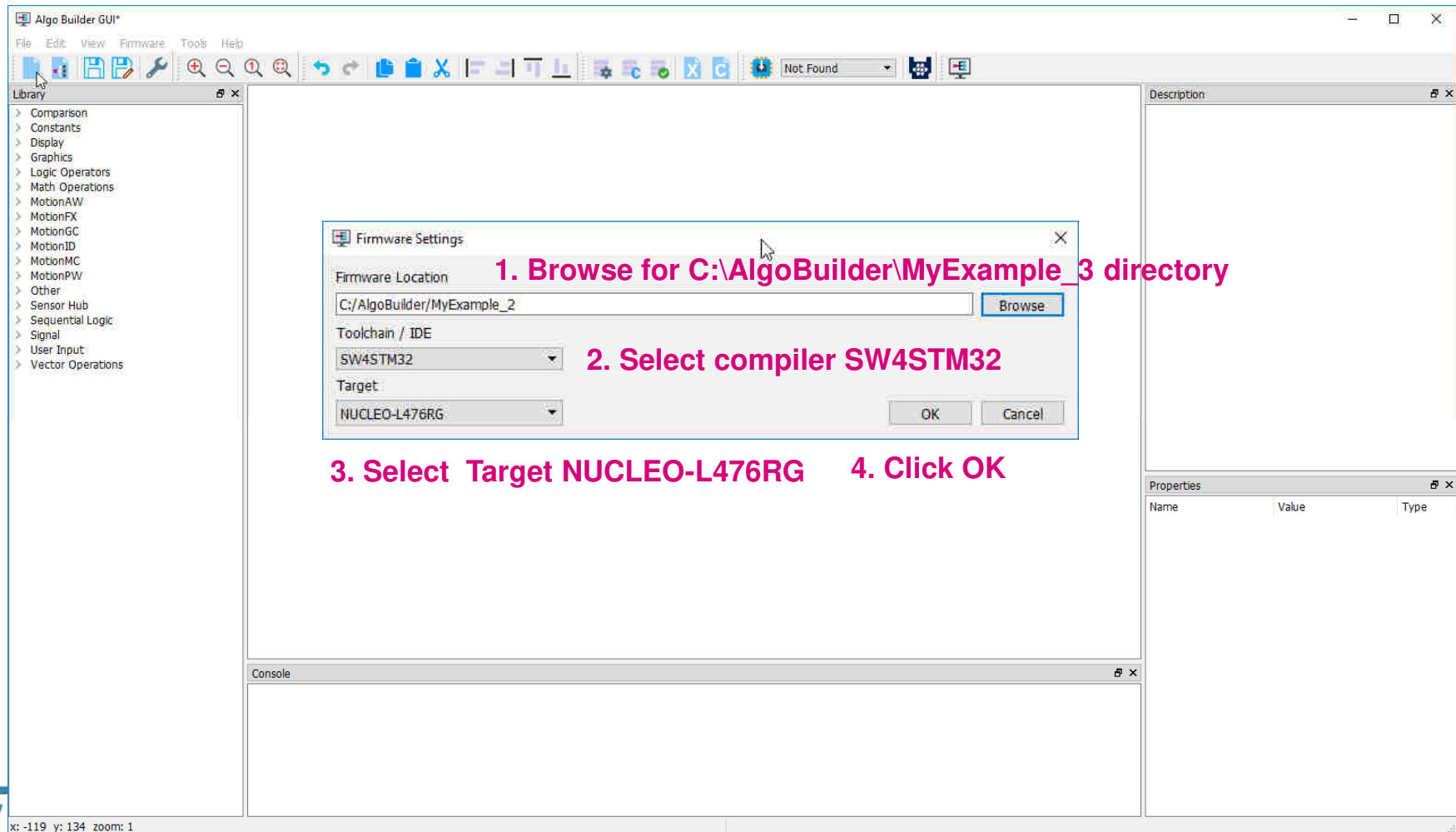




Demo 3 FFT Analysis







The screenshot shows the Algo Builder GUI with the following components:

