

# 4-bit dual supply level translator without direction control pin and integrated pull-up

Datasheet - production data



QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 mm)

#### **Features**

- 18 Mbps (max.) data rate when driven by a totem pole driver
- 6.8 Mbps (max.) data rate when driven by an open drain pole driver
- Bidirectional level translation without direction control pin
- Wide V<sub>I</sub> voltage range of 1.65 to 3.6 V
- Wide V<sub>CC</sub> voltage range of 1.80 to 5.5 V
- Integrated 10 kΩ pull-up on V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>L</sub> sides
- Power-down mode feature when either supply is off, all I/Os are in high impedance
- Low quiescent current (max. 8 μA)
- Able to be driven by totem pole and open drain drivers
- 5.5 V tolerant enable pin
- ESD performance on all pins: ±2 kV HBM
- Small package and footprint QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 mm) package

#### **Applications**

- Low voltage system level translation
- Mobile phones and other mobile devices
- I<sup>2</sup>C level translation
- UART level translation

#### **Description**

The ST2349I device is a 4-bit dual supply level translator which provides the level shifting capability to allow data transfer in a multi-voltage system. Externally applied voltages,  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{L}$ , set the logic levels on either side of the device. It utilizes transmission gate-based design that allows bidirectional level translation without a control pin.

The ST2349I device accepts a  $V_L$  from 1.65 to 3.6 V and  $V_{CC}$  from 1.80 to 5.5 V, making it ideal for data transfer between low-voltage ASICs/PLDs and higher voltage systems. This device has a tri-state output mode which can be used to disable all I/Os.

The ST2349I device supports power-down mode when  $V_{CC}$  is grounded/floating and the device is disabled via the OE pin.

The device has integrated 10 k $\Omega$  pull-ups on both sides.

Table 1. Device summary

Order code	Package	Packaging			
ST2349IQTR	QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 mm)	Tape and reel (3000 parts per reel)			

Contents ST2349I

### **Contents**

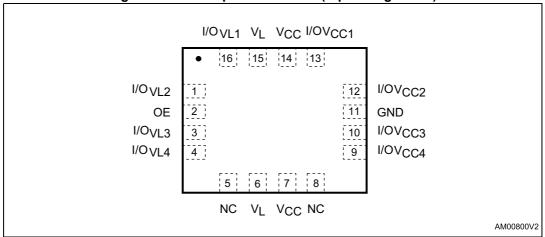
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ST2349I Pin settings

## 1 Pin settings

#### 1.1 Pin connection

Figure 1. ST2349I pin connection (top through view)



### 1.2 Pin description

Table 2. ST2349I pin description

Pin number	Symbol	Name and function
1	I/O <sub>VL2</sub>	Data input/output
2	OE	Output enable
3	I/O <sub>VL3</sub>	Data input/output
4	I/O <sub>VL4</sub>	Data input/output
5	NC	No connection
6	V <sub>L</sub>	Supply voltage
7	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage
8	NC	No connection
9	I/O <sub>VCC4</sub>	Data input/output
10	I/O <sub>VCC3</sub>	Data input/output
11	GND	Ground
12	I/O <sub>VCC2</sub>	Data input/output
13	I/O <sub>VCC1</sub>	Data input/output
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage
15	V <sub>L</sub>	Supply voltage
16	I/O <sub>VL1</sub>	Data input/output

### 2 Device block diagrams

Prigure 2. 3123491 block diagram 7, 77

OE VL

I/OVL

VCC

I/OVCC

AM03234

Figure 2. ST2349I block diagram<sup>(1)</sup>, <sup>(2)</sup>

- $1. \quad ST2349I \ has \ 4 \ channels. \ For simplicity, \ the \ above \ diagram \ shows \ only \ 1 \ channel.$
- 2. When OE is low, all I/Os are in high-impedance mode.

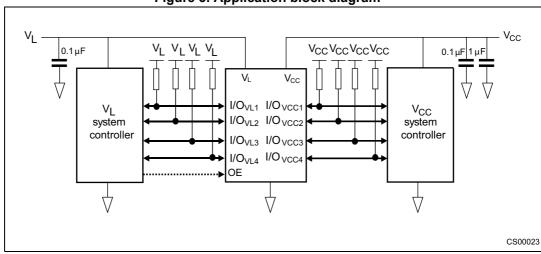


Figure 3. Application block diagram<sup>(1)</sup>

1. External pull-up resistors are optional. Only needed if a pull-up value lower than 10 k $\Omega$  is desired.

### 3 Supplementary notes

#### 3.1 Driver requirement

The ST2349I device may be driven by an open drain or totem pole driver and the nature of the device's output is "open drain". It must not be used to drive a pull-down resistor since the impedance of the output at HIGH state depends on the pull-up resistor placed at the I/Os.

