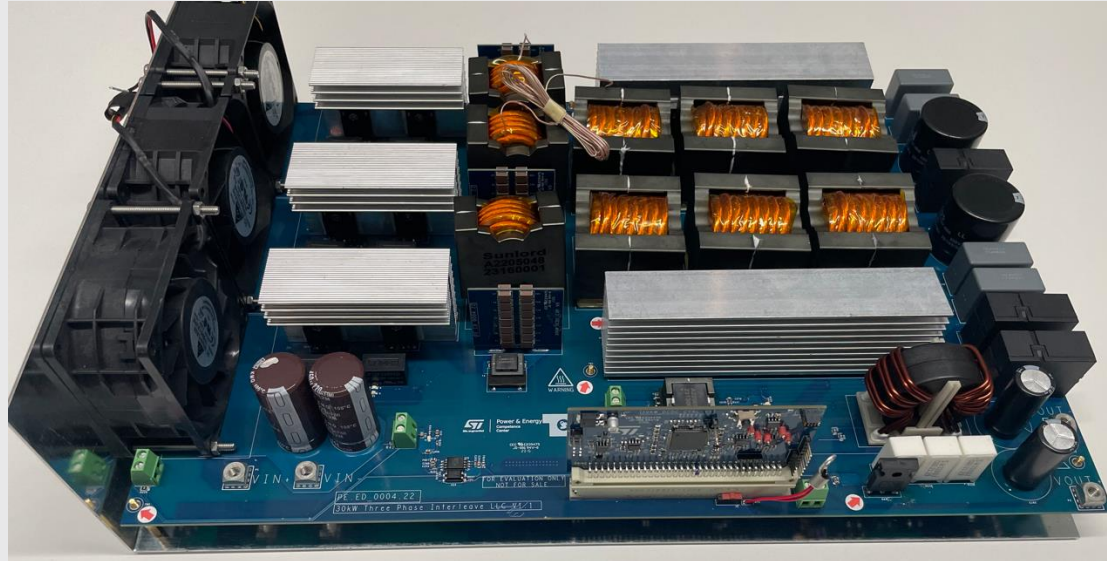




**INDUSTRIAL
SUMMIT 2023**
SHENZHEN, CHINA | 28 SEPTEMBER
POWERING YOUR SUSTAINABLE INNOVATION



30 kW SiC MOSFET DC-DC with STM32G4 for EV chargers

Jianjun Ni

Power & Energy Competence Center

STMicroelectronics

Power & Energy
Competence
Center



Power and energy application segments

Power supply



Energy generation and distribution

Smart lighting (low power)



Smart home lighting, smart street lighting, TV backlighting, plant lighting

Consumer power (low power)



Smart charger, adapter, wireless charger, USB-PD, TV & gaming

System power (medium power)



Server, 5G power, telecom, DCDC networking, POE

Smart metering & wireless charging



Wireless charging & wireless power transfer system, smart metering PLC, sub-GHz, smart solar system

Energy generation & distribution



Solar, commercial battery storage, charging station, UPS, inverter/DC-AC)



Products
 STNRG011, M2, M6, DM6, K5, F7,
 STM32, FERD, SiC
 MOSFET/Rectifiers
 Protections, USB-PD, STWBC,
 STWLC, STCOMET, STCOM, STMET
 STPM01, STPM33/34



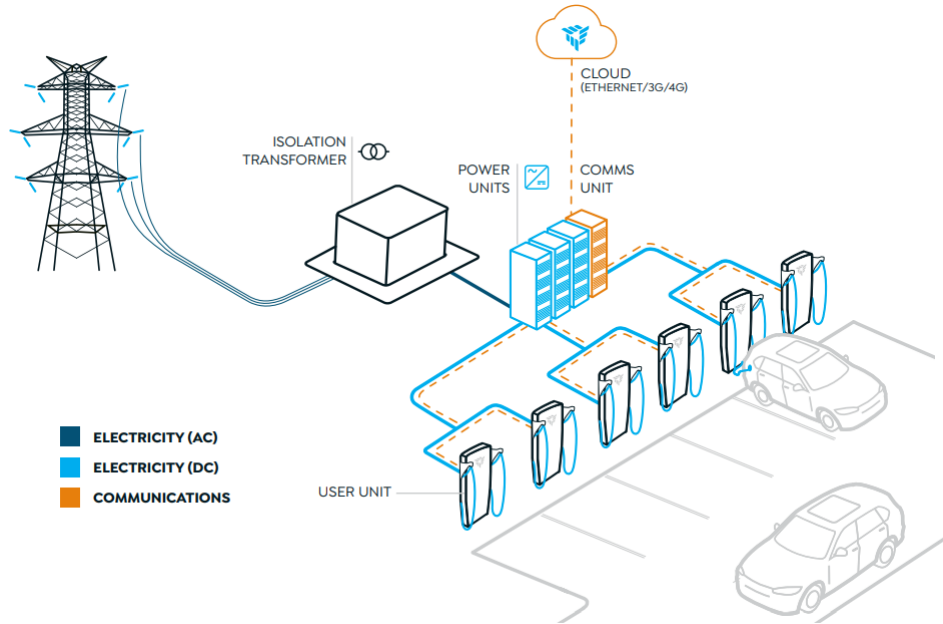
- 1 EV charger background
- 2 30 kW DC-DC digital solution
- 3 30 kW DC-DC board performance
- 4 Summary

Background



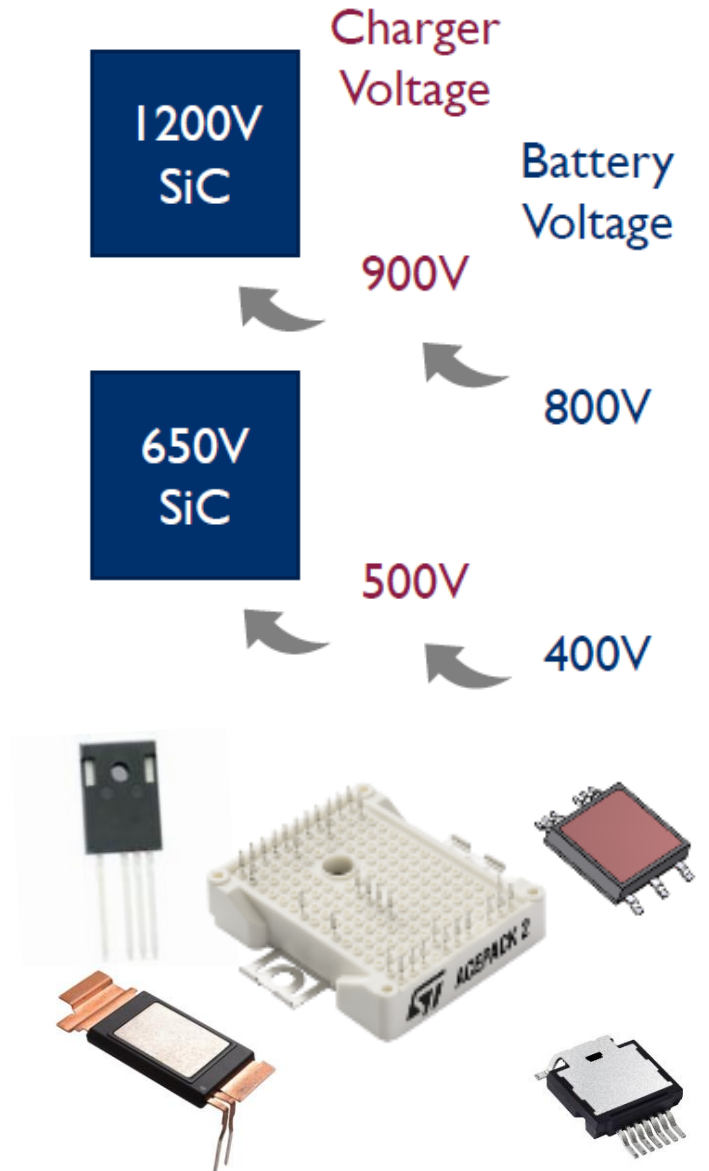
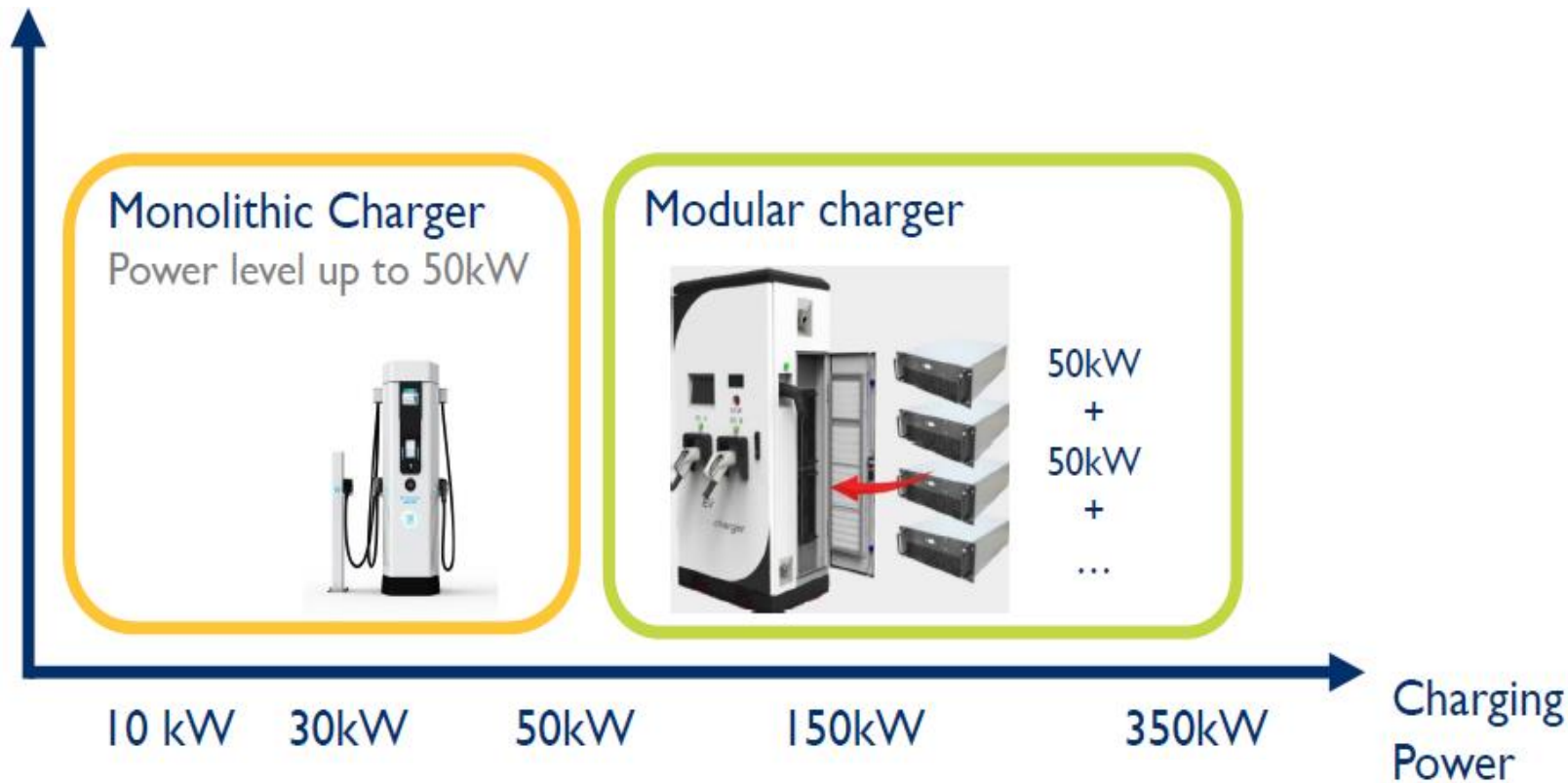
DC charging stations

DC charging comes in different forms of stations, wall boxes, mobile equipment, V2G, liquids, etc



DC charging trends

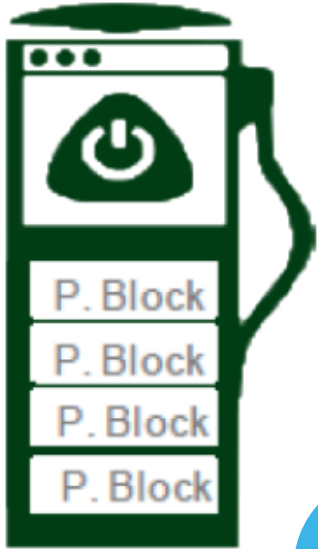
DC charging comes in higher power and higher voltage