- Library:** A tree view on the left containing categories like Comparison, Constants, Display, Graphics, Logic Operators, Math Operations, MotionAW, MotionFX, MotionGC, MotionID, MotionMC, MotionPW, Other, and Sensor Hub. Under Sensor Hub, various sensors are listed, including Acceleration [g], Angular Rate [dps], Humidity [percent], Magnetic Field [uT], Pressure [hPa], and Temperature [°C].
- Workspace:** The central area where components are placed. A [Sensor Hub] component is shown with a red box around it and an arrow pointing to it.
- Description:** A panel on the right showing the details of the [Sensor Hub] component, including its version (1.0), output pins, and properties.
- Properties:** A table at the bottom right showing the configuration of the [Sensor Hub] component.

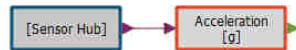
1. Place [Sensor Hub] to workspace

2. Change Accelerometer Full Scale to 4g

3. Output Data Rate ODR 100Hz

Name	Value	Type
Data Rate Control	Timer	ENUM
Data Rate	100	INT
Accelerometer Full Scale	4 g	ENUM
Gyroscope Full Scale	500 dps	ENUM

Add Acceleration [g] function block



Description

Acceleration [g]

Version: 1.0

Retrieve the accelerometer data.

Input Pins:

SensorHubHandle (void x 1):

Connect to Sensor Hub output.

Output Pins:

data (float x 3):

Accelerometer data (acceleration) in g unit.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
------	-------	------

1. Add Graph function block

3. Connect

2. Set properties

Graph

Version: 2.0
Graph. Displays up to six real-time curves. The X-axis represents time, Y-axis is value.

Input Pins:
in (variant x 3):
Input data to plot (y-axis value). The input data size has to match with number of curves.

Properties:
Number of Curves (int):
Defines number of curves to plot. Value must be from 1 to 6.
Range: <1, 6>
Graph Name (string):
Label of the graph.
Waveform 1 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 1.
Waveform 2 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 2.
Waveform 3 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 3.
Waveform 4 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 4.
Waveform 5 Name (string):
Name of the waveform 5.

Name	Value	Type
Number of Curves	3	INT
Graph Name	Acceleration	STRING
Waveform 1 Name	X axis	STRING
Waveform 2 Name	Y axis	STRING
Waveform 3 Name	Z axis	STRING
Unit Name	[g]	STRING
Zero axis position	Middle	ENUM
Auto-scale	ON	ENUM
Full Scale	4	STRING

1. Add Demux Float function block from the Other Library

2. Set properties 3 outputs

3. Connect

The screenshot shows the AlgoBuilder GUI with a block diagram and the properties of the Demux (Float) block.

Block Diagram:

```
graph LR; SH["[Sensor Hub]"] --> Acc["Acceleration [a]"]; Acc --> Graph["Graph"]; Acc --> Demux["Demux [3] (Float)"];
```

Demux (Float) Block Properties:

Description:
Version: 1.0
Float demultiplexer. Creates individual scalar outputs from input array.

Input Pins:
in1 (float x 3):
Input.

Output Pins:
out1 (float x 1):
Output 1.
out2 (float x 1):
Output 2.
out3 (float x 1):
Output 3.

Properties:
Number of outputs (int):
Range: <2, 16>

Name	Value	Type
Number of outputs	3	INT

AlgoBuilder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

Filter:

- Buffers
- Comparison
- Constants
- Display
- FFT
 - FFT Peak Detector
- Graphics
- Library Name
- Logic Operators
- Math Operations
- MotionAW
- MotionFX
- MotionGC
- MotionID
- MotionMC
- MotionPW
- Other
- Pressure
- Sensor Hub
- Sequential Logic
- Signal
- Temperature
- User Input
- Vector Operations