As the device has pull-up resistors on both the I/O<sub>VCC</sub> and I/O<sub>VL</sub> ports, the user needs to ensure that the driver is able to sink the required amount of current. For example, if the settings are V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V<sub>L</sub> = 4.3 V and the pull-up resistor is 10 k $\Omega$ , then the driver must be able to sink at least (5.5 V/10 k $\Omega$ ) + (4.3 V/10 k $\Omega$ ) = 1 mA and still meet the V<sub>IL</sub> requirements of the ST2349I device.

### 3.2 Load driving capability

To support the open drain system, the one-shot transistor is turned on only during high transition at the output side. When it drives a high state, after the one-shot transistor is turned off, only the pull-up resistor is able to maintain the state. In this case, the resistive load is not recommended.

#### 3.3 Power off feature

In some applications where it might be required to turn off one of the power supplies powering up the level translator, the user may turn off the  $V_{CC}$  only when the OE pin is low (device is disabled). There will be no current consumption in  $V_L$  due to floating gates or other causes, and the I/Os are in a high-impedance state in this mode.

#### 3.4 Truth table

 Enable
 Bidirectional input/output

 OE
 I/O<sub>VCC</sub>
 I/O<sub>VL</sub>

 H(1)
 H(2)
 H(1)

 H(1)
 L
 L

 L
 Z(3)
 Z(3)

Table 3. Truth table

- 1. High level V<sub>L</sub> power supply referred.
- 2. High level V<sub>CC</sub> power supply referred.
- 3. Z = high impedance.

Maximum rating ST2349I

#### **Maximum rating** 4

Stressing the device above the rating listed in Table 4: Absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in Table 5: Recommended operating conditions of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 4. Absolute maximum ratings

rmbol Parameter
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Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{L}$	Supply voltage	-0.3 to 4.6	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>OE</sub>	DC control input voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>I/OVL</sub>	DC I/O <sub>VL</sub> input voltage (OE = GND or V <sub>L</sub> )	-0.3 to V <sub>L</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>I/OVCC</sub>	DC I/O <sub>VCC</sub> input voltage (OE = GND or $V_L$ )	-0.3 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC input diode current	-20	mA
I <sub>I/OVL</sub>	DC output current	±25	mA
I <sub>I/OVCC</sub>	DC output current	±258	mA
I <sub>SCTOUT</sub>	Short circuit duration, continuous	40	mA
P <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>	500	mW
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-65 to 150	°C
TL	Lead temperature (10 seconds)	300	°C
ESD	Electrostatic discharge protection (HBM)	±2	kV

<sup>1. 500</sup> mW: 65 °C derated to 300 mW by 10 W/°C: 65 °C to 85 °C.

### **Recommended operating conditions**

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
$V_{L}$	Supply voltage	1.65		3.6	V
V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply voltage	1.8		5.5	V
V <sub>OE</sub>	Input voltage (OE output enable pin, V <sub>L</sub> power supply referred)	0		3.6	٧
VI/O <sub>VL</sub>	I/O <sub>VL</sub> voltage	0		$V_{L}$	V
VI/O <sub>VCC</sub>	I/O <sub>VCC</sub> voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	V
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating temperature	-40		85	°C
dt/dV	Input rise and fall time	0		1	ns/V

<sup>1.</sup>  $V_{CC}$  must be greater than  $V_{L}$ .

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### 5 Electrical characteristics

### 5.1 DC characteristics

Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted. All typical values are at  $T_A$  = 25 °C.