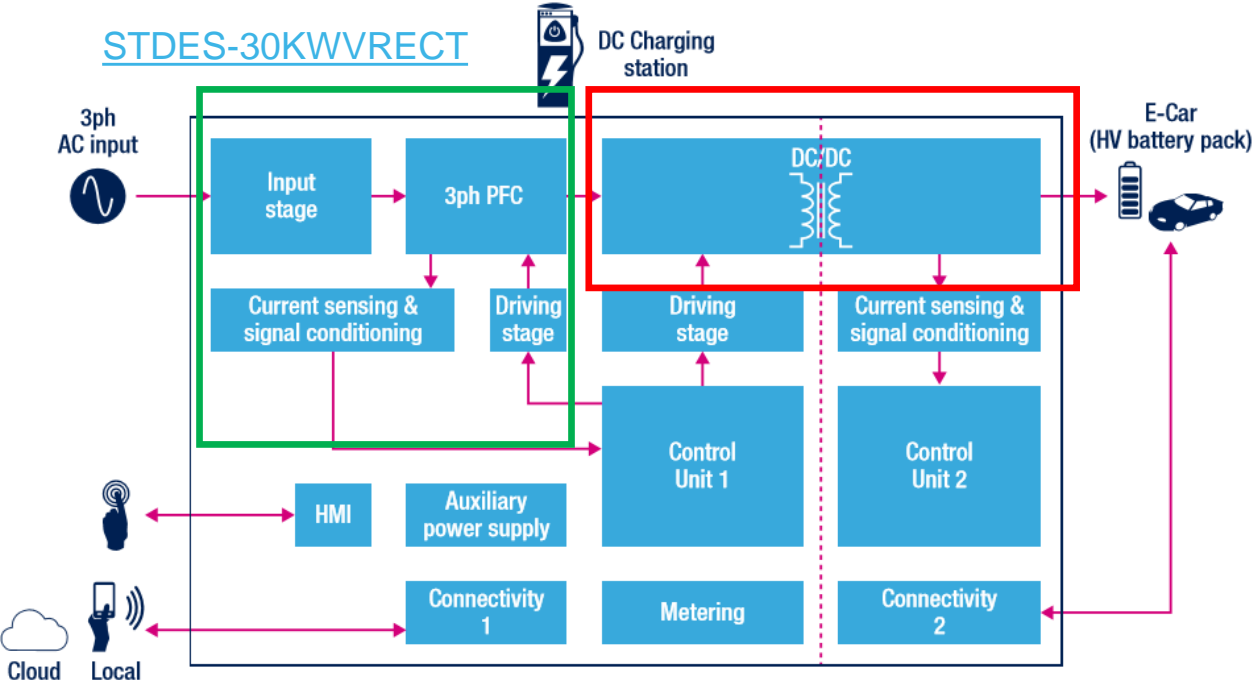
DC charging module

30 kW three-phase LLC reference design with digital control (STDES-30KWLLC)

Charging Pile
60 - 350 kW



Charging module
15 - 60 kW

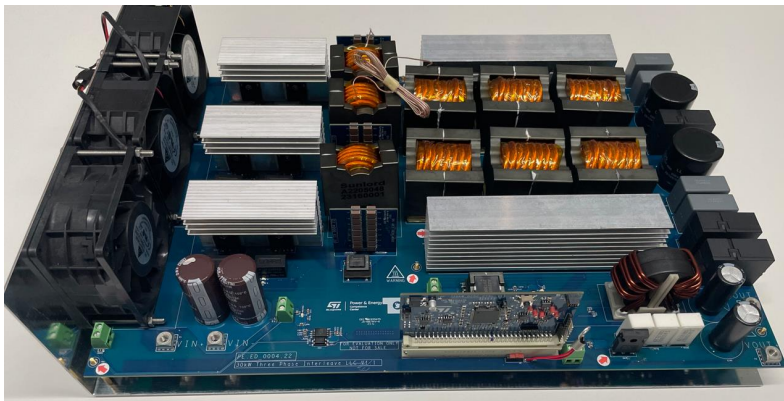


30 kW DC-DC digital solution



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30 kW three-phase LLC converter STDES-30KWLLC



Application key specification:

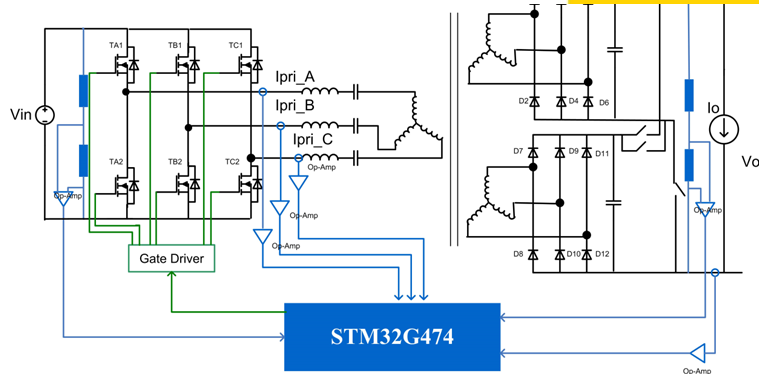
- Rated output power: 30 kW, switching frequency 100-300 kHz
- DC input voltage: 650 VDC – 850 VDC
- DC output: 200 VDC – 1000 VDC
- Peak efficiency: >98%
- STM32G474: High performance 32-bit MCU



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Power & Energy

Competence
Center



Key products

MCU: STM32G474VET6,
SiC MOSFET: SCT025W120G3-4AG
Ultrafast diode: STTH60RQ06W

ASP product: STGAP2SICS, L6565
Schottky diodes: STTH1L06A, STPS1150A, STPS2H100A, STPS2L60A
GPA: LM393DT, LD29080DT50R, LD29080DT33R, TSV9121DT



Key benefits

- Higher efficiency achieved based on 1200 V SiC device and high switching frequency
- Less SiC MOSFET to achieve higher power with single LLC converter
- Wide range and high output voltage



[Promotion slide](#)



[Testing report](#)



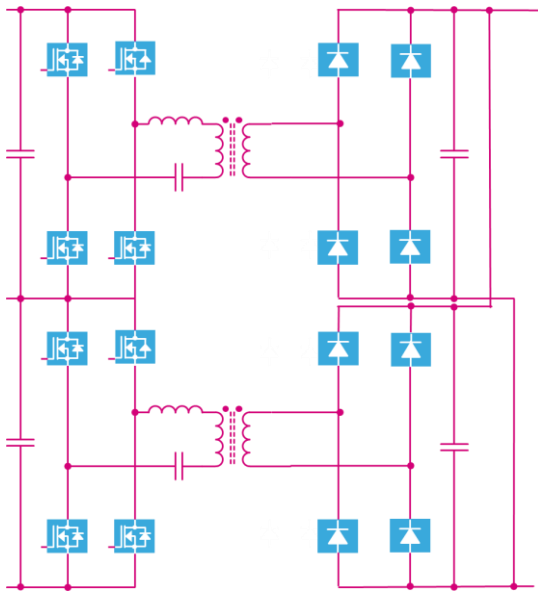
[Design material](#)



[Demo video](#)

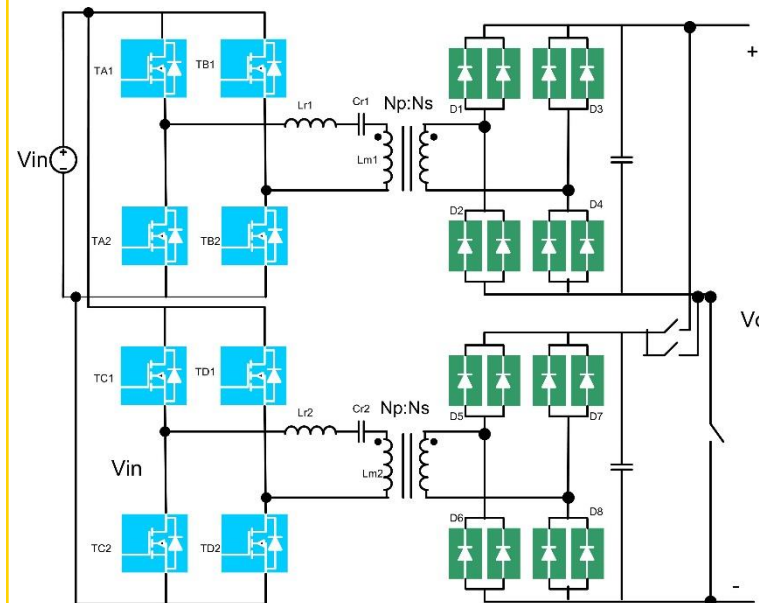
Topology comparison

Full bridge Series LLC



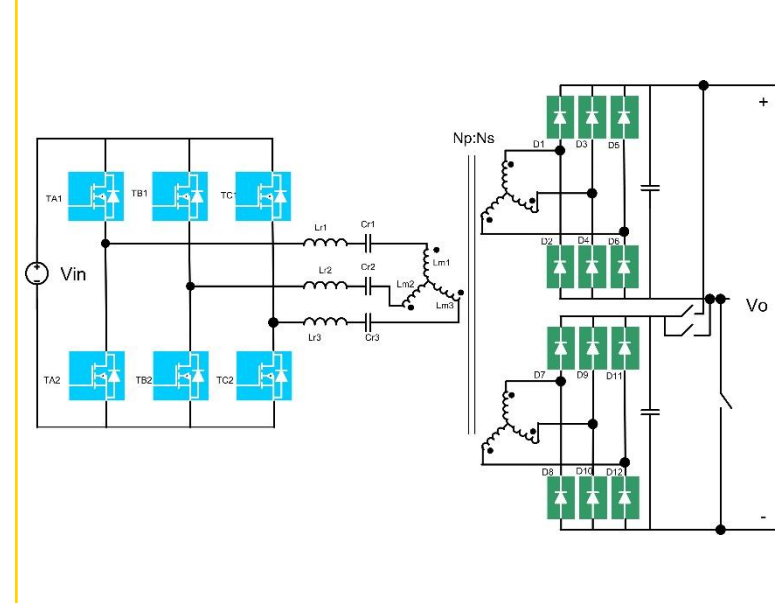
- Control complexity: high
- Component count: high
8 pcs 650 V Si Mos + 16 pcs Si diode
- Need control methods for current/voltage sharing
- Low efficiency
- High challenges on resonate devices design and cooling

Full bridge Parallel LLC



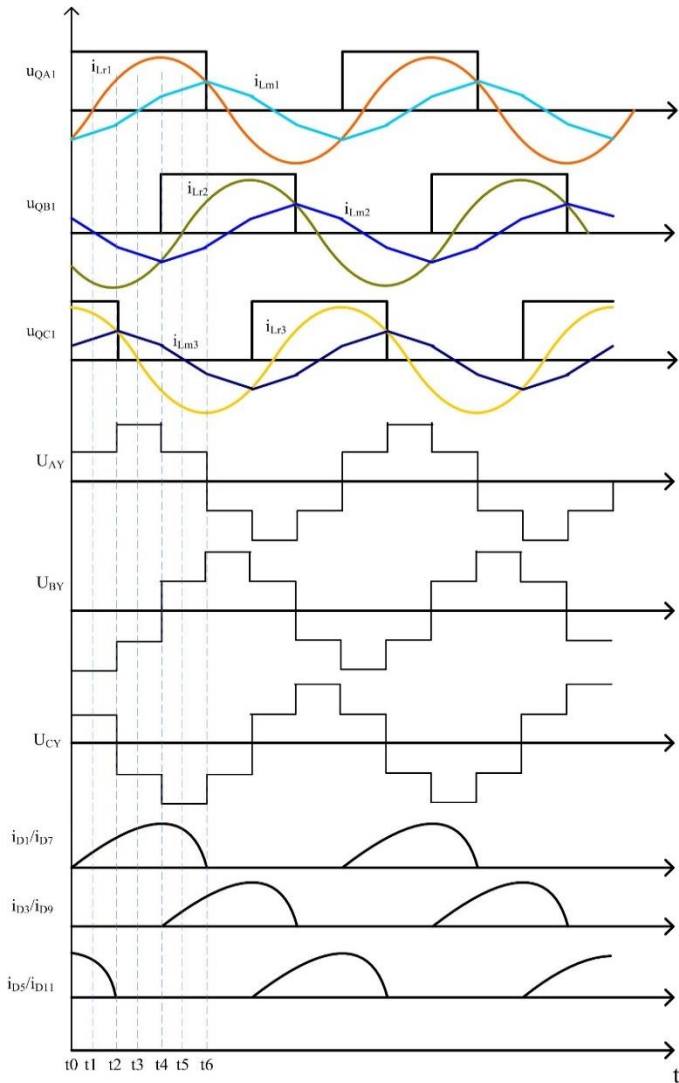
- Control complexity: high
- Component count: high
8 pcs 1200 V SiC Mos + 16 pcs Si diode
- Need control methods for current/voltage sharing
- + High efficiency
- + Middle challenges on resonate devices design and cooling

Three-phase interleaved LLC

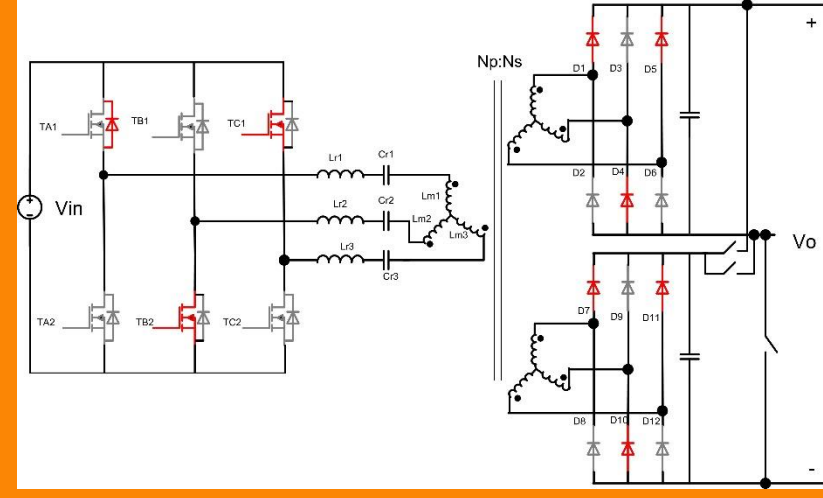


- + Control complexity: low
- + Component count: low
6 pcs SiC Mos + 12 pcs Si diode
- + Natural current/voltage sharing
- + Low output ripple current
- + Middle efficiency
- Little challenges on resonate devices design and cooling

