# STM32WB Wireless MCUs BLE 5 and IEEE 802.15.4

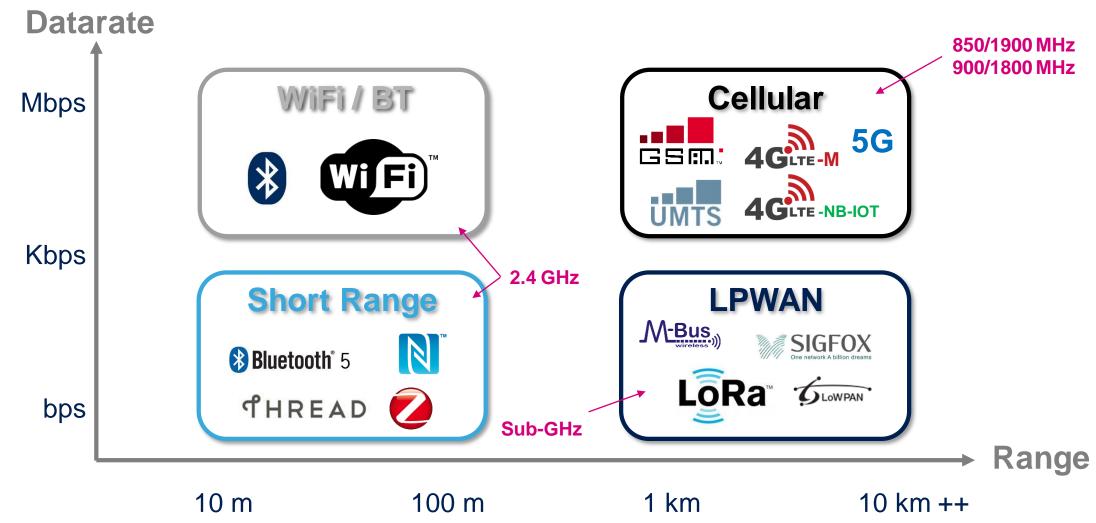
Alec Bath Microcontroller Applications Manager







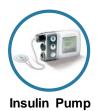
# Communication Technologies







## Low-data rate apps





Hearing aid











Watches

Heating/Cooling

Door lock



**Glasses** 





**Fitness** 







White goods

**Smoke detectors** 

Lighting

**Bluetooth LE** 

Point-to-point communication with smartphones and other wireless devices

BLE Mesh / 802.15.4 Home automation with Mesh network need





# Your Smartphone is your GUI!

















## BLE & 802.15.4

BLE4.1

### **BlueNRG-MS**

ARM Cortex-M0 Core

RX: 7.3m A TX: 8.2m A

Sensitivity: -88dBm

NETWORK PROCESSOR

**BLE4.2** 

#### BlueNRG-1/2

ARM Cortex-M0 Core

160KB / 256KB Flash 24KB RAM

I2C, SPI, UART, ADC

RX: 7.3m A TX: 8.2m A

Sensitivity: -88dBm

**BLE5.0** 

#### **BlueNRG-LP**

ARM Cortex-M0+Core

256KB Flash 48KB RAM

I2C, SPI, UART, ADC

RX: 3.8m A TX: 5.5m A

Sensitivity: -96dBm

BLE5.0 IEEE 802.15.4

#### STM32WB

ARM Cortex-M4F Core

1MB Flash 256KB RAM I2C, SPI, UART, QSPI, USB, ADC, LCD

ARM Cortex-M0+ Core

RX: 3.8mA TX: 5.5mA

Sensitivity: -96dBm

SINGLE-CORE

**DUAL-CORE** 

APPLICATIONS PROCESSOR





# STM32WB Key Takeaways



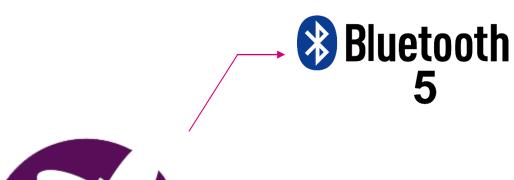








# Multiprotocol



- Fully certified
- 2Mbps
- BLE Mesh







- Zigbee 3.0
- OpenThread
- Concurrent BLE + OpenThread

2.4 GHz Open

OpenMAC



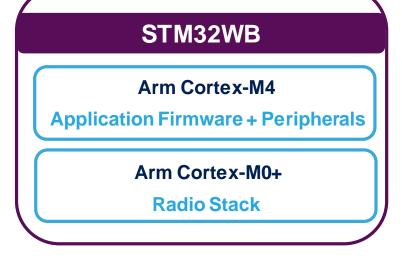


## **Dual-Core**

# Mono-core CPU -x Application Firmware + Peripherals + Radio stack

#### Drawbacks

- Time sharing
- Companion MCU?



### Benefits

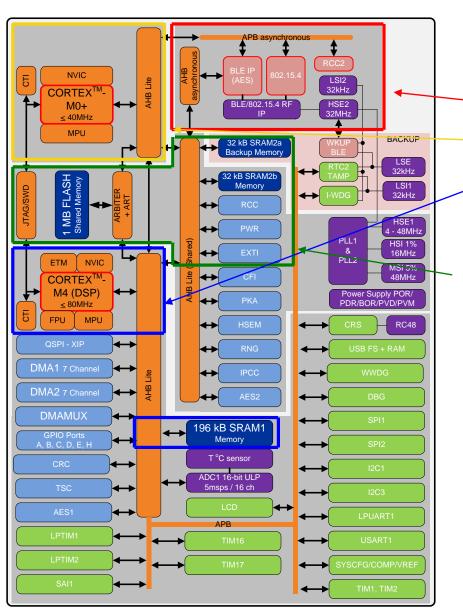
- Single-die SoC solution
- Lower power
- Cost
- Time-to-market







## Architecture



- 3 autonomous sub-systems
  - Radio sub-system
  - Cortex-M0+ (CPU2)
  - Cortex-M4 (CPU1)

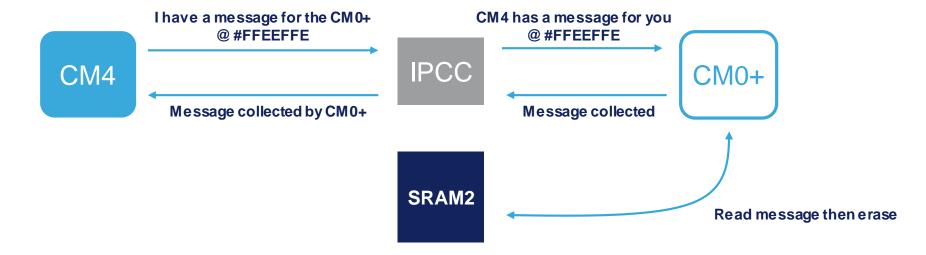
- Common run domain
  - Flash, SRAM2, RCC, PWR, EXTI





## Dual core – How does that work?

- HSEM: Hardware Semaphore prevent shared resource access conflicts
- IPCC: Inter Processor Communication Controller