**Table 6. DC characteristics** 

							Value						
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{L}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	Test conditions	TA	= 25 °C	;	-40 to 8	85 °C	Unit			
					Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Max.				
		1.65			1.4	_	_	1.4	_				
		2.0					1.6	_	_	1.6	_		
V <sub>IHL</sub>	High level input voltage (I/O <sub>VL</sub> )	2.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	_	2.0	_	_	2.0	_	V			
	3 ( VL)	3.0			2.4	_	_	2.4	_				
		3.6			2.8	_	_	2.8	_				
		1.65			_	_	0.3	_	0.3				
		2.0			_	_	0.4	_	0.4				
V <sub>ILL</sub>	Low level input voltage (I/O <sub>VL</sub> )	2.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	_	_	_	0.5	_	0.5	V	
Tanaga (ii a v	J ( VL)	3.0				_	_	0.6	_	0.6			
		3.6			_	_	0.8	_	0.8				
			1.8	1.8	1.8		1.6	_	_	1.6	_		
					2.5		2.3	_	_	2.3	_		
V <sub>IHC</sub>	High level input	1.65 to	3.0	_	2.7	_	_	2.7	_	$\rfloor_{v}$			
VIHC	voltage (I/O <sub>VCC</sub> )	$V_{CC}$		3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6		3.3	_	_	3.3	_
			4.3		3.5	_	_	3.5	_				
			5.5		4.2	_	_	4.2	-				
V <sub>ILC</sub>	Low level input	1.65 - 2.5	3 - 5.5		_	_	_	0.3	_	V			
VILC	voltage (I/O <sub>VCC</sub> )	2.7 - 3.6	3.6 - 5.5	_	_	_	_	0.5	_	\ \			
		1.65			1.0	_	_	1.0	_				
		2.0		1.2	_	_	1.2	_					
V <sub>IH-OE</sub>	High level input voltage (OE)	2.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	_	1.4	_	_	1.4	_	V			
		3.0			1.6	_	_	1.6	_				
		3.6			2.0	_	_	2.0	_				

Electrical characteristics ST2349I

Table 6. DC characteristics (continued)

							Value			
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{L}$	v <sub>cc</sub>	Test conditions	T <sub>A</sub> :	= 25 °C	;	-40 to 8	5 °C	Unit
					Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
		1.65			_	_	0.33	-	0.33	
		2.0			_	_	0.40	_	0.40	
V <sub>IL-OE</sub>	Low level input voltage (OE)	2.5	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	_	_	_	0.50	_	0.50	V
	<b>3</b> ( )	3.0			_	_	0.60	_	0.60	
		3.6			_	_	0.75	_	0.75	
V <sub>OLL</sub>	Low level output voltage (I/O <sub>VL</sub> )	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	IO = 1.0 mA I/O <sub>VCC</sub> ≤ 0.15 V	_	-	0.40	_	0.40	V
V <sub>OLC</sub>	Low level output voltage (I/O <sub>VCC</sub> )	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	IO = 1.0  mA $I/O_{VL} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$	_	-	0.40	_	0.40	V
I <sub>OE</sub>	Control input leakage current (OE)	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	V <sub>OE</sub> = GND or V <sub>L</sub>	_	_	±0.1	_	±0.1	μΑ
I <sub>IO_LKG</sub>	High impedance leakage current (I/O <sub>VL</sub> , I/O <sub>VCC</sub> )	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	OE = GND	_	_	±0.1	_	±0.1	μA
I <sub>QVCC</sub>	Quiescent supply current V <sub>CC</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	only pull-up resistor connected to I/O	_	6	6.5	_	8	μA
I <sub>QVL</sub>	Quiescent supply current V <sub>L</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	only pull-up resistor connected to I/O	-	0.01	0.1	-	1	μA
I <sub>Z-VCC</sub>	High impedance quiescent supply current V <sub>CC</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	OE = GND; only pull-up resistor connected to I/O	_	6	6.5	_	8	μА
I <sub>Z-VL</sub>	High impedance quiescent supply current V <sub>L</sub>	1.65 to 3.6	V <sub>L</sub> to 5.5	OE = GND; only pull-up resistor connected to I/O	_	0.01	0.1	_	1	μА

#### 5.2 AC characteristics

#### 5.2.1 Device driven by open drain driver

Note:

The  $R_{\rm up}$  of 4.7  $k\Omega$  is an effective R pull-up value. Since the device has an integrated 10  $k\Omega$  pull-up resistor, an effective value of 4.7  $k\Omega$  is obtained by adding an external 8.9  $k\Omega$  pull-up resistor.

Load  $C_L$  = 15 pF;  $R_{up}$  = 4.7 k $\Omega$ ; driver  $t_r$  =  $t_f \le 2$  ns over temperature range -40 °C to 85 °C.

Table 7. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L = 1.65 - 1.8 \text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Parameter		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8	8 – 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7	- 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3	3 – 5.5 V	Unit
Symbol			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Onit
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	80	_	60	_	45	ns
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		-	23.2	_	33.9	1	53.3	ns
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	60	_	45	-	35	ns
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	16.4	_	17.6	-	16.9	ns
	Propagation delay time I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	3.4	_	2.0	-	2.0	
t <sub>I/OVL-VCC</sub>		t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	13.9	_	19.1	1	30.2	ns
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.0	_	2.0	1	2.6	
t <sub>I</sub> /OVCC-VL	I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	8.6	_	9.0	1	9.5	ns
t <sub>PZI</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	the disable time	En	_	10	_	10	-	10	no
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>		Dis	_	40	_	40	_	40	ns
D <sub>R</sub>	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>		_	1.8	_	2.2	-	3.4	MHz