Operation principle

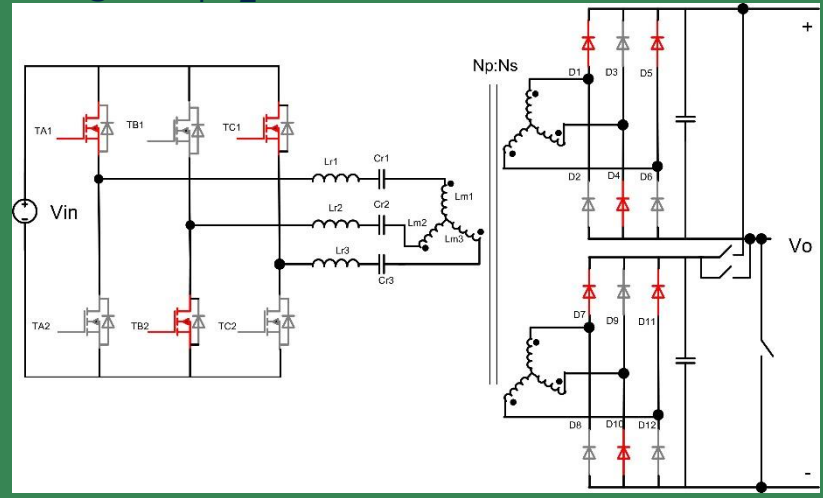


Stage1 t_0-t_1



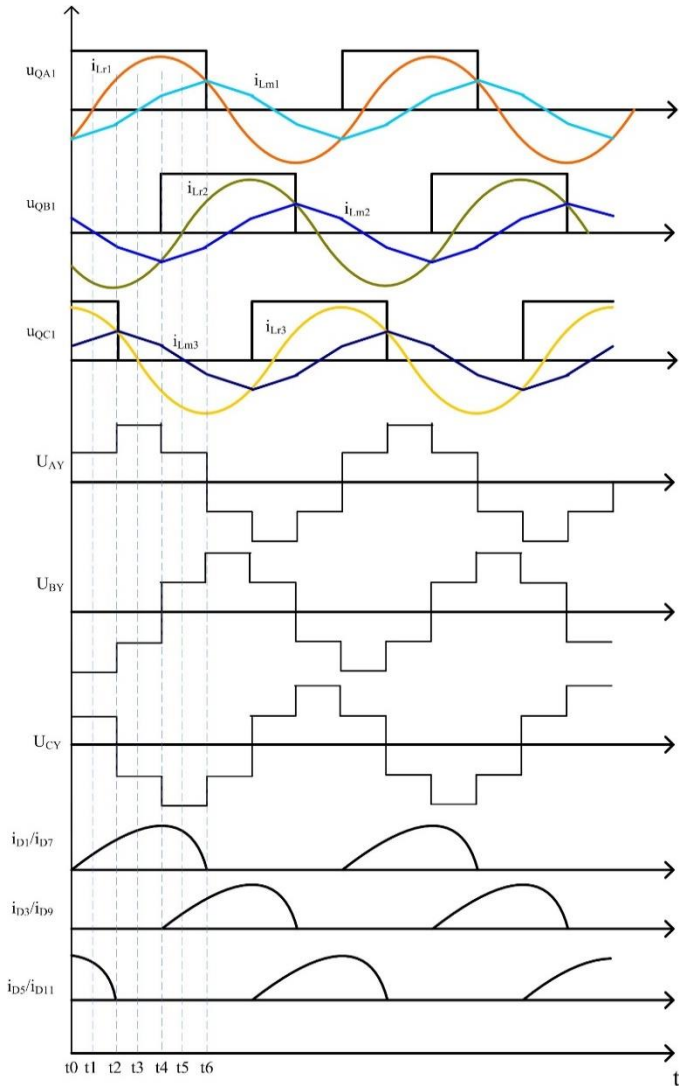
- Primary side:
 - $D_{A1} Q_{B2} Q_{C1}$ ON
 - $i_{Lr1} < 0, i_{Lr2} < 0, i_{Lr3} > 0$
 - $U_{AY} = V_{in}/3, U_{BY} = -2V_{in}/3, U_{CY} = V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - $D_1 D_4 D_5$ ON
 - $D_7 D_{10} D_{11}$ ON

Stage2 t_1-t_2

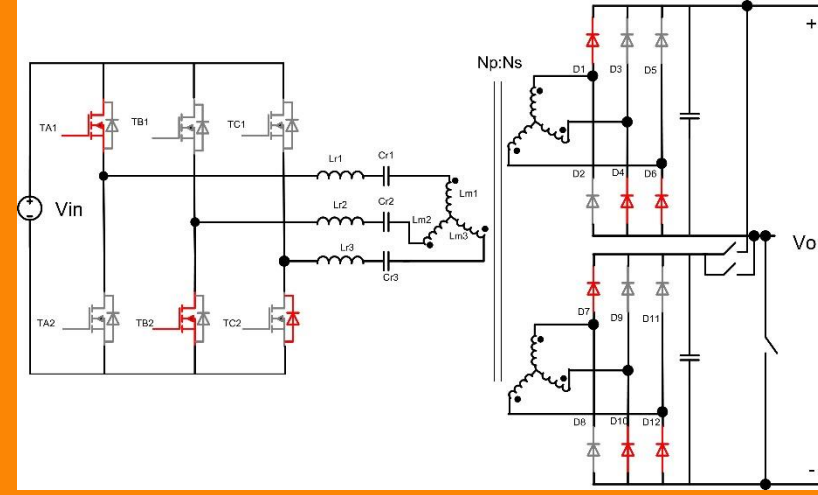


- Primary side:
 - $Q_{A1} Q_{B2} Q_{C1}$ ON
 - $i_{Lr1} > 0, i_{Lr2} < 0, i_{Lr3} > 0$
 - $U_{AY} = V_{in}/3, U_{BY} = -2V_{in}/3, U_{CY} = V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - $D_1 D_4 D_5$ ON
 - $D_7 D_{10} D_{11}$ ON

Operation principle

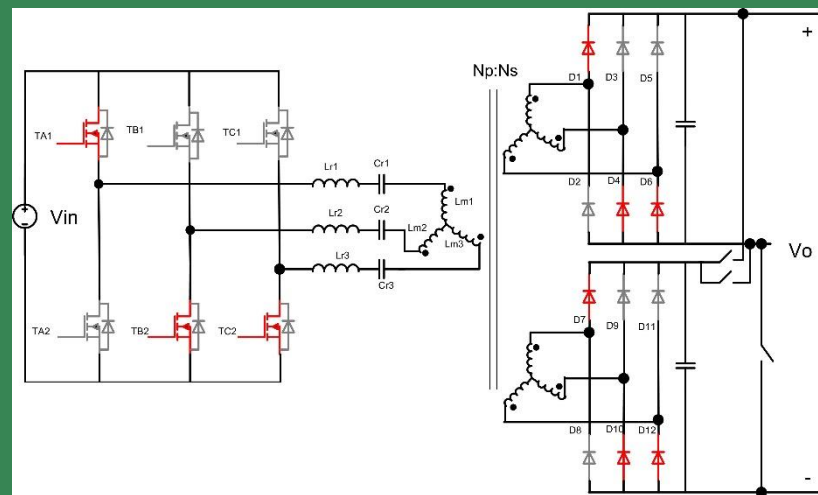


Stage3 t_2-t_3



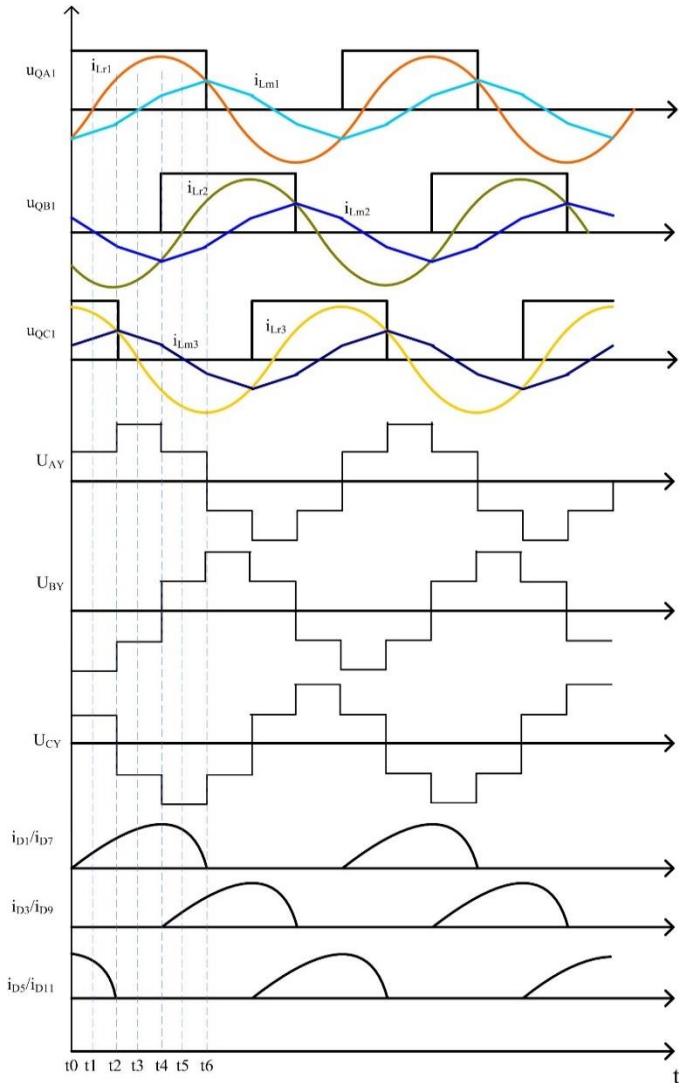
- Primary side:
 - Q_{A1} Q_{B2} D_{C2} ON
 - $i_{Lr1} > 0$, $i_{Lr2} < 0$, $i_{Lr3} > 0$
 - $U_{AY} = 2V_{in}/3$, $U_{BY} = -V_{in}/3$, $U_{CY} = -V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - D_1 D_4 D_6 ON
 - D_7 D_{10} D_{12} ON

Stage4 t_3-t_4

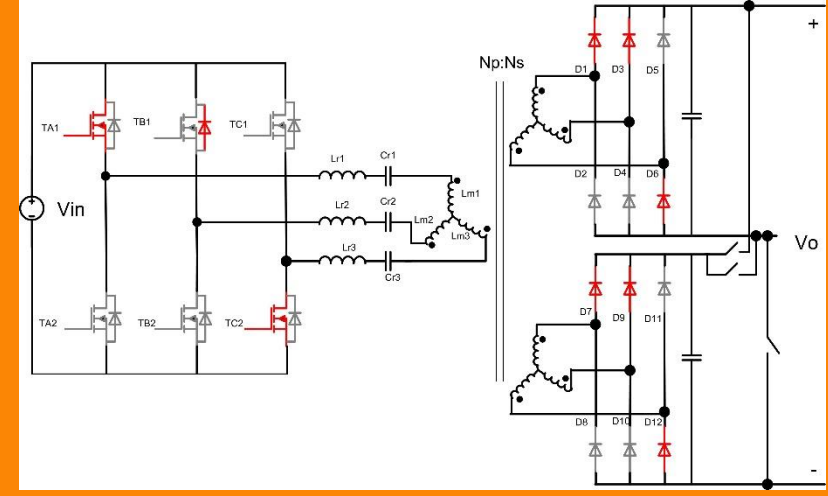


- Primary side:
 - Q_{A1} Q_{B2} Q_{C2} ON
 - $i_{Lr1} > 0$, $i_{Lr2} < 0$, $i_{Lr3} < 0$
 - $U_{AY} = 2V_{in}/3$, $U_{BY} = -V_{in}/3$, $U_{CY} = -V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - D_1 D_4 D_6 ON
 - D_7 D_{10} D_{12} ON