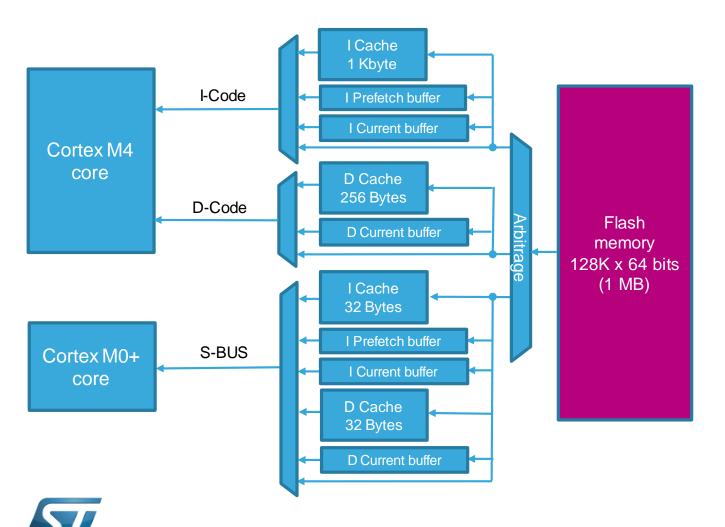




IPCC works in both directions



## ART Accelerator™



## Cortex-M4

- Instruction cache = 32 lines of 4x64 bits
- Data cache = 8 lines of 4x64 bits
- Pre-fetch buffer

## Cortex-M0+

- **Instruction cache** = 4 lines of 1x64 bits
- Data cache = 4 lines of 1x64 bits
- Pre-fetch buffer

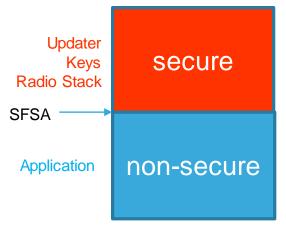


# Security

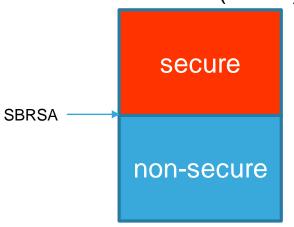
## User Flash (1MB)

System Flash

non-secure



SRAM2a (32KB)



**SRAM1 (192KB)** 



AES1

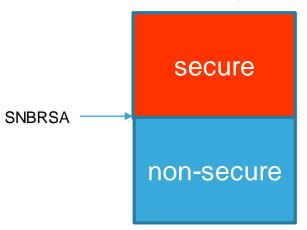
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RNG

SRAM2b (32KB)



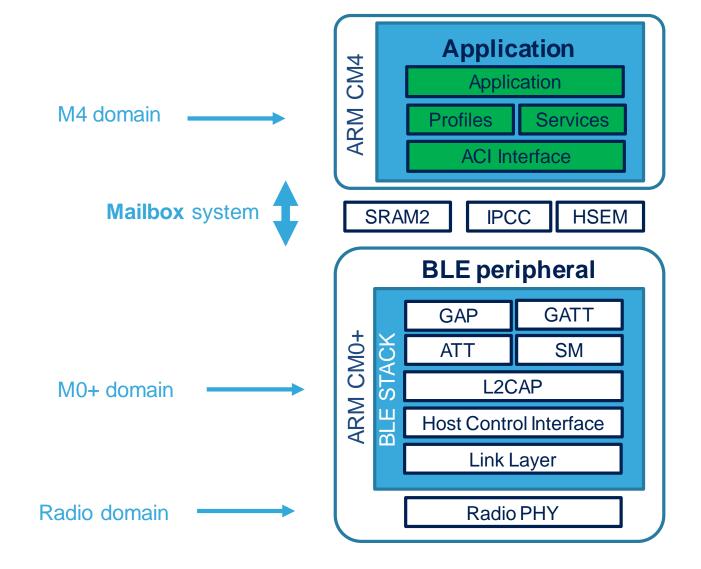
life.augmented

**Boot loader** 

Securable by register bit



# Protocol Stack layers





# Classic vs Low Energy

100X lower power

Longer range

Fast connection (only 3 advertising channels to scan)

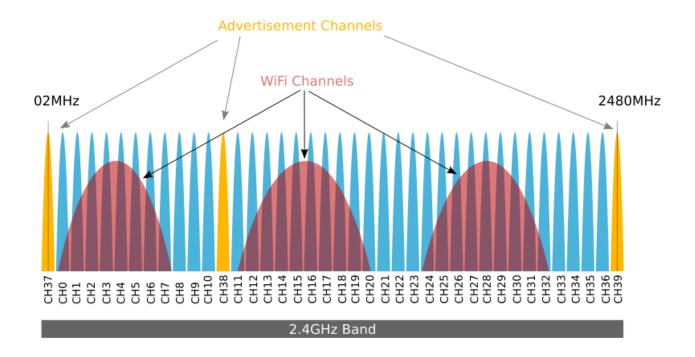
Relaxed RF requirements

Comparison of Classic and Low Energy						
	Classic (BR/EDR)	Low Energy (LE)				
Application	Cell phones, headsets, stereo/audio streaming, automotive (handsfree), PCs, etc.	Smartwatches, sport & fitness, home electronics, automation, industry, healthcare, smartphones, etc.				
Voice	Yes	No				
RF band ISM	2 4 GHz	2.4 GHz				
Energy consumption	Reference	0.50.01 times Classic as reference				
Coverage	10 m	≥ 10 m				
Power	3 classes (max.):	max. + 20 dBm four informative classes				
Connection	Inquiry Yes, always hopping	Advertising Connection only if necessary, then hopping				
Connection setup	100 ms	6 ms				
RF channels	79 with 1 MHz spacing	40 with 2 MHz spacing  3 advertising  40 with 2 MHz spacing  40 with 2 MHz spacing				
Modulation	GFSK  • BT = 0.5  • Deviation = 160 kHz  • Mod index = 0.280.35  π/4-DQPSK  8DPSK	GFSK  BT = 0.5  Deviation = 250 kHz or 500 kHz  Mod index = 0.450.55  Stab Mod index = 0.4950.505				
Gross data rate	13 Mbit/s	12 Mbit/s				
Application data rate	0.72.1 Mbit/s	0.20.6 Mbit/s				



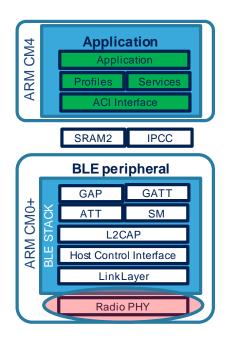
## Strategically placed advertising channels

## Remaining 37 channels are data channels



	BLE	Classic		
	BLE	BR	EDR	
Modulation	GFSK 0.45 to 0.55	GFSK 0.28 to 0.35	DQPSK / 8DSPK	
Data Rate	1Mbit/s	1 Mbit/s	2 and 3 Mbit/s	
Channels	40	79	79	
Spacing	2MHz	1MHz	-	







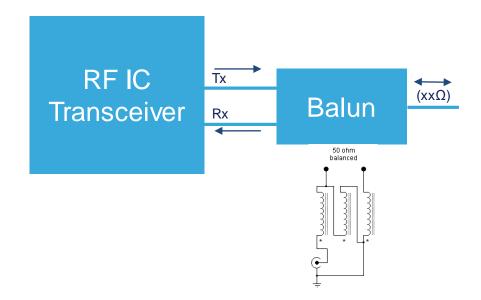
**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