1. Add 3x FFT function block from the FFT Library

2. Set properties 256 data length

3. Connect

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [a]]
    Acc --> Graph[Graph]
    Acc --> Demux[Demux [3] (Float)]
    Demux --> FFT1[FFT]
    Demux --> FFT2[FFT]
    Demux --> FFT3[FFT]
  
```

Description

FFT
Version: 1.0
This block collects data into buffer and if buffer is full computes FFT.

Input Pins:
in (float x 1):
Input data.

Output Pins:
out (float x 512):
Output in the frequency domain.
size (int x 1):
Buffer Size.
full (int x 1):
Buffer full flag. Returns 1 if the buffer is full, 0 otherwise.

Properties:
Data length (float):
Values: 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024
Window Type (int):
Values: None, Hanning, Hamming, Flat Top

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Data length	256	ENUM
Window Type	None	ENUM

Console

1. Add 3x FFT Plot function block from the Display Library

2. Set properties 256 data length & Full Scale 1

3. Connect

Description

FFT Plot
Version: 2.0
Displays FFT plot.

Input Pins:
in (float x 512):
Input in the frequency domain.

Properties:
Plot Name (string):
Label of the plot.
Data length (float):
Values: 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024
Units (string):
Vertical axis units.
Auto-scale (int):
Auto-scale enabled.
Values: OFF, ON
Full Scale (string):
Plot full scale.

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Plot Name	Z axes	STRING
Data length	256	ENUM
Units	Vertical axis units	STRING
Auto-scale	OFF	ENUM
Full Scale	1	STRING

AlgoBuilder GUI - *

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

Filter:

- Buffers
- Comparison
- Constants
- Display
- FFT
 - FFT Peak Detector
- Graphics
- Library Name
- Logic Operators
- Math Operations
- MotionAW
- MotionFX
- MotionGC
- MotionID
- MotionMC
- MotionPW
- Other
- Pressure
- Sensor Hub
- Sequential Logic
- Signal
- Temperature
- User Input
- Vector Operations

1. Add 3x FFT PEAK function block from the FFT Library

2. Set properties 256 data length

3. Connect

Description

FFT Peak Detector
Version: 1.0
This block detects maximum amplitude in the frequency spectrum.

Input Pins:
in (float x 512):
Input data.

Output Pins:
amplitude (float x 1):
Maximum amplitude in the frequency spectrum.
frequency (float x 1):
Frequency with the maximum amplitude.

Properties:
Data length (float):
Values: 32, 64, 128, 256, 512, 1024
Exclude DC (int):
Exclude DC component from maximum amplitude evaluation.
Values: NO, YES

Properties

Name	Value	Type
Data length	256	ENUM
Exclude DC	NO	ENUM

Console

1. Add MUX float function block from the Other Library

2. Set properties 6 inputs

3. Connect

Mux (Float)
Version: 1.0
Float multiplexer. Creates array from scalar inputs.

Input Pins:
in1 (float x 1): Input 1.
in2 (float x 1): Input 2.
in3 (float x 1): Input 3.
in4 (float x 1): Input 4.
in5 (float x 1): Input 5.
in6 (float x 1): Input 6.

Output Pins:
out (float x 6): Output.

Properties:
Number of inputs (int): 6
Range: <2, 16>

Name	Value	Type
Number of inputs	6	INT

1. Add MUX float function block from the Other Library

2. Set properties 6 values and the labels

3. Connect

The screenshot shows the AlgoBuilder GUI with a block diagram and the properties panel for a 'Value' block.

Block Diagram:

```

graph LR
    SH[Sensor Hub] --> Acc[Acceleration [g]]
    Acc --> Graph[Graph]
    Acc --> Demux[Demux [3] (Float)]
    Demux --> FFT1[FFT]
    Demux --> FFT2[FFT]
    Demux --> FFT3[FFT]
    FFT1 --> FFTPlot1[FFT Plot]
    FFT1 --> FFTPeak1[FFT Peak]
    FFT2 --> FFTPlot2[FFT Plot]
    FFT2 --> FFTPeak2[FFT Peak]
    FFT3 --> FFTPlot3[FFT Plot]
    FFT3 --> FFTPeak3[FFT Peak]
    FFTPlot1 --> Mux[Mux [6] (Float)]
    FFTPeak1 --> Mux
    FFTPlot2 --> Mux
    FFTPeak2 --> Mux
    FFTPlot3 --> Mux
    FFTPeak3 --> Mux
    Mux --> Value[Value]
  
```

Properties Panel:

Description:

Value
Version: 2.0
Displays up to eight integer values.

Input Pins:
in (variant x 6);
Input data to display. The input data size has to match with number of values.

Properties:
Number of Values (int):
Defines number of values to display. Value must be from 1 to 8.
Range: <1, 8>
Window Name (string):
Label of the values window.
Value 1 Name (string):
Label of the value 1.
Value 2 Name (string):
Label of the value 2.
Value 3 Name (string):
Label of the value 3.
Value 4 Name (string):
Label of the value 4.
Value 5 Name (string):
Label of the value 5.
Value 6 Name (string):
Label of the value 6.
Value 7 Name (string):
Label of the value 7.
Value 8 Name (string):
Label of the value 8.
Unit 1 Name (string):
Unit of the value 1.

Properties Table:

Name	Value	Type
Number of Values	6	INT
Window Name	Values	STRING
Value 1 Name	X	STRING
Value 2 Name	Xpeak	STRING
Value 3 Name	Y	STRING
Value 4 Name	Y peak	STRING
Value 5 Name	Zpeak	STRING
Value 6 Name	Z	STRING
Unit 1 Name	Unit 1	STRING
Unit 2 Name	Unit 2	STRING
Unit 3 Name	Unit 3	STRING
Unit 4 Name	Unit 4	STRING
Unit 5 Name	Unit 5	STRING
Unit 6 Name	Unit 6	STRING

AlgoBuilder GUI - FFT_Mauro.xml

File Edit View Firmware Tools Help

Library

Filter:

Library Name

Function Block Name

Logic Operators

Math Operations

MotionAW

MotionFX

MotionGC

MotionID

MotionMC

MotionPW

Other

Counter

Demux (Float)

Demux (Int)

Feedback (Float)

Feedback (Int)

Float To Int

Int To Float

Mux (Float)

Mux (Int)

Switch (Float)

Switch (Int)

Pressure

Sensor Hub

Acceleration [g]

Angular Rate [dps]

Humidity [percent]

Magnetic Field [uT]

Pressure [hPa]

Temperature [°C]

Timestamp [ms]

Sequential Logic

Set-Reset Flip Flop

Signal

Derivator

Feature Computation

FIR Filter

Gain

IIR Filter

Integrator

Moving Average

Peak Detector

Pulse Generator

Pulse Width

Signal Delay

Zero Crossing

Temperature

Celsius to Fahrenheit

Fahrenheit to Celsius

User Input

Input Value (Binary)

Input Value (Float)

Input Value (Int)

Vector Operations

Magnitude

Normalize

1. Connect STM32 Nucleo to your PC

2. Click on Program STM32 Nucleo

4. Open Unicleo-GUI

3. Wait till the board is programmed

Graph

Acceleration [g]

Demux [3] (Float)

FFT

FFT Plot

FFT Peak

Mux [6] (Float)

Value

Console

```
make --no-print-directory post-build
Generating binary:
arm-none-eabi-objcopy -O binary "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf" "STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.bin" & arm-none-eabi-size --format=berkeley STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf
text      data      bss       dec       hex       filename
280632     5776      71536    357944    57638     STM32L4xx-Nucleo-Project.elf