Operation principle

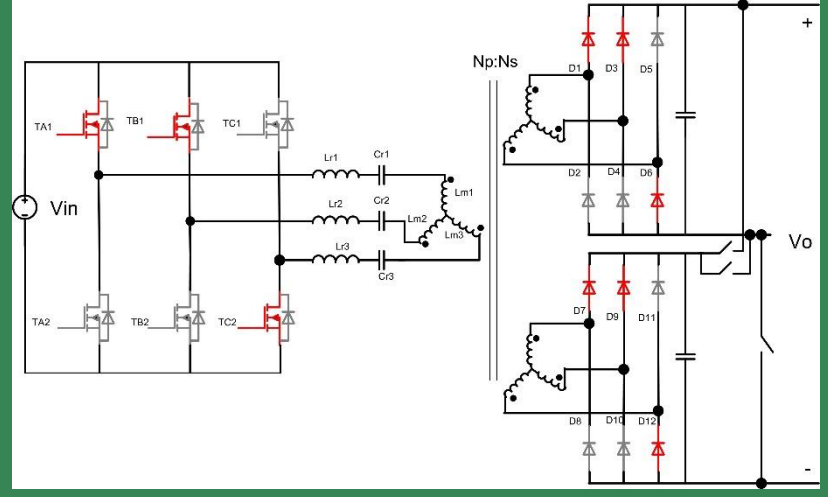


Stage5 t_4 - t_5



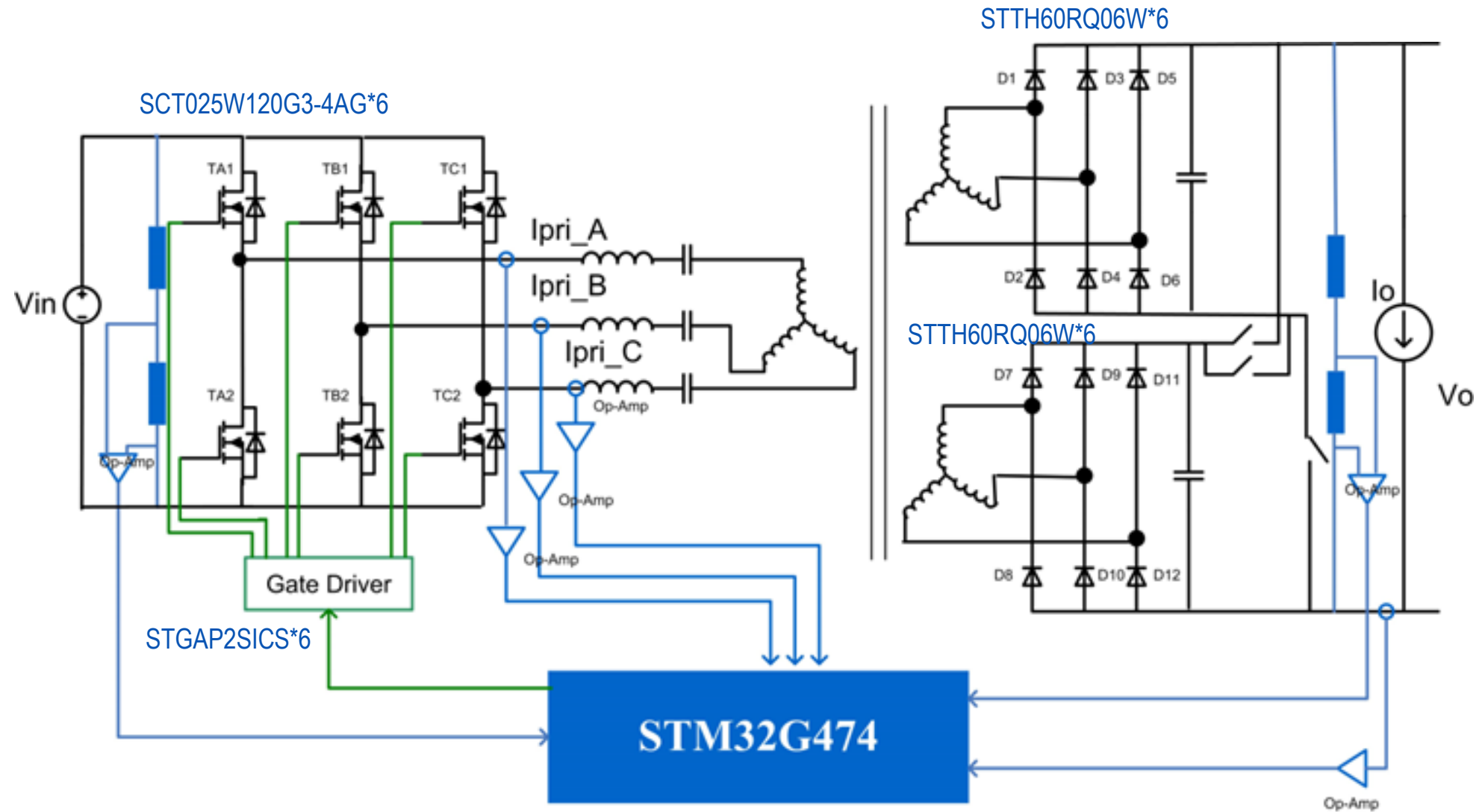
- Primary side:
 - Q_{A1} D_{B1} Q_{C2} ON
 - $i_{Lr1} > 0$, $i_{Lr2} < 0$, $i_{Lr3} < 0$
 - $U_{AY} = V_{in}/3$, $U_{BY} = V_{in}/3$, $U_{CY} = -2V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - D_1 D_3 D_6 ON
 - D_7 D_9 D_{12} ON

Stage6 t_5 - t_6



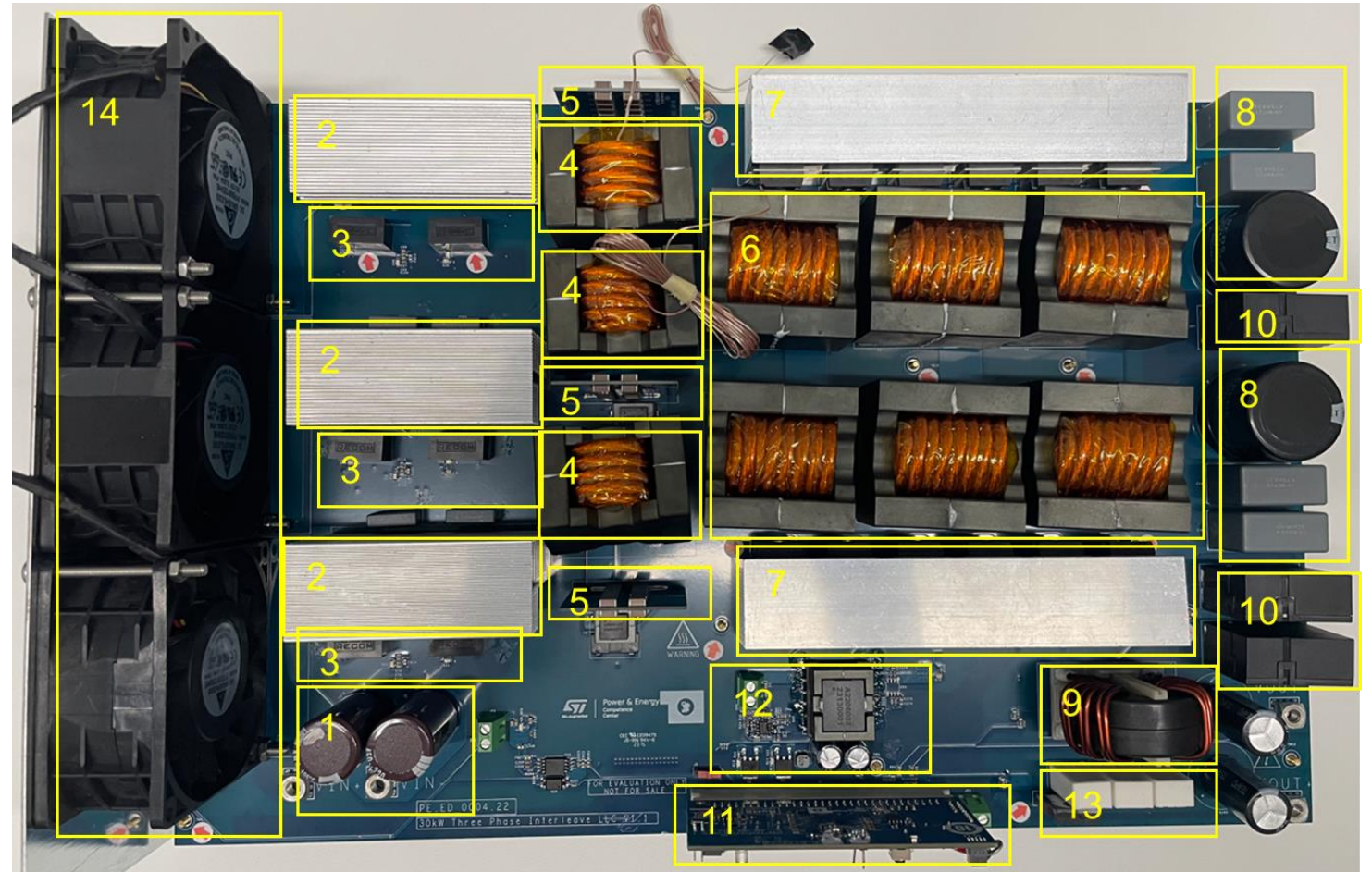
- Primary side:
 - Q_{A1} Q_{B1} Q_{C2} ON
 - $i_{Lr1} > 0$, $i_{Lr2} > 0$, $i_{Lr3} < 0$
 - $U_{AY} = V_{in}/3$, $U_{BY} = V_{in}/3$, $U_{CY} = -2V_{in}/3$
- Secondary side:
 - D_1 D_3 D_6 ON
 - D_7 D_9 D_{12} ON

Simplified block diagram



Board assembly overview

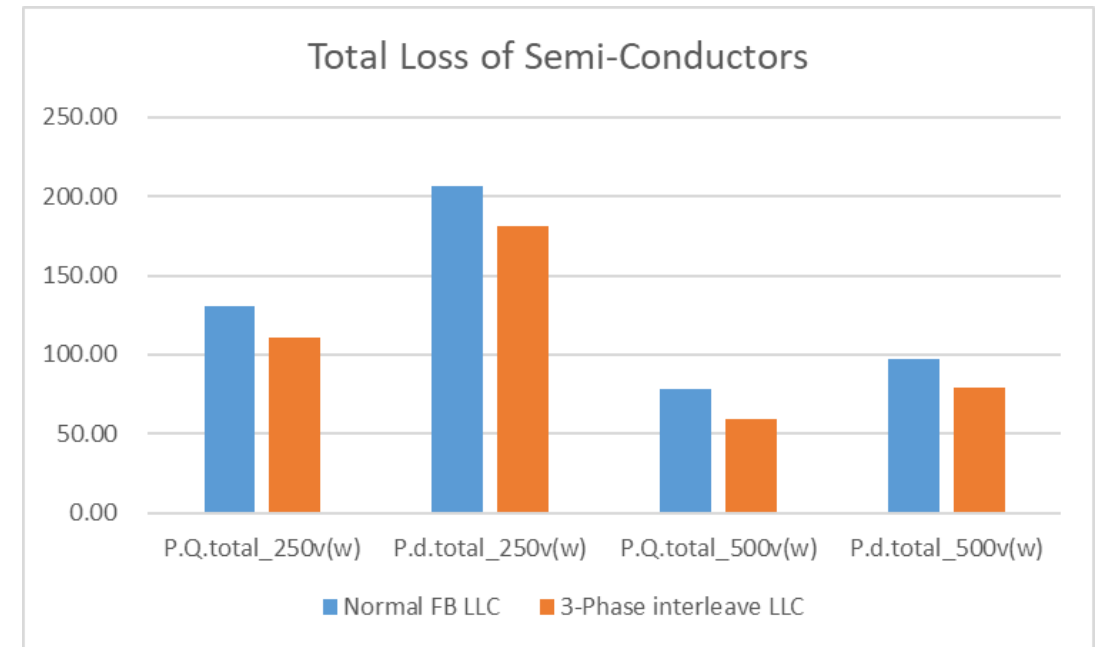
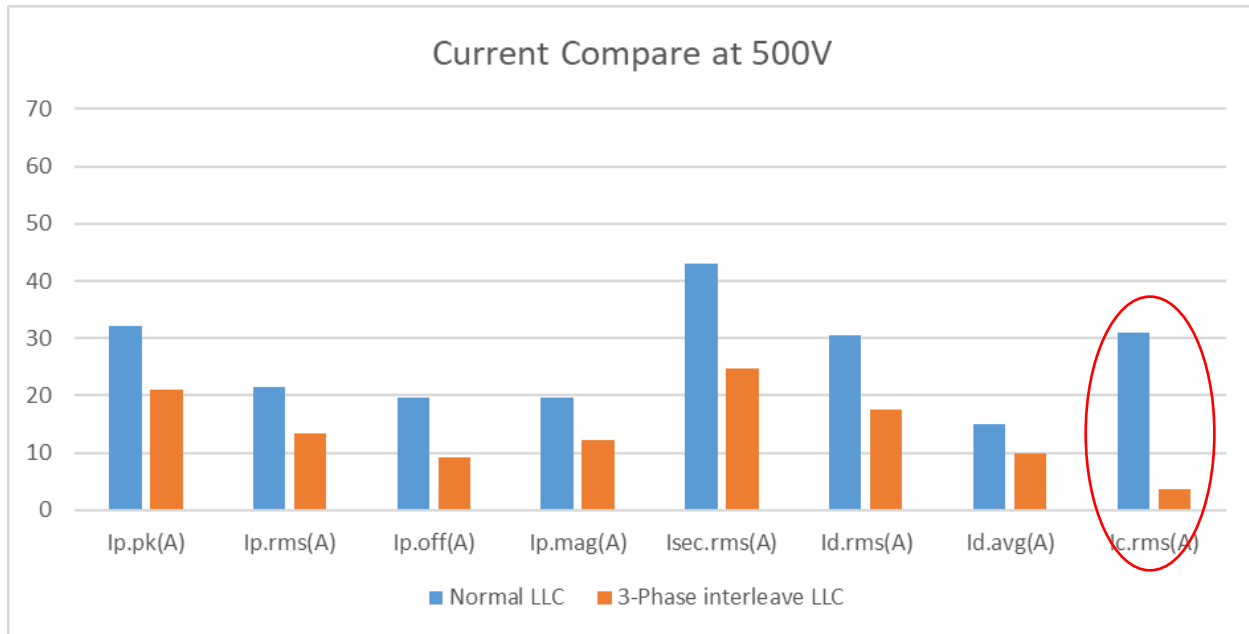
1. DC input connector
2. SiC MOSFET and heatsink
3. Drive circuit
4. Resonant inductor
5. Resonant capacitor board
6. Transformers
7. Rectifiers and heatsink
8. Output capacitors
9. Output CM inductor
10. Mode switch relays
11. Control board
12. Auxiliary power supply
13. Discharge circuit
14. Fans