**Matching Network** –  $50 \Omega$  impedance transformation



**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

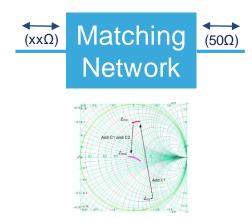
**Matching Network** –  $50 \Omega$  impedance transformation





**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

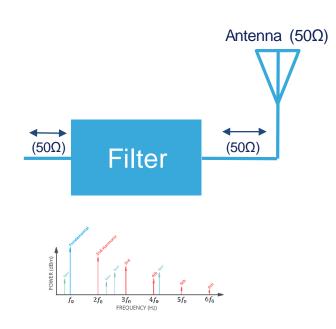
**Matching Network** –  $50 \Omega$  impedance transformation





**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

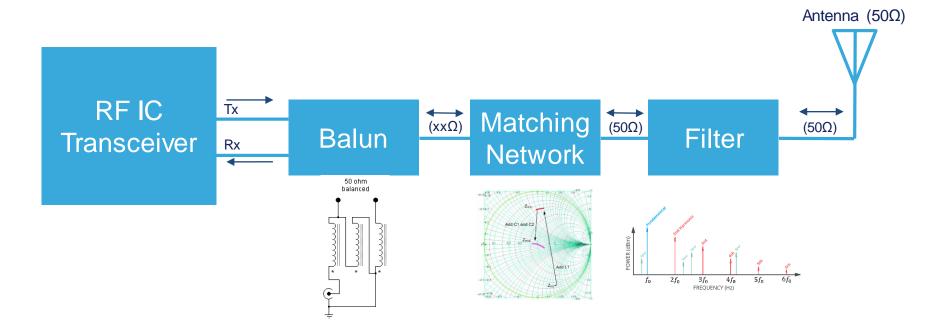
**Matching Network** –  $50 \Omega$  impedance transformation





**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

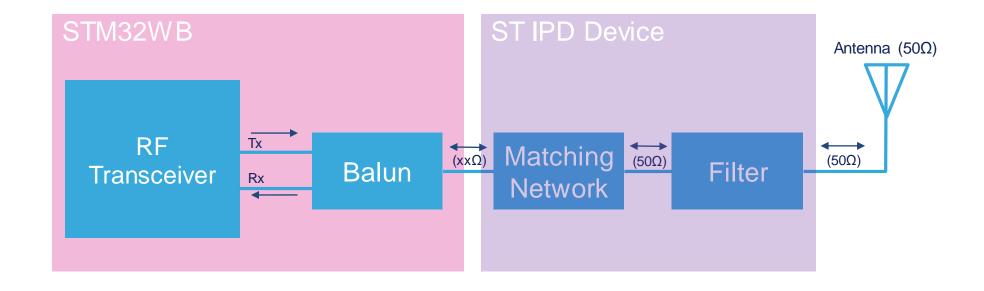
**Matching Network** –  $50 \Omega$  impedance transformation





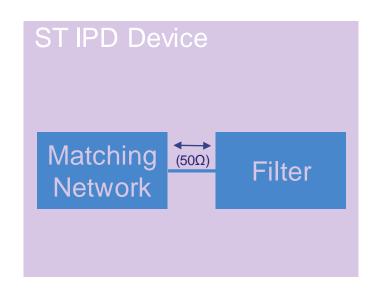
**Balun** – Combine TX and RX signals

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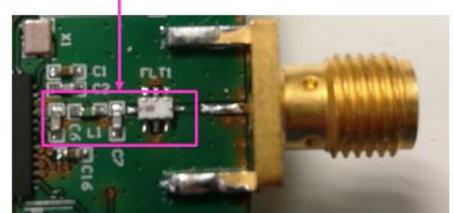


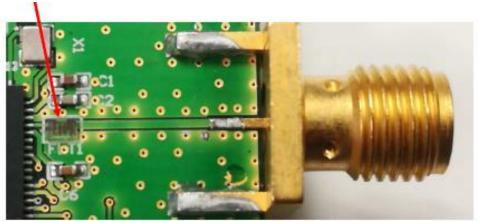
# Matching Network + Harmonic Filter



Discrete network & filter in STM32WB ref design









## IPD Filter

MLPF-WB55-01E3

Datasheet

2.4 GHz low pass filter matched to STM32WB55Cx/Rx

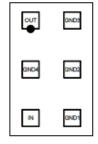


Sampling NOW

**Production in March** 



Top view (pads down)



#### **Features**

- Integrated impedance matching to STM32WB55Cx and STM32WB55Rx
- LGA footprint compatible
- 50  $\Omega$  nominal impedance on antenna side
- Deep rejection harmonics filter
- Low insertion loss
- · Small footprint
- Low thickness ≤ 450 µm
- High RF performance
- RF BOM and area reduction
- ECOPACK<sup>®</sup>2 compliant

## **Applications**

- Bluetooth 5
- OpenThread
- Zigbee®
- IEEE 802.15.4
- Optimized for STM32WB55Cx and STM32WB55Rx

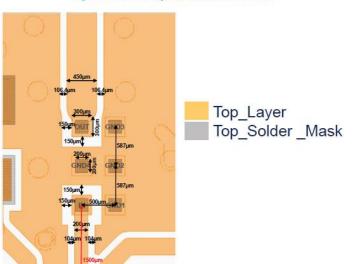


## BOTTOM VIEW (pads up) SIDE VIEW Coating 25µm

## 1mm x 1.6mm CSP

Table 4. Bumpless CSP package mechanical data

Parameter	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Х	X dimension of the die	975	1000	1025	μm
Υ	Y dimension of the die	1575	1600	1625	μm
Α	X pitch		500		μm
В	Y pitch		587		μm



## IPD Filter



#### MLPF-WB55-01E3

2.4 GHz low pass filter matched to STM32WB55Cx/Rx





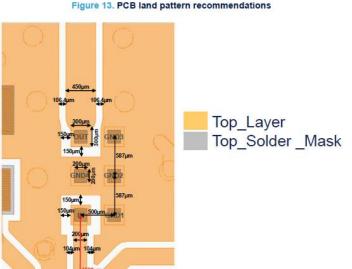


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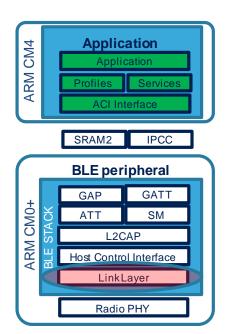






# Link Layer State Machine

- Standby state: Sleep, Stop, Standby
- Advertising is the key to initiating all BLE communications!
- As an Initiator and Advertiser negotiate a Connection, the Initiator becomes a "Master" and Advertiser becomes a "Slave"
- In a Connection
  - The Link-Layer *Master* is also the GAP **Central**
  - The Link-Layer Slave is also the GAP Peripheral