The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

Table 8. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L = 2.5 - 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Parameter		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7	$V_{CC} = 2.7 - 3.6 V$		$V_{CC} = 4.3 - 5.5 V$		
Symbol			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	70.0	_	50	ns	
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	14.8	_	19.1	ns	
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	50.0	_	35	ns	
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	9.8	_	10	ns	
t <sub>I/OVL-VCC</sub>	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.0	_	2.0	no	
	I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>		_	8.2	_	11.6	ns	

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Table 8. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L$  = 2.5 - 2.7 V (continued)

Symbol	Parameter		$V_{CC} = 2.7 - 3.6 \text{ V}$		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3	Unit	
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit
Propagation delay time  t <sub>I/OVCC-VL</sub>   Propagation delay time   I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub>   I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.0	_	2.0	20	
		t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	5.3	_	5.9	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	disable time	En	_	6	_	6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>		Dis	_	40	_	40	115
D <sub>R</sub>	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>		_	2.2	_	3.0	MHz

The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

Table 9. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L$  = 2.7 - 3.6 V

Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.3	3 – 5.5 V	Unit	
Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	55.0	ns
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	17.2	ns
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	40.0	ns
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	9.7	ns
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.0	
t <sub>I/OVL-VCC</sub>	I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	10.6	ns
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.0	
t <sub>I/OVCC-VL</sub>	I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	4.8	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output enable and disable time	En	-	6	ne
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output enable and disable time	Dis	_	40	ns
D <sub>R</sub>	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>	_	_	3.0	MHz

The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

### 5.2.2 Device driven by totem pole driver

Load  $C_L$  = 15 pF;  $R_{up}$  = 10 k $\Omega$ ; driver  $t_r$  =  $t_f \le 2$  ns) over temperature range -40 °C to 85 °C.

Table 10. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L$  = 1.65 – 1.8 V

Symbol	Symbol Parameter –		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.	8 – 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.	7 – 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.	3 – 5.5 V	Unit
Symbol			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Offic
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	7.2	-	4.6	-	1.4	ns
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	23.2	_	33.9	_	53.3	ns
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	5.9	_	5.7	_	5.5	ns
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	16.4	_	17.6	_	16.9	ns
t <sub>I/OVI</sub> -	t <sub>I/OVL-</sub> Propagation delay time I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	5.5	_	4.1	_	3.6	
		t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	13.9	_	19.1	_	30.2	ns
t <sub>I/OVCC</sub> -	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	4.5	_	3.9	_	3.6	
VL	I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	8.6	_	9	_	9.5	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub> Output enable and		En	_	10	_	10	_	10	ne
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	·	Dis	_	40	_	40	_	40	ns
D <sub>R</sub>	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>		_	6.4	_	4.5	_	3	MHz

<sup>1.</sup> The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

Table 11. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L$  = 2.5 – 2.7 V

Symbol	Parameter		$V_{CC} = 2.7 - 3.6 V$		$V_{CC}$ = 4.3 $-$ 5.5 $V$		Unit
Symbol	Farameter		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Oilit
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	3.8	_	2.8	ns
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	14.8	_	19.1	ns
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	3.3	_	3.2	ns
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>		_	9.8	_	10.0	ns
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	1	3.2	_	2.8	
$t_{I/OVL\text{-VCC}}$  /O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub>  /O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	8.2	_	11.6	ns	
Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	_	2.6	_	2.0		
t <sub>I/OVCC-VL</sub>	I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	_	5.3	_	5.9	ns

Electrical characteristics ST2349I

Table 11. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L = 2.5 - 2.7 \text{ V}$  (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Doromotor		$V_{CC} = 2.7 - 3.6 V$		$V_{CC}$ = 4.3 $-$ 5.5 $V$	
Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	- Unit
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub> Output enable and	Output enable and	En	_	6	_	6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	disable time	Dis	_	40	_	40	115
D <sub>R</sub>	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>		_	9	_	6.8	MHz