22:26:18 Build Finished (took 45s.439ms)
Invoking scanner config builder on project
!SESSION 2018-10-25 22:25:22.445 .....
Build Process Finished
FW binary file programmed successfully!
IDE: SW-4STM32 Target: STM32L476RG Drive: D: NODE_L476RG
```

Properties

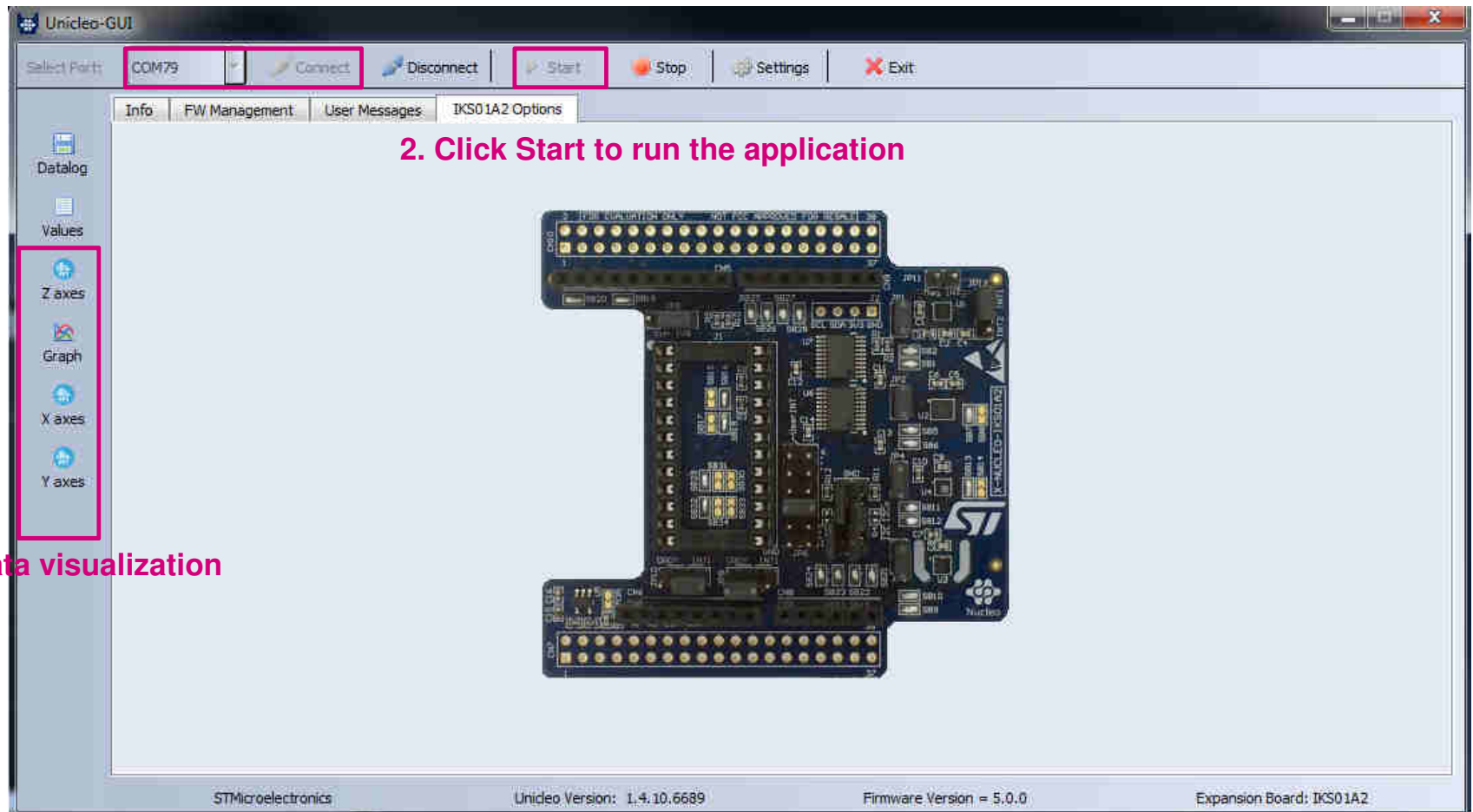
Name	Value	T

ST

life.augmented

x: 213 y: 494 zoom: 1

1. Check the boards is connected to Unicleo GUI



2. Click Start to run the application

3. Open data visualization

1. Test the functionality.

2. Remove the DC

3. Move the board

4. FFT , check the peak and frequency

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ST MEMS complete software solution

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From drivers to software development tools

Low-level Drivers

Standard C Platform Independent drivers

Windows drivers

Linux drivers



[MEMS and Sensors Software - STMicroelectronics](#)

X-CUBE-MEMS-XT1
X-CUBE_MEMS1

Development Tool based on Low level drivers

Runs on STM32

Sample implementation of device embedded features



[Go to st.com](#)

Libraries

Generic SW libraries