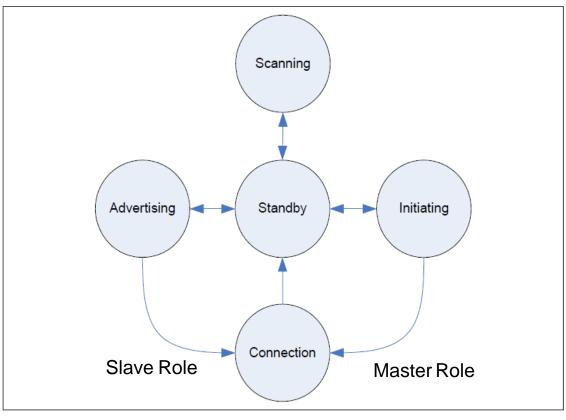
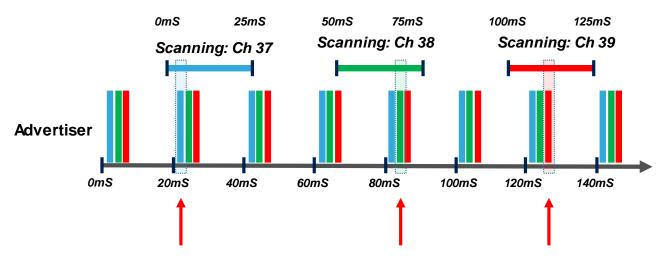
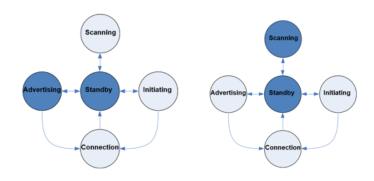


Figure 1.1: State diagram of the Link Layer state machine



# Discovery: Advertising & Scanning





**Discovery Events** 

Advertising on Ch 38:
Advertising on Ch 38:
Advertising on Ch 39:

### Advertiser Settings:

Advertising Interval: 20mS

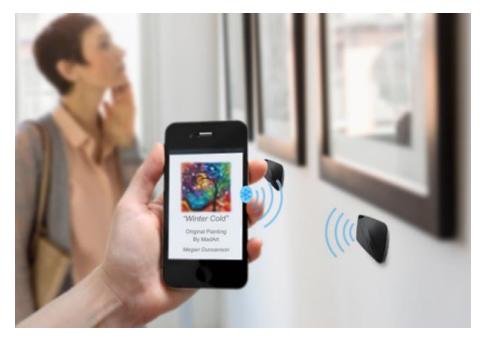
#### **Scanner Settings:**

Scan Interval: 50mSScan Window: 25mS



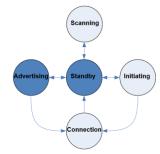
# GAP (Generic Access Profile)

- Roles and Modes
  - Advertising Mode
  - Connected Mode



#### **Broadcaster**

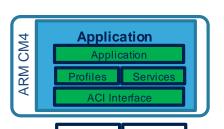
Sends advertising events
Can include characteristics and service data
Doesn't need receiver
Can be discoverable if it does have receiver

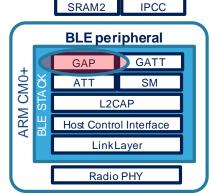


#### Observer

Receives advertising events
Listens for characteristics and service data
Doesn't need transmitter
Can discover devices if it does have transmitter









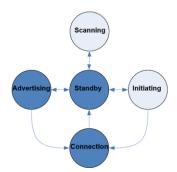
# GAP (Generic Access Profile)

- Roles and Modes
  - Advertising Mode
  - Connected Mode



#### **Peripheral**

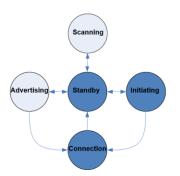
Has transmitter and receiver Always slave Connectable advertising

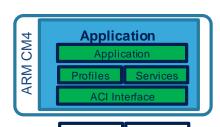


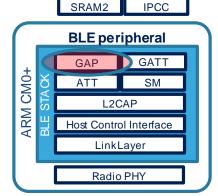


#### Central

Has transmitter and receiver Always master Never advertises







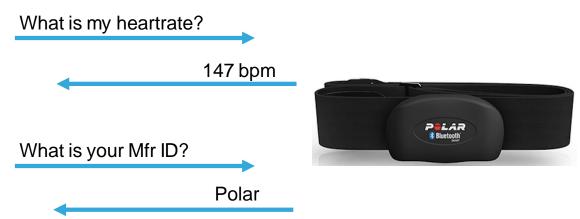


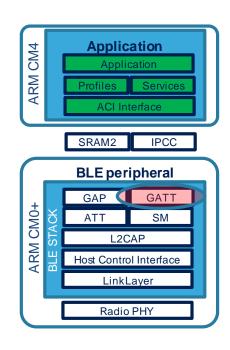
# GATT (Generic Attribute Profile)

GAP Central is also a "GATT Client" GAP Peripheral" is also a "GATT Server"

- Central queries the Services available
  - Peripheral **Services** and **Characteristics** are exposed via its' **GATT** database