The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

Table 12. AC characteristics - test conditions:  $V_L = 2.7 - 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$ = 4.3 $-$ 5.5 $V$		Unit	
Symbol	Farameter	Min.	Max.	Oilit	
t <sub>RVCC</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>	_	2.9	ns	
t <sub>FVCC</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		_	17.2	ns
t <sub>RVL</sub>	Rise time I/O <sub>VL</sub>	_	3.0	ns	
t <sub>FVL</sub>	Fall time I/O <sub>VL</sub>	_	9.7	ns	
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	-	2.7	
t <sub>I/OVL-VCC</sub>	I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	10.6	ns
	Propagation delay time	t <sub>PLH</sub>	-	1.9	ns
t <sub>I</sub> /OVCC-VL	I/O <sub>VCC-LH</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-LH</sub> I/O <sub>VCC-HL</sub> to I/O <sub>VL-HL</sub>	t <sub>PHL</sub>	-	4.8	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub> t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output enable and disable time	En	-	6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub> t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Calput Grabic and disable time	Dis	-	40	113
$D_{R}$	Data rate <sup>(1)</sup>		-	7.2	MHz

The data rate is guaranteed based on the condition that the output I/O signal rise/fall time is less than 15% of the input I/O signal period; the input I/O signal is at 50% duty cycle and the output I/O signal duty cycle deviation not less than 30%.

ST2349I Test circuit

### 6 Test circuit

Figure 4. Test circuit

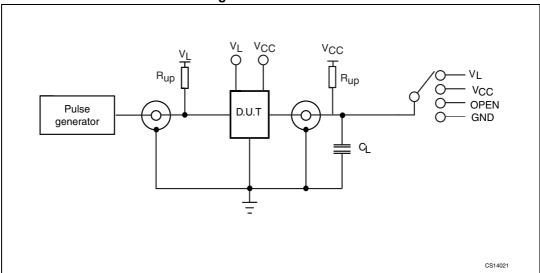


Table 13. Test circuit switches

Test	Switch				
lest	Driving I/O <sub>VL</sub>	Driving I/O <sub>VCC</sub>	Open drain driving		
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open	Open	Open		

Table 14. Waveform symbol value

	Driving	g I/O <sub>VL</sub>	Driving I/O <sub>VCC</sub>		
Symbol	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{1.8 V} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{L}} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{CC}} \leq \\ \textbf{2.5 V} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.3 V} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{L}} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{CC}} \leq \\ \textbf{5.0 V} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{1.8 V} \leq \textbf{V_L} \leq \textbf{V_{CC}} \leq \\ \textbf{2.5 V} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.3V} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{L}} \leq \textbf{V}_{\textbf{CC}} \leq \\ \textbf{5.0 V} \end{array}$	
$V_{IH}$	V <sub>L</sub>	$V_L$	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>IM</sub>	50% V <sub>L</sub>	50% V <sub>L</sub>	50% V <sub>CC</sub>	50% V <sub>CC</sub>	
V <sub>OM</sub>	50% V <sub>CC</sub>	50% V <sub>CC</sub>	50% V <sub>L</sub>	50% V <sub>L</sub>	
V <sub>X</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> +0.3 V	
$V_{Y}$	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> -0.3 V	

Note:

The pull-up resistors shown in the above test circuit are optional and are only needed if total pull-up on either end of the level translator needs to be lower than 10 k $\Omega$ . In applications where 10 k $\Omega$  is sufficient, the external pull-up resistor is not required.

Test circuit ST2349I

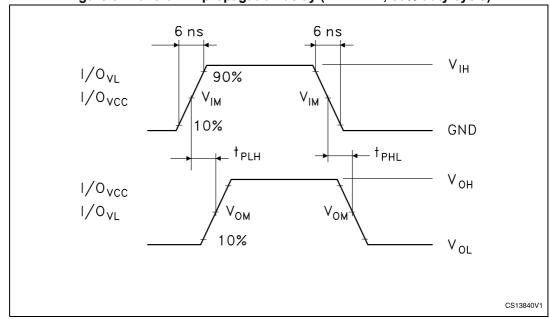
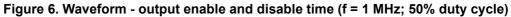
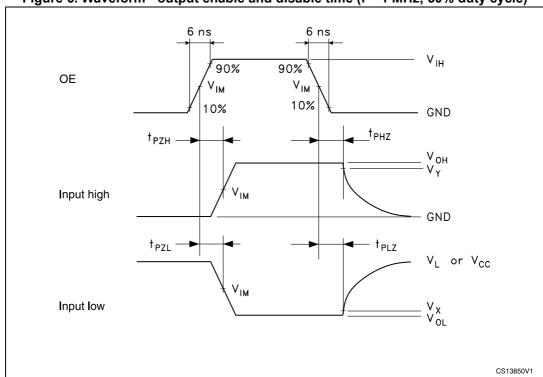


Figure 5. Waveform - propagation delay (f = 1 MHz; 50% duty cycle)





ST2349I Package information

### 7 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK is an ST trademark.