Accuracy, Calibration, Positioning, Activity tracking, Health monitoring

Dedicated SW libraries



[Open.MEMS - STMicroelectronics](#)

AlgoBuilder Tool

Dedicated software Tool for libraries development

Graphical design apps to build and use algorithms

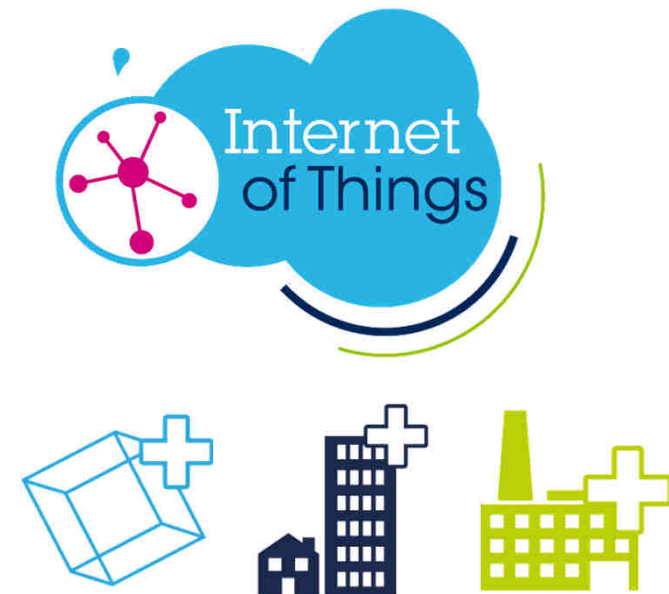


[Go to ST.com](#)

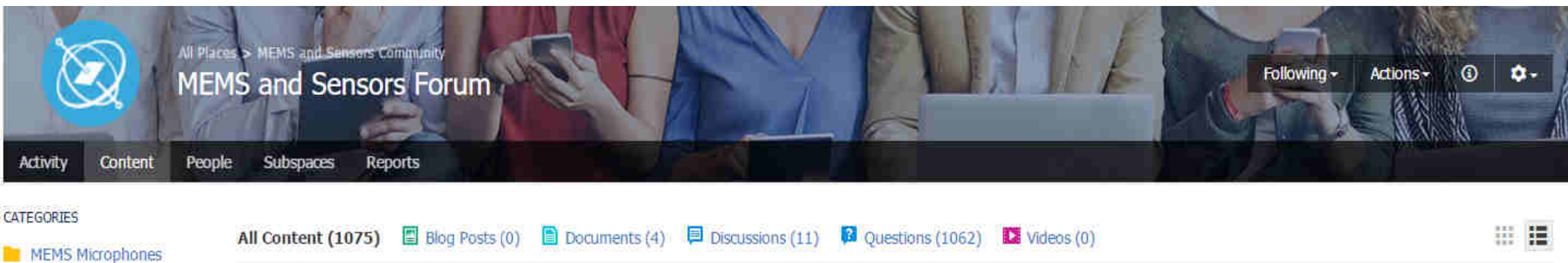
Takeaways

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- Internet of Things offers many opportunities for ST from Sensor to Cloud
- ST has all the building blocks for the IoT
 - MEMS and Analog portfolio from consumer to industrial applications
 - AlgoBuilder allows fast proof of concept of Sensor based algorithms
- We keep the commitment on MEMS innovation
- Our constantly expanding development ecosystem makes design fast



ST Community – Mass Market Support 111



Mass Market Support: **MEMS Forum**

For more information on sensors: **www.st.com/sensors**

Information on longevity: **10yr Longevity Program**

Android / Linux / Open Drivers: **Drivers for MEMS**

Thank You!

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