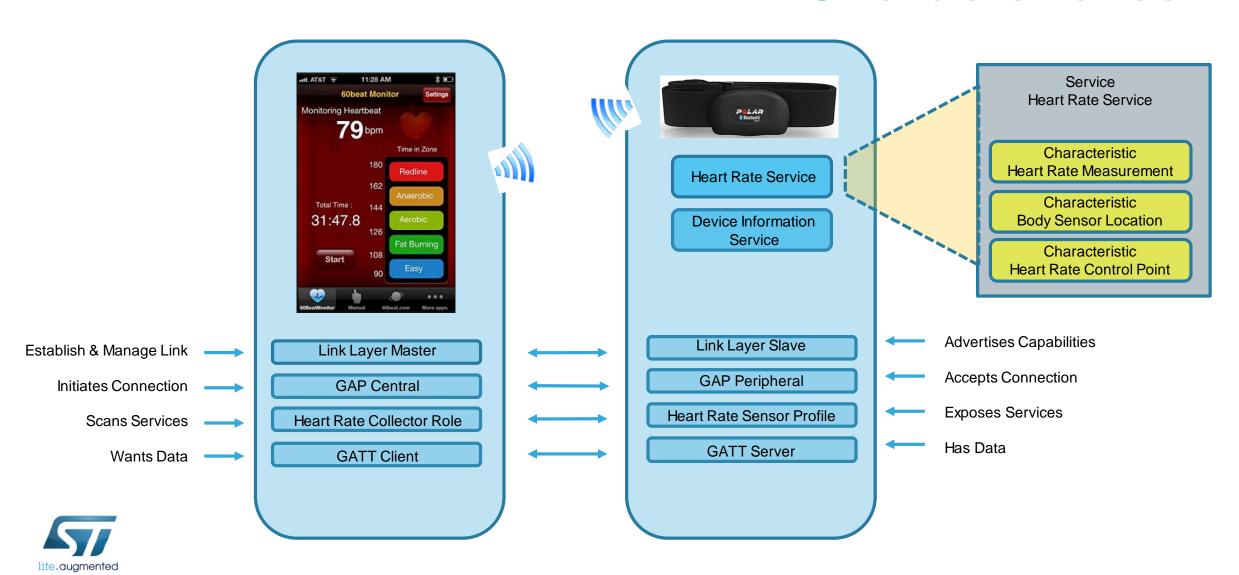








# GATT: Profiles, Services and Characteristics



## Bluetooth SIG



Help & Support

Join the SIG

TECHNOLOGY MARKETS DEVELOP WITH BLUETOOTH SPECIFICATIONS

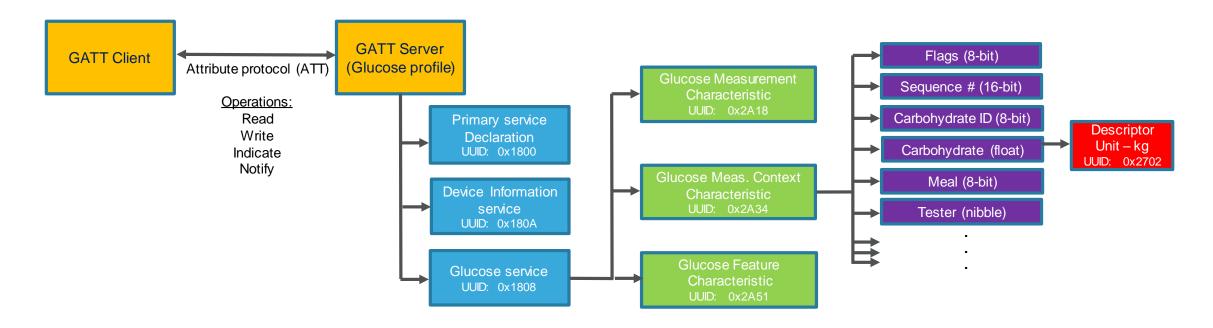
RESOURCES



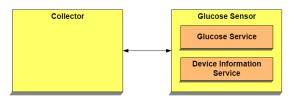


## **GATT Glucose Profile**

## GLP Profile defines two roles: Collector & Glucose Sensor











## Bluetooth MESH

- MESH is application on top of BLE stack
  - "Managed-flood-based" mesh network
- Mesh vs BLE
  - Mesh offers unlimited end-points vs 8 with standard BLE
- Apps:
  - Building automation: Lighting, HVAC, Security
  - Asset tracking
  - Smart waste management





#### 2 Mesh system architecture

This section provides an overview of the mesh network operation and layered system architecture

#### 2.1 Layered architecture

The Mesh Profile specification is defined as a layered architecture as shown in Figure 2.1.

Model Layer

Foundation Model Layer

Access Layer

Upper Transport Layer

Lower Transport Layer

Network Layer

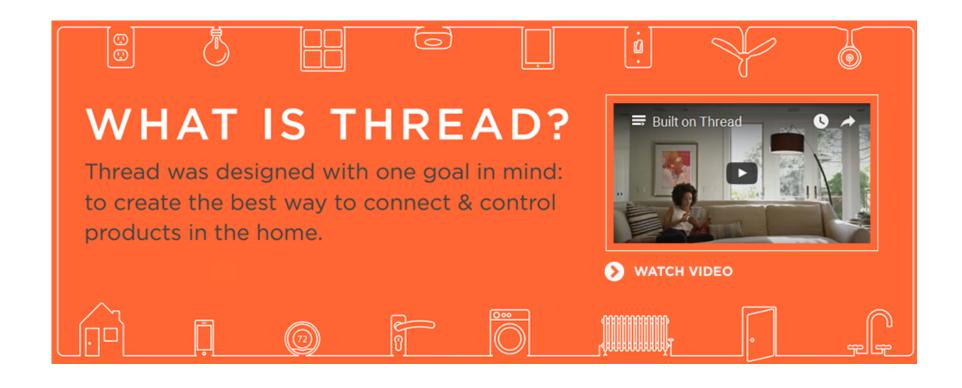
Bearer Layer

Bluetooth Low Energy Core Specification





## Thread







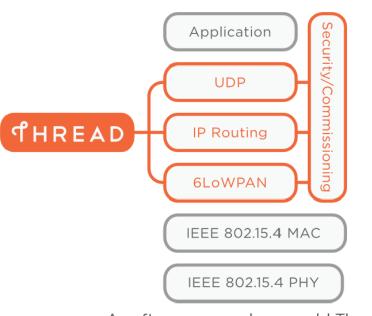
## Thread

## THREAD What it delivers

## A secure wireless mesh network for your home and its connected products

- Built on well-proven, existing technologies
- Uses 6LoWPAN and carries IPv6 natively
- Runs on existing 802.15.4 silicon
- New security architecture to make it simple and secure to add / remove products
- 250+ products per network
- Designed for very low power operation
- Reliable for critical infrastructure

Can support many popular application layer protocols and platforms



A software upgrade can add Thread to currently shipping 802.15.4 products





## **Thread**

## THREAD Direct Addressability of devices

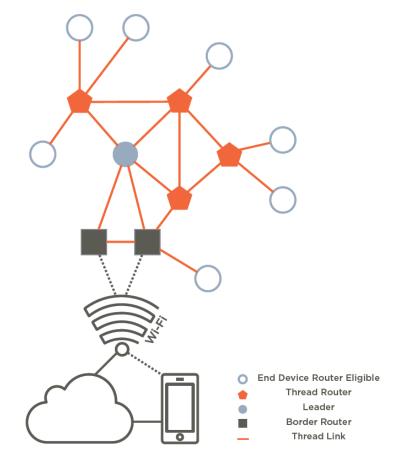
All devices have IPv6 addresses plus short address on HAN

DHCPv6 used for router address assignment

Home Network can directly address devices through Border Routers

Cloud Services can address devices from the Internet

Devices can address local devices on HAN or off network devices using normal IP addressing







## COAP based

#### **Push Button**



COAP request (LED on)







Msg Type: { CON/NON/ACK/RST}

Msg Code: {GET/PUT/POST/ACK}

kCoapTypeNonConfirmable kCoapRequestPut

Dest Addr:

o Port

OuriPath:

FF03::1

5683

"light"