W*L*H: 285 mm*415 mm*70 mm

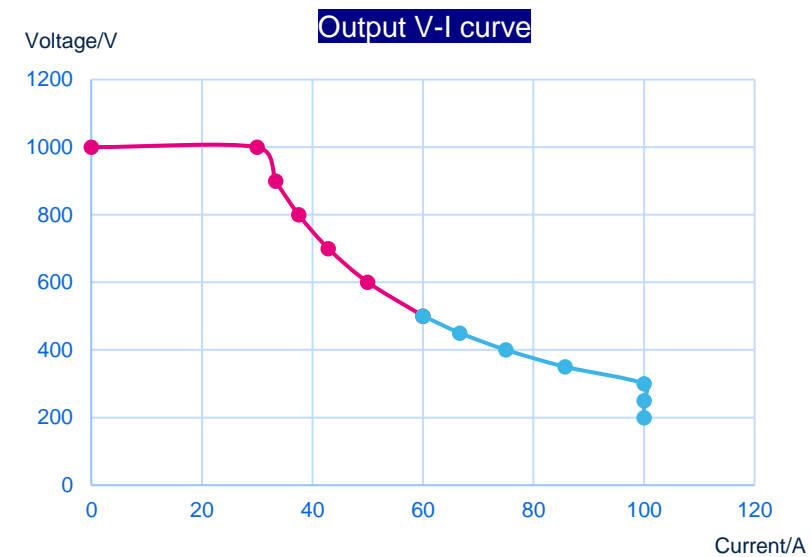
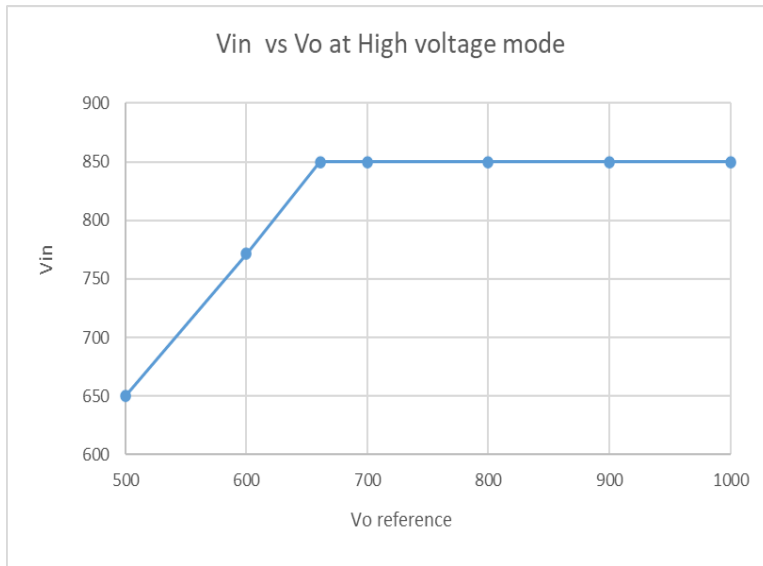
Full bridge vs three-phase

- Normal FB LLC and 3-Phase Interleaved LLC parallel use the same device
- Primary: SCT025W120G3-4AG Secondary: STTH60RQ06W



- Output current in cap is much less than full bridge LLC
- 0.3% efficiency higher than full bridge LLC (only consider semiconductor)

V_{in} Adjusted according to V_{out}



- The input voltage would be adjusted according to output voltage reference
- Make the LLC operating at a relatively high efficiency state from 200-1000 V_o

STM32G474 digital platform



Configurations of key MCU functions

Arm® Cortex® -M4 up to 170 MHz

Floating-point unit (FPU)

- Control loop computation (reserved for future use)

32-Kbyte CCM-SRAM

- Zero wait-state for critical code execution

CORDIC for trigonometric functions acceleration

- Software phase-locked loop (reserved for future use)

FMAC filter mathematical accelerator

- Hardware digital filter (CPU off-load) for loop computation (reserved for future use)

Hi-Resolution PWM Timer (184 ps)

- For MOSFET control at 100-350 kHz switching frequency

Multiple ADCs (4 Msps) up to 5

- 3Ø AC voltage/current, DC voltage/current, and hotspot temperature sensing

Comparators and DACs up to 7

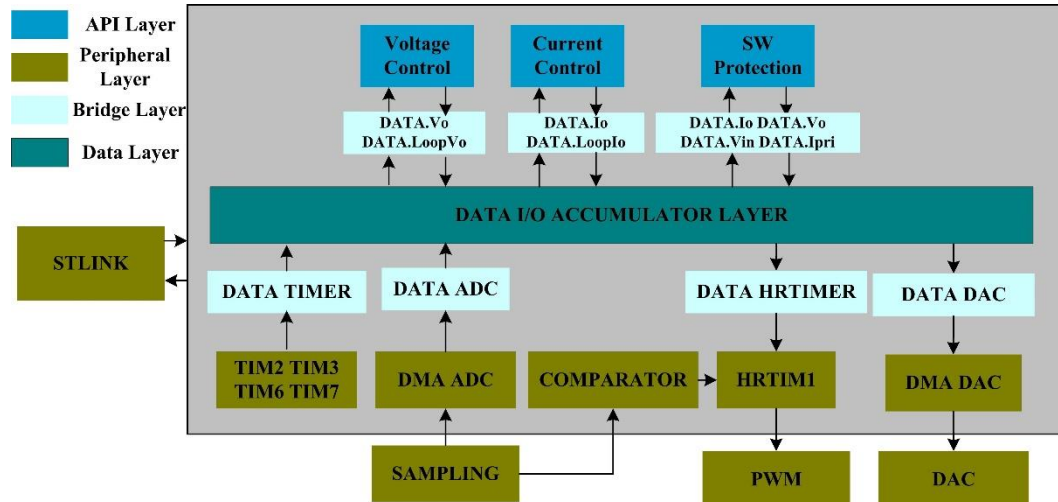
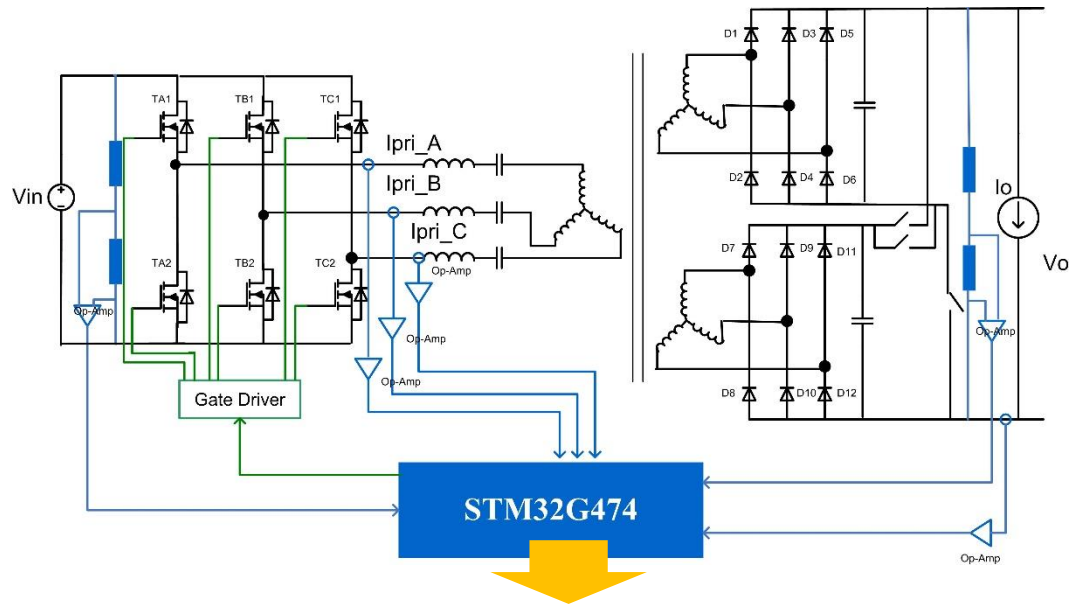
- Reducing the number of components

UART, SPI, CAN and USB

- UART for communication



Functional diagram



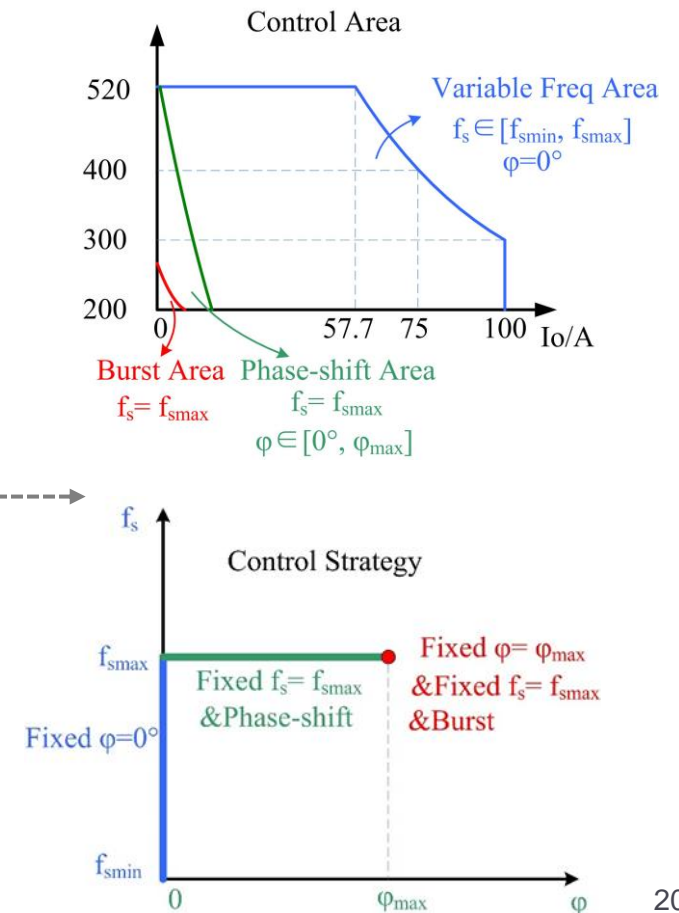
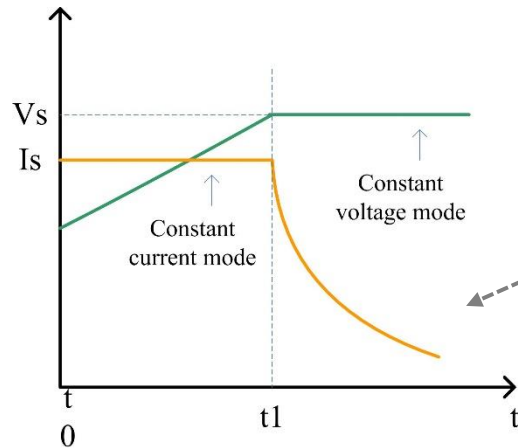
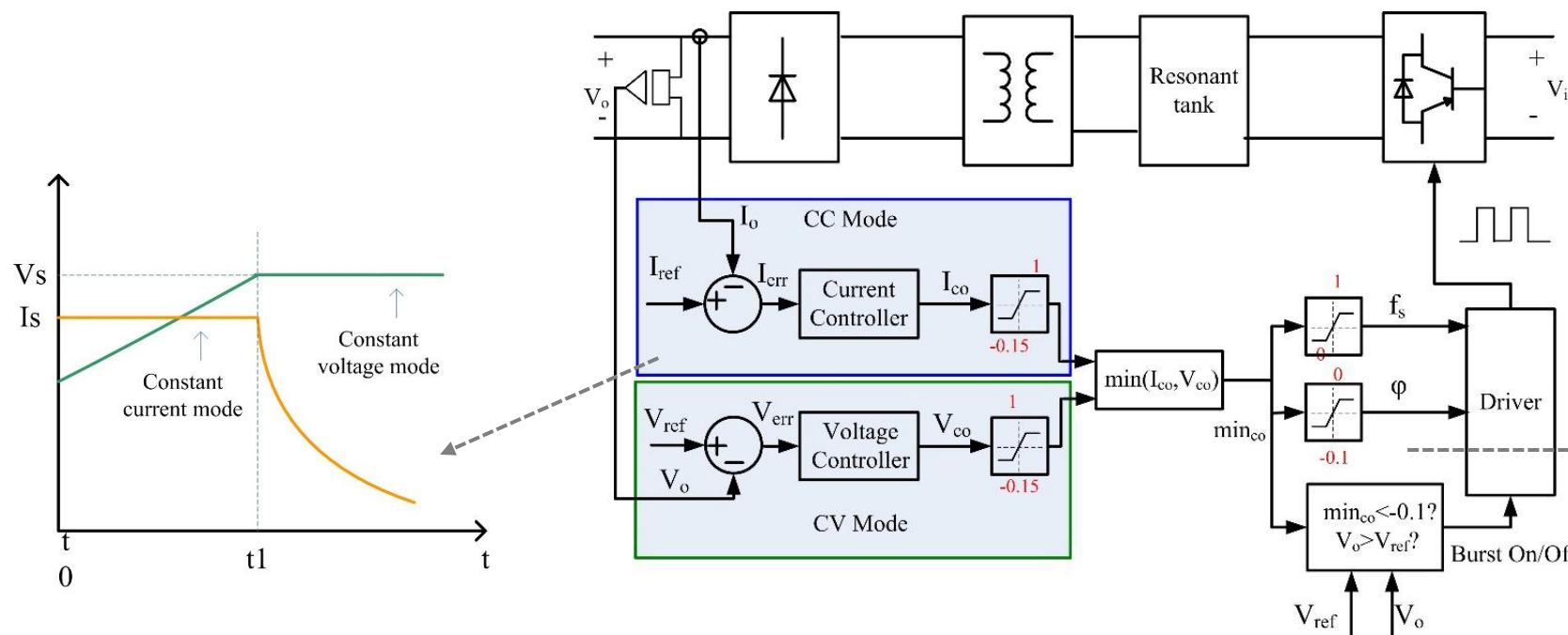
Key features based on digital control