### BLE / Thread Concurrent modes

#### Static Concurrent Mode

→ Switching from BLE to Thread as two exclusive modes

### Dynamic Concurrent Mode

→ Switching from BLE mode to Thread mode within **polling loop** 





### **BLE / Thread Concurrent modes**

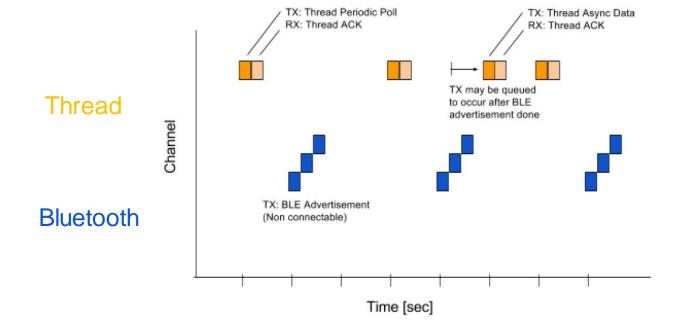
#### Static Concurrent Mode

→ Switching from BLE to Thread as two **exclusive** modes

#### **Dynamic Concurrent Mode**

→ Switching from BLE mode to Thread mode within polling loop

#### Thread + BLE Beacon







### **BLE / Thread Concurrent modes**

#### Static Concurrent Mode

→ Switching from BLE to Thread as two **exclusive** modes

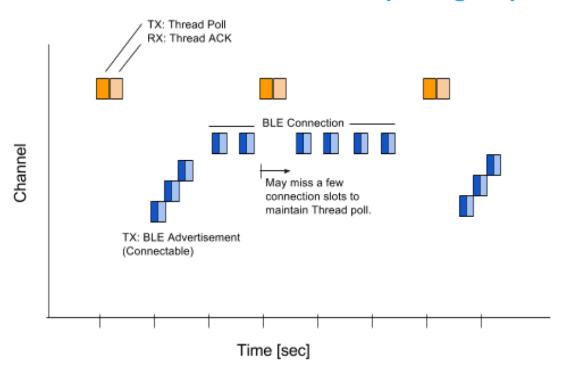
#### **Dynamic Concurrent Mode**

→ Switching from BLE mode to Thread mode within **polling loop** 



**Thread** 

Bluetooth

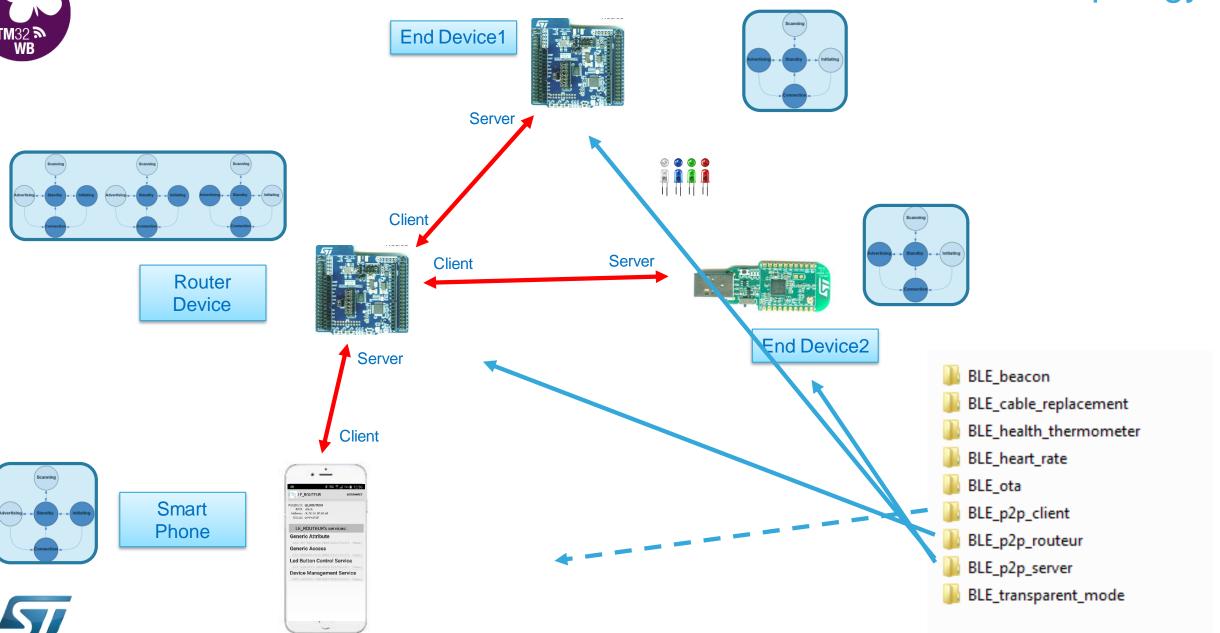






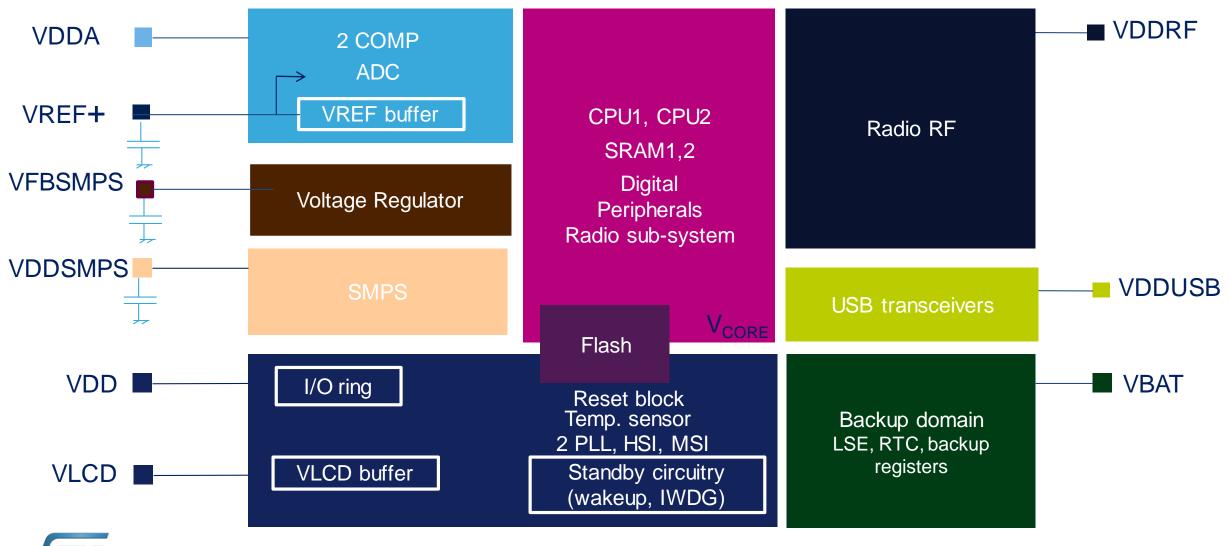
life.augmented

### **BLE Multi-Role Topology**





### Power schemes





### FlexPowerControl

Wake-up time

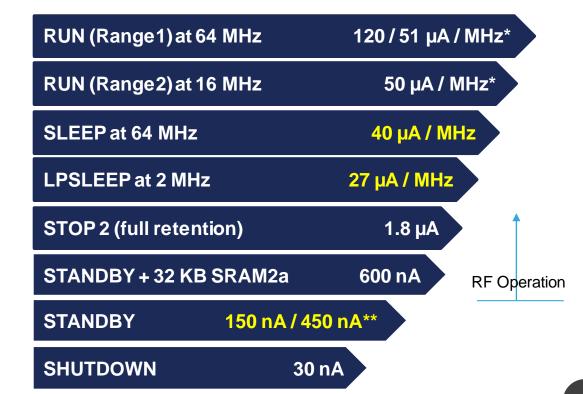
6 cycles

6 cycles

8 µs (18µs)