- Soft start control (Patent by phase-shift)
- Parallel double closed loop control - CV/CC
- DC gain control to obtain lower output voltage and reduce output voltage ripple
- Relay control to extend the range of output voltage and current
- Software protection
- Hardware protection using on-chip comparator, DAC, and analog watchdog

Control strategy of power loop

Parallel double closed loop control

- Consists of CC charging mode and CV charging mode
- DC gain control to obtain lower output voltage and reduce output voltage ripple



30 kW DC/DC board performance



Performance and features

Input & output

- Input DC voltage: 650-850 VDC
- Output voltage range: **200-1000 VDC**
- Output power: **30 kW maximum**
- Maximum input current: 46A RMS
- Maximum output current: 100A RMS



Performance

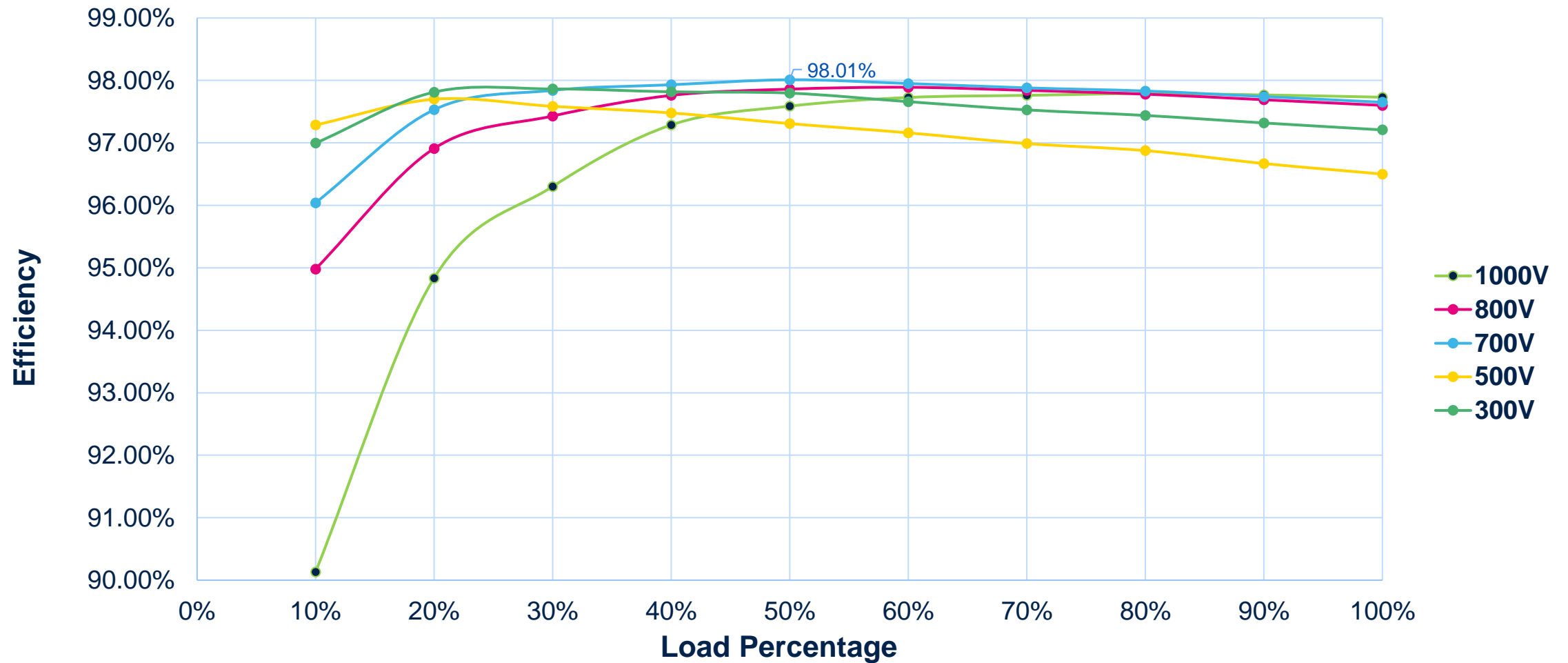
- Efficiency: Peak 98%
- Vout ripple: less than 1% Vout >300 V; less than 3 V Vout <300 V
- Vout load regulation: 1%
- Vout dynamic regulation: 5%

Features and protection

- Switching frequency: **100-300 kHz**
- Operation mode: PFM
- Input UVP, OVP
- Input OCP
- Output OVP
- Output OCP

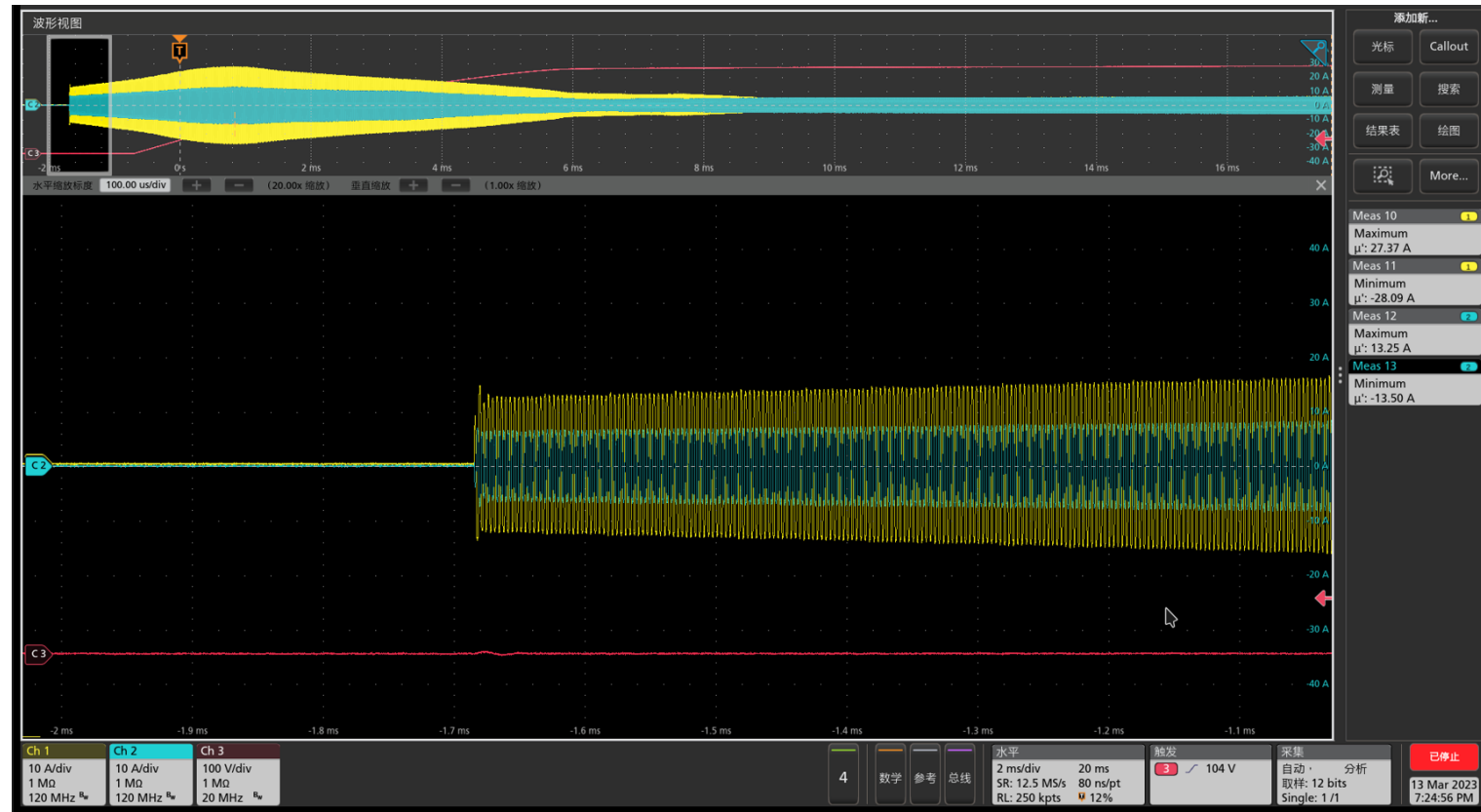
Efficiency

Efficiency at different output voltage



Startup procedure

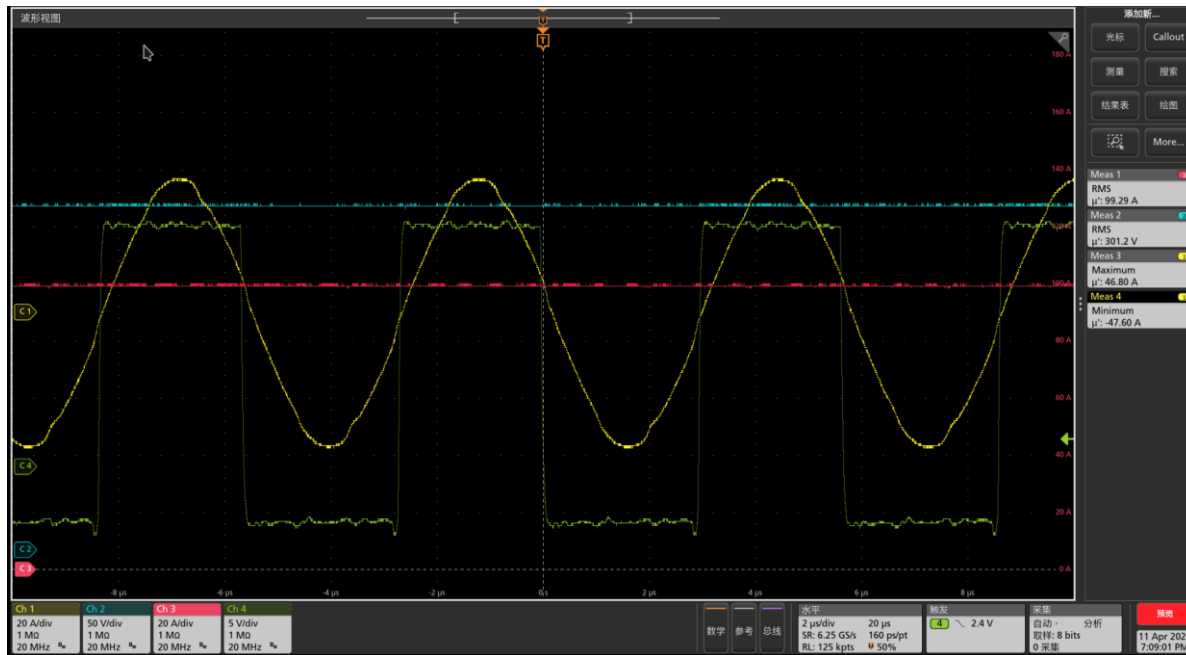
- 600Vo Start up by phase-shift
- The startup current spike can be limited to under 30 A