250 µs

() SMPS mode



Typ @ VDD =1.8 V @ 25 °C

4 nA / 300 nA\*\*

- \* SMPS ON @ 3V
- \*\* with RTC

**VBAT** 

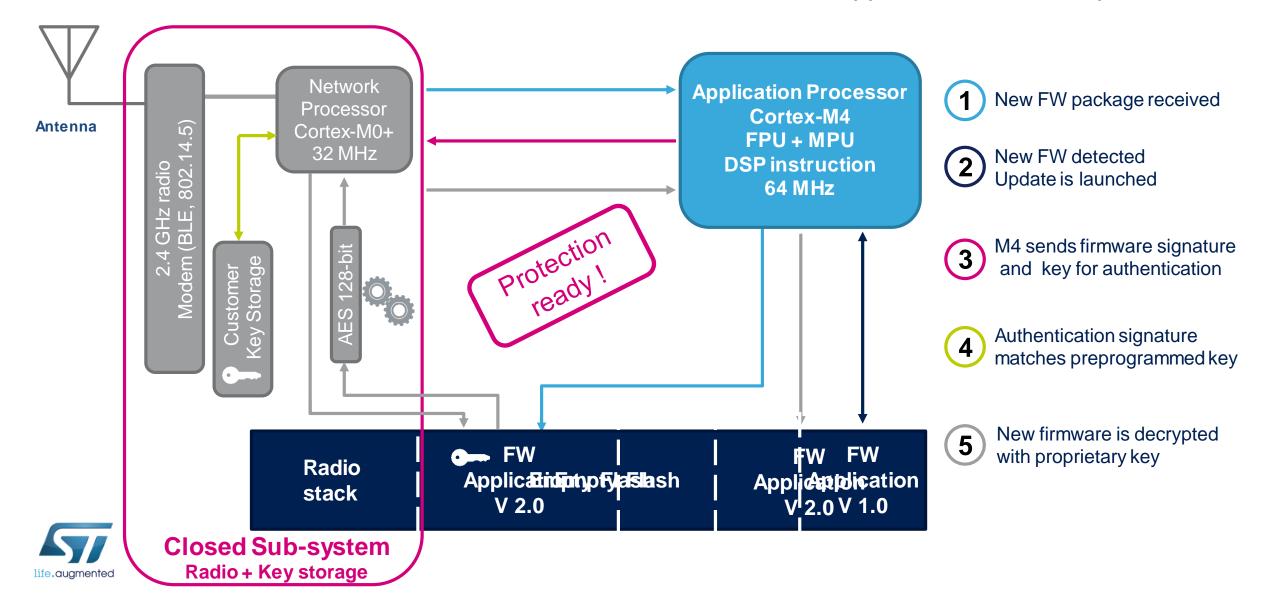
- High performance
  - → CoreMark score = 216
- Outstanding power efficiency
  - → ULPBbench score = 136





## IoT Protection Ready

Radio stack or Application firmware updates





# IoT Protection Ready

Attacks	Attacks description	STM32WB Countermeasures
Non Invasive	<ul> <li>Environment</li> <li>Temp / Voltage / Clocks</li> <li>Fault injection</li> <li>Exploit debugger</li> <li>Side channel</li> <li>Power Analysis</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Temp sensor</li> <li>Power supply monitor</li> <li>Clock security system</li> <li>Tamper pads</li> <li>ECC, Parity check</li> <li>SRAM mass erase</li> <li>Read out protection</li> <li>Flash-only boot</li> </ul>
Software	<ul> <li>Break the encryption</li> <li>Extract keys</li> <li>Exploit debugger / test modes</li> <li>Malware</li> <li>Replay</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Customer Key Storage</li> <li>RNG, Crypto accelerator, CRC</li> <li>Readout / Write memory protections</li> <li>Memory Protection Unit</li> <li>Root Security Service</li> <li>Secure Firmware Update (SFU)</li> <li>96-bit Unique ID</li> </ul>



Nucleo Pack



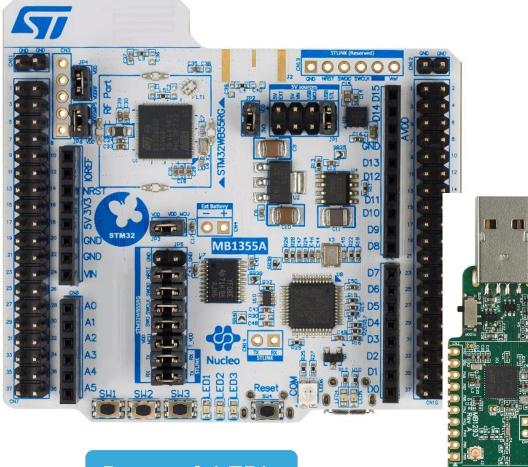


#### 2.4GHz PCB antenna

### Nucleo

STM32WB55RGV6 (VQFPN68)

> Arduino & Morpho Headers



ST-Link/V2-1 (for programming and debugging)

Buttons & LED's



# Dongle

STM32WB55CGU6 (VQFPN48)

GPIO for simple apps



Button & LED's

SWD interface but no ST-Link





STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitorRF

CubeWB HAL Firmware

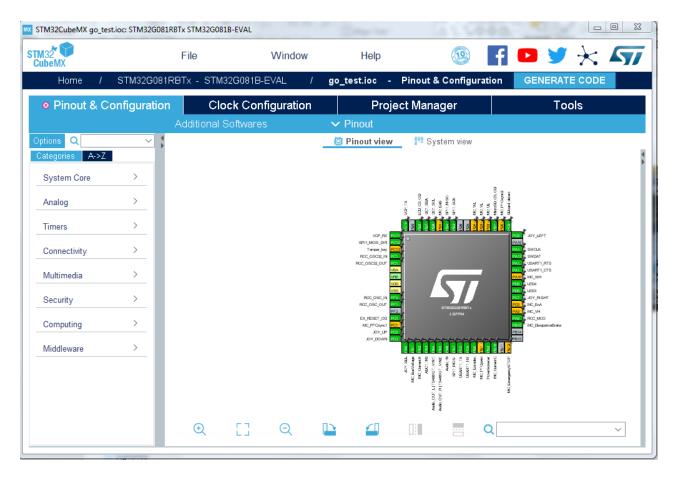


STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitorRF

CubeWB HAL Firmware



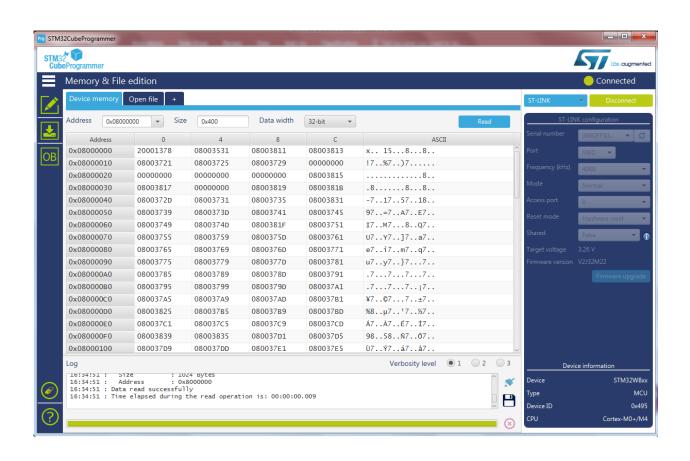


STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitorRF

CubeWB HAL Firmware





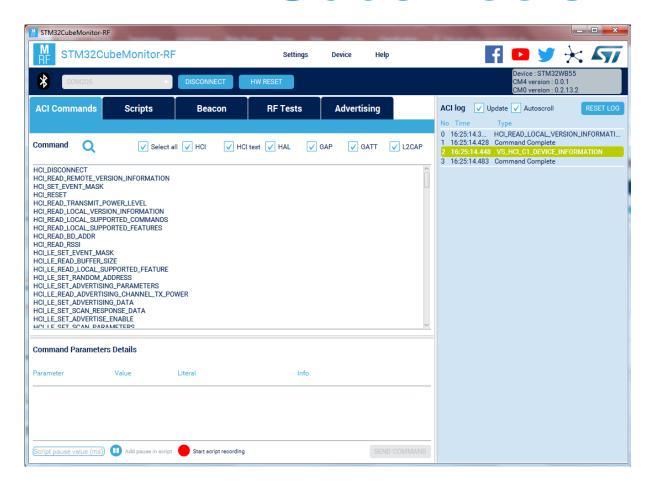
#### STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitorRF

CubeWB HAL Firmware

### Cube Tools





#### STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitor-Power

CubeWB HAL Firmware



### **Bonus Cube Tool!**





STM32CubeMX

STM32CubeProgrammer

STM32CubeMonitorRF

CubeWB HAL Firmware

BSP COMP Cortex CRC CRYP DMA FLASH **GPIO** HAL **HSEM** 12C IWDG LPTIM PKA **PWR** RCC RNG SPI TIM UART WWDG

ADC

- Thread\_Cli\_Cmd
  Thread\_Coap\_DataTransfer
  Thread\_Coap\_Generic
  Thread\_Coap\_MultiBoard
  Thread\_Commissioning
  Thread\_FTD\_Coap\_Multicast
  Thread\_SED\_Coap\_Multicast
  Thread\_Coap\_Generic.zip
- ble\_beacon ble blood pressure ble cable replacement ble\_data\_throughput ble health thermometer ble heart rate ble heart rate freertos ble hid ble ota ble\_p2p\_client ble\_p2p\_routeur ble p2p server ble\_proximity ble\_transparent\_mode
- FreeRTOS\_Mail
  FreeRTOS\_MPU
  FreeRTOS\_Mutexes
  FreeRTOS\_Queues
  FreeRTOS\_Semaphore
  FreeRTOS\_SemaphoreFromISR
  FreeRTOS\_Signal
  FreeRTOS\_SignalFromISR
  FreeRTOS\_ThreadCreation
  FreeRTOS\_Timers

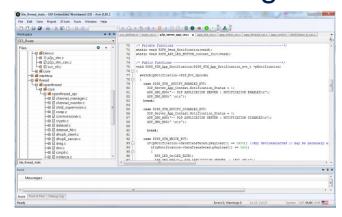


# Iterative Design Process

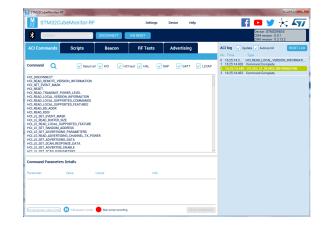
### Configure



### Code & Debug



#### **Test**



#### Measure







### **BOM** cost

#### Silicon cost

- Embedded RF balun
- Few external components
- Simple RF front-end
- Embedded USB crystal
- Capacitive touch controller
- Simple 2-layer PCB

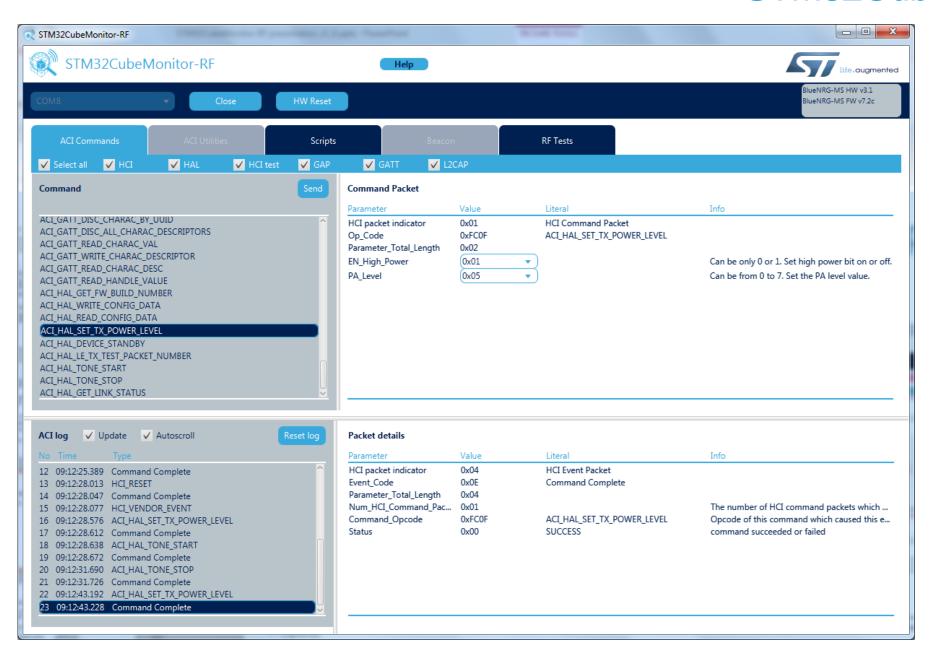
#### **Ecosystem cost**

- BLE 5 stack
- OpenThread stack
- Open 802.14.5 MAC stack
- Zigbee 3.0 (coming soon!)
- STM32CubeMX
- STM32CubeMonitorRF
- Atollic C-compiler IDE





#### STM32CubeMonitorRF

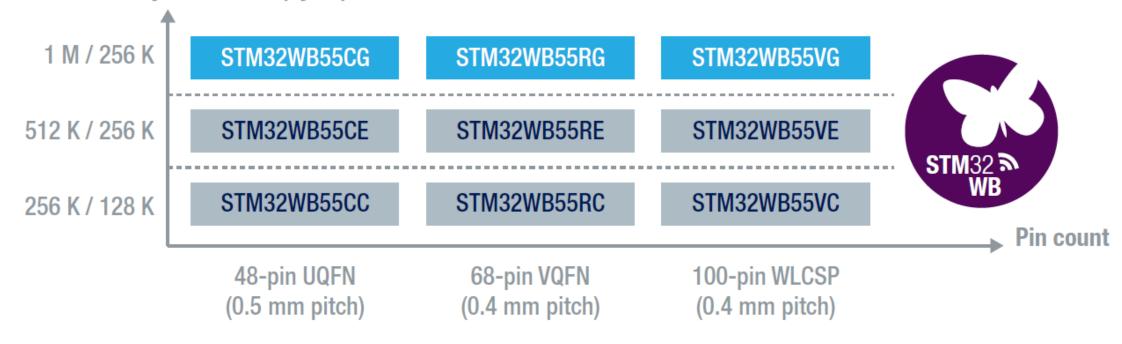






## STM32 offering

#### Flash memory / RAM size (bytes)







# Releasing Your Creativity





www.st.com/stm32wb