CH1 phase A resonate current CH2 phase B resonate current CH3 Vout

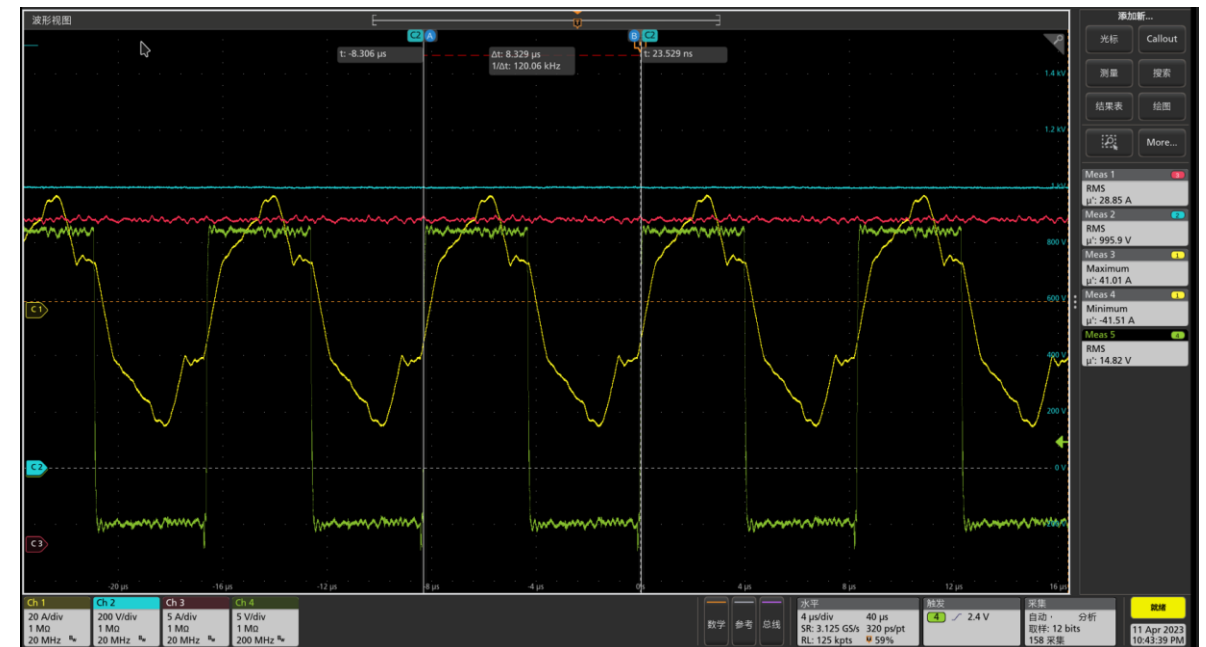
Steady waveform

300Vo 100A full load



CH1 resonate current CH2 Vout CH3 Iload CH4 upper Vgs

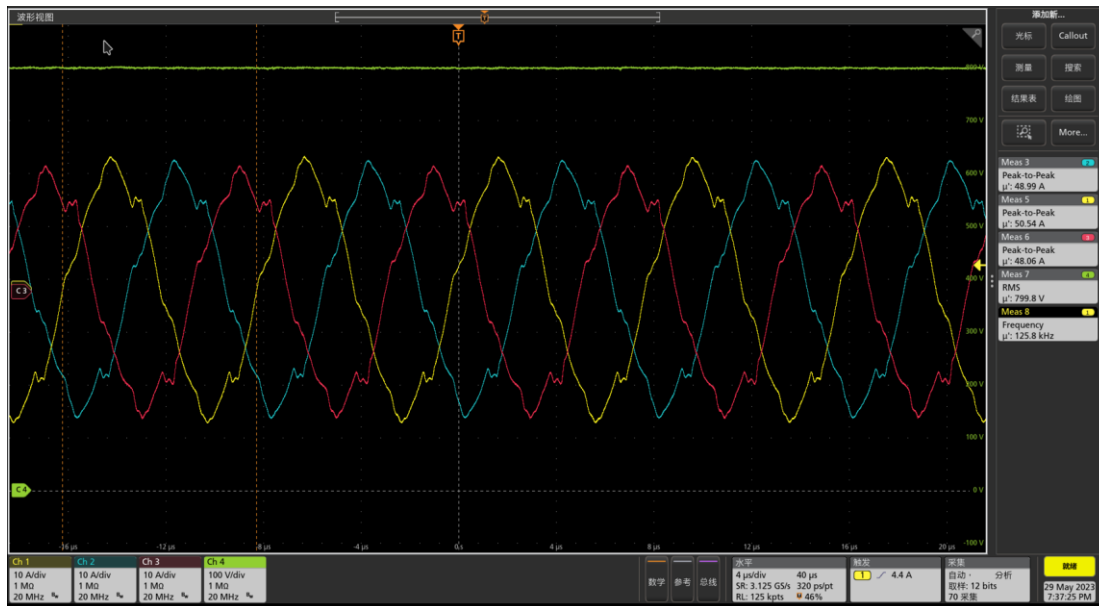
1000Vo 30A full load



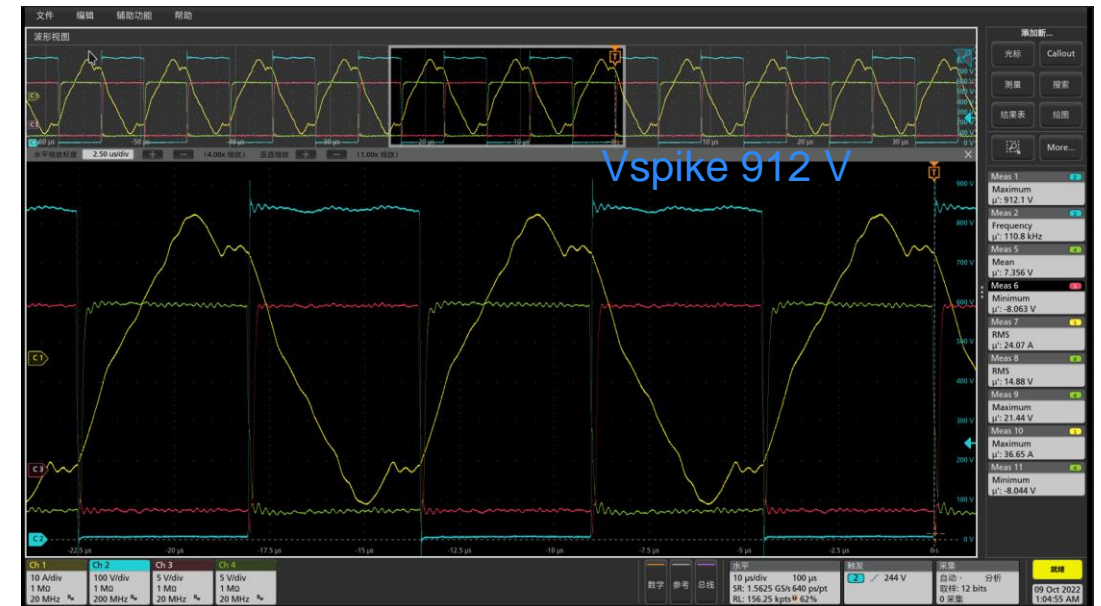
CH1 resonate current CH2 Vout CH3 Iload CH4 upper Vgs

Steady waveform

800Vo half load

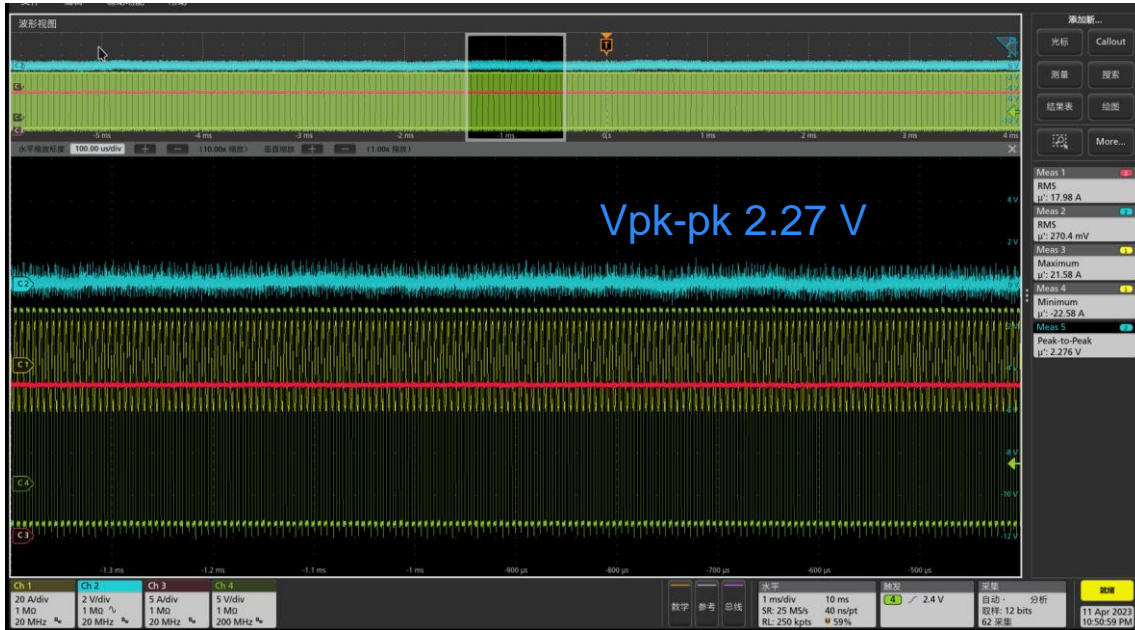


1000Vo half load



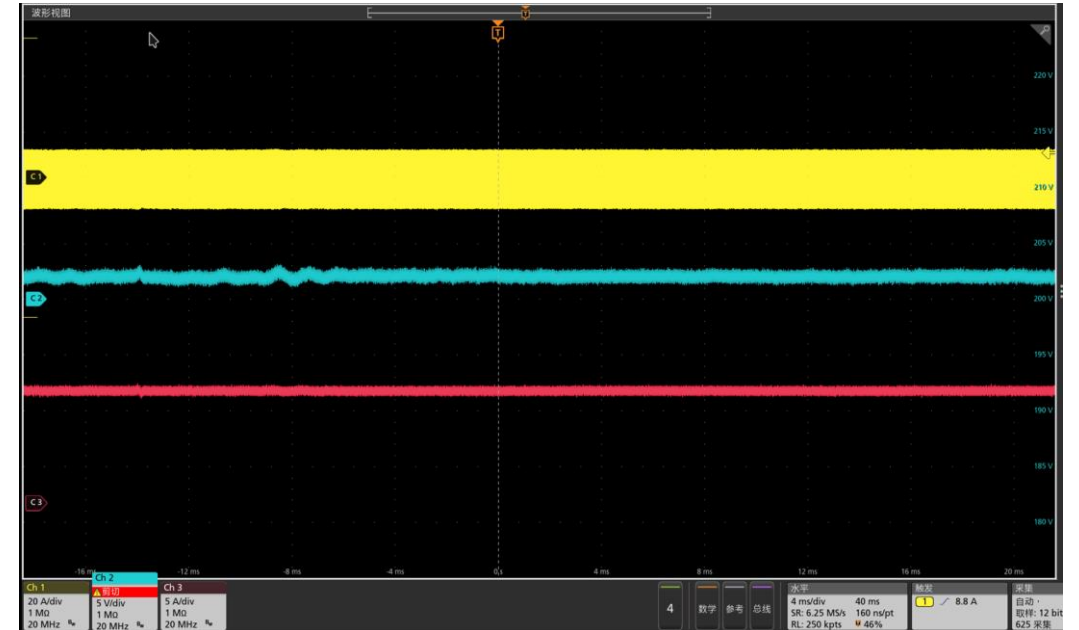
Steady waveform

800Vo half load



- CH1 A resonate current
- CH2 Vout ripple
- CH3 Iload
- CH4 upper Vgs

200Vo 10 A with phase-shift control

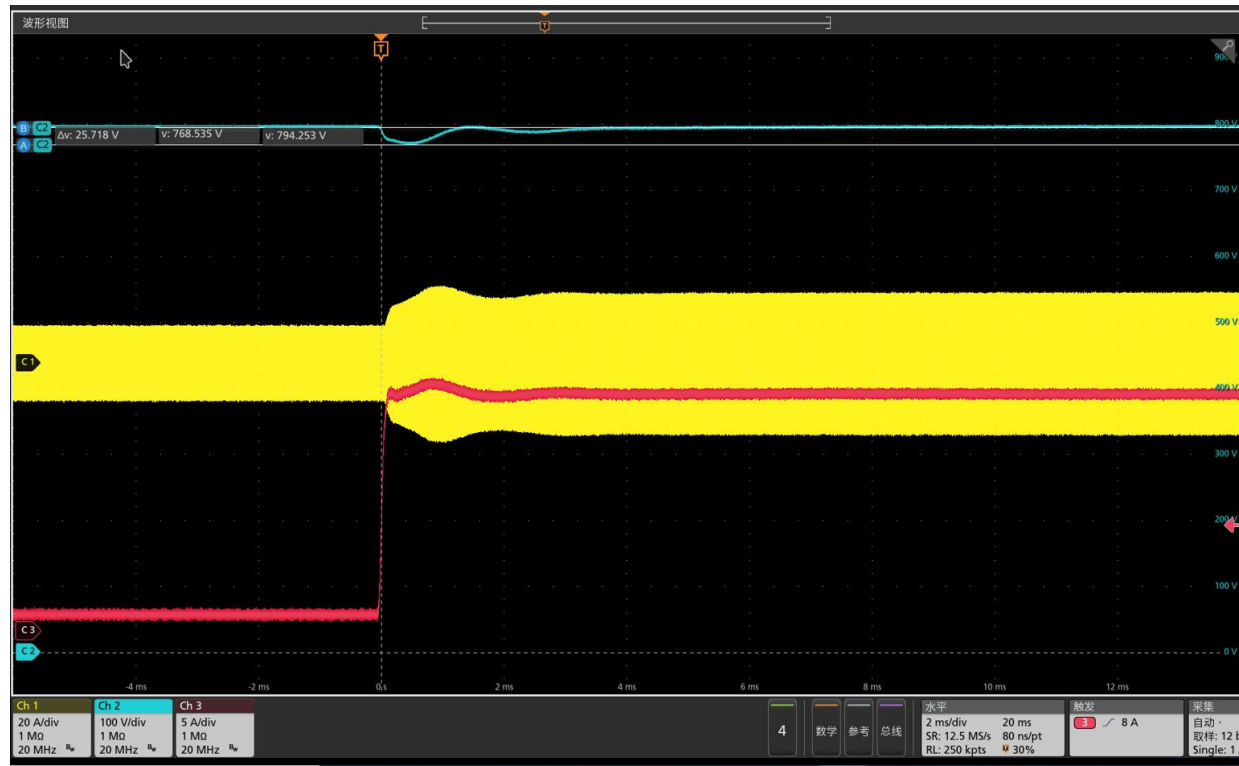


- CH1 phase A resonate current
- CH2 output voltage
- CH3 output current

Voripple p-p 2.05 V

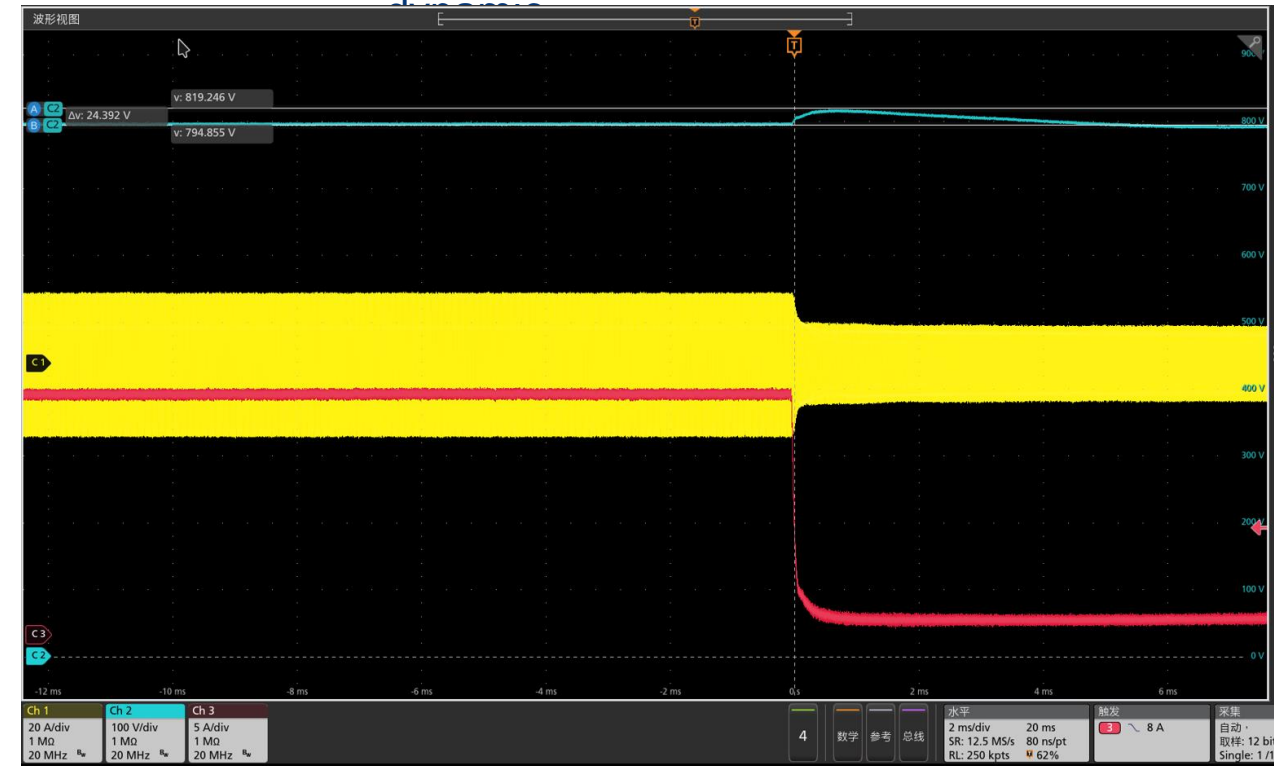
Half load dynamic

800 V 1A-18.75A dynamic



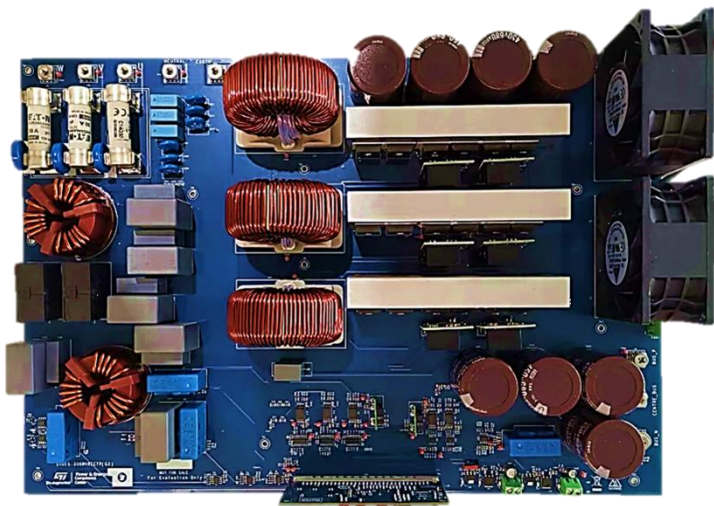
CH1 resonate current CH2 Vout CH3 load Current

800 V 18.75A-1A dynamic



CH1 resonate current CH2 Vout CH3 load Current

30 kW three-phase Vienna rectifier for EVCS



Application key specification:

- Input AC voltage: three-phase 345 VAC up to 460 VAC with 47 Hz up to 63 Hz
- Maximum input current: 55 ARMS
- DC output voltage 800 VDC, rated output power 30 kW, switching frequency 70 kHz
- Peak efficiency: >98.7%
- 0.99 power factor with lower than 5% THD @ full load operation
- STM32G474: High performance 32-bit MCU



Key products

MCU: STM32G474RET3
SiC MOSFET: SCT018W65G3-4AG
SiC diode: STPSC40H12C
Gate driver: STGAP2SICS
Schottky diodes: STTH1L06A, STPS1150A, STPS2H100A, STPS2L60A
GPA: LD29080S33R, LD29080DT50R, TSV912IDT, TSV912IDT



Key benefits

- Solution based on SiC device; higher efficiency achieved
- Very low THD (total harmonic distortion)
- Higher reliability
- Low design complexity



[Promotion slide](#)



[Test report](#)



[Design material](#)

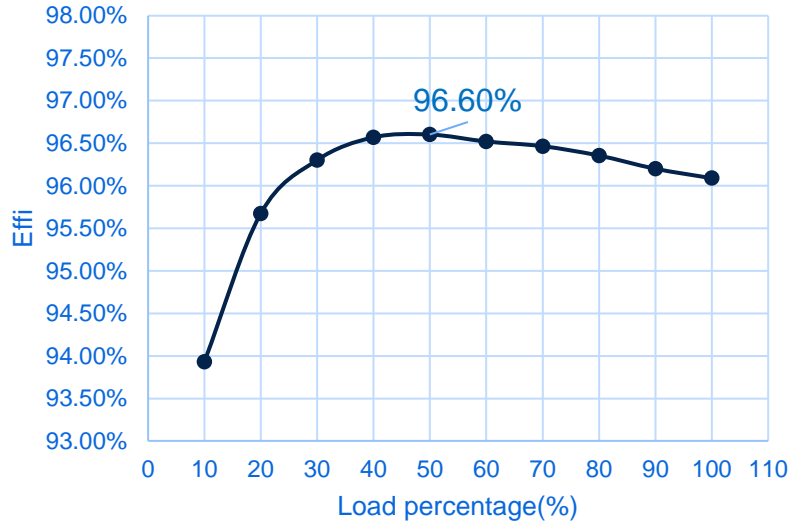


[Demo video](#)

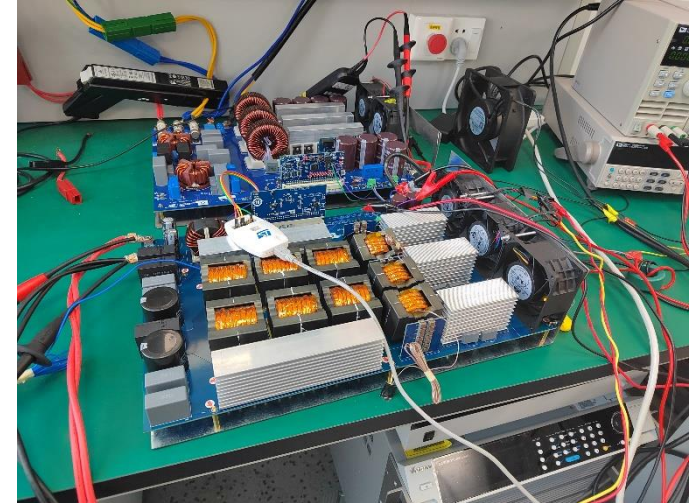


ST 30 kW total solution

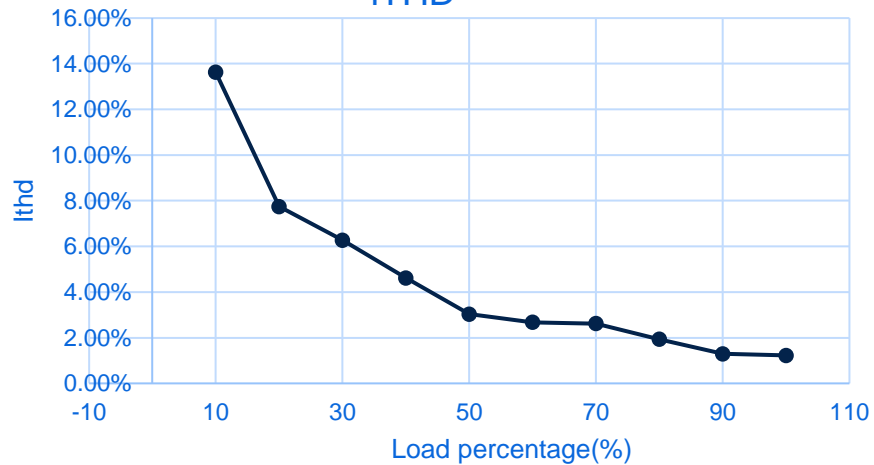
Efficiency



● 230Vac 700Vout



iTHD



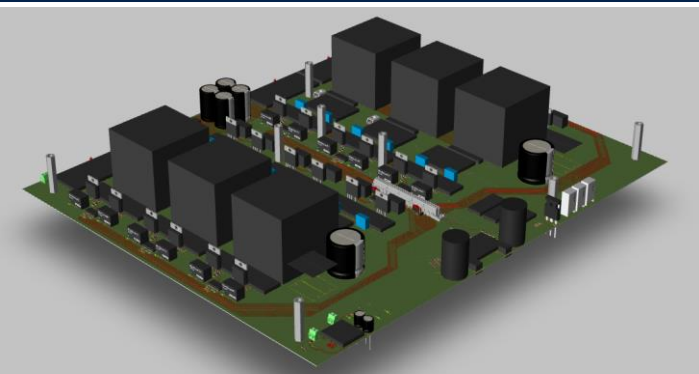
● 230Vac 700Vout



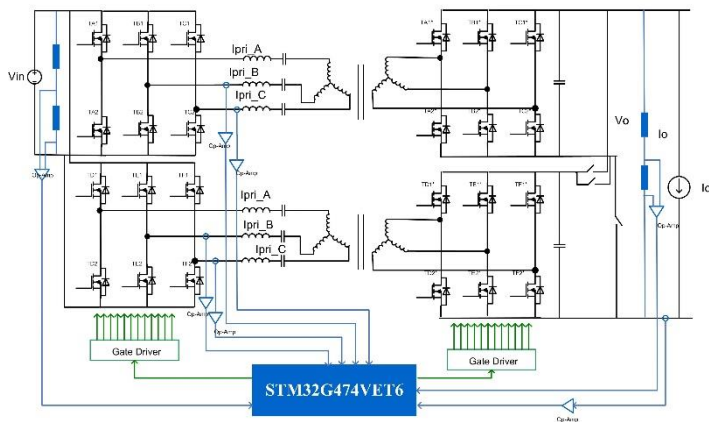
- 96.6% peak efficiency and 96% high efficiency in full load

60 kW Three Phase Parallel LLC with digital control

Warm up



Three Phase LLC parallel converter



Application key features:

- DC input voltage: 650 VDC – 850 VDC
- DC output: 200 VDC – 1000 VDC
- Rated output power: 60 kW
- Peak efficiency: >98%
- STM32G474: High performance 32-bit MCU

Key products

MCU: STM32G4,
SiC MOSFET: SCT025W120G3-4AG, SCT012W90G3-4AG
Ultrafast diode: STTH60RQ06W
ASP product: STGAP2SICD, L6565,
Schottky diodes: STTH1L06A, STPS1150A, STPS2H100A, STPS2L60A

Key benefits

- Solution based on SiC device; higher efficiency achieved
- Parallel LLC with less SiC MOSFET to achieve higher power
- Wide range and high output voltage

Summary





STM32G4 and ST SiC based solution help achieve high performance EV charger

ST achieved the total solution PFC+DCDC in high power EV charger

ST provides advanced total components to customer (SiC MOSFETs/SiC diode/STGAP/STM32)

ST 30 kW three-phase solution can achieve peak efficiency 98% @160 KHz 700 Vout half load

User manual and detailed design files refer to the link [STDES-30KWLLC](#) on ST.COM soon



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Please Scan the QR Codes
and Stay Tuned with Us.



PDSA Wechat Subscription



Power & SPIN Microsite



Our technology starts with You



Find out more at www.st.com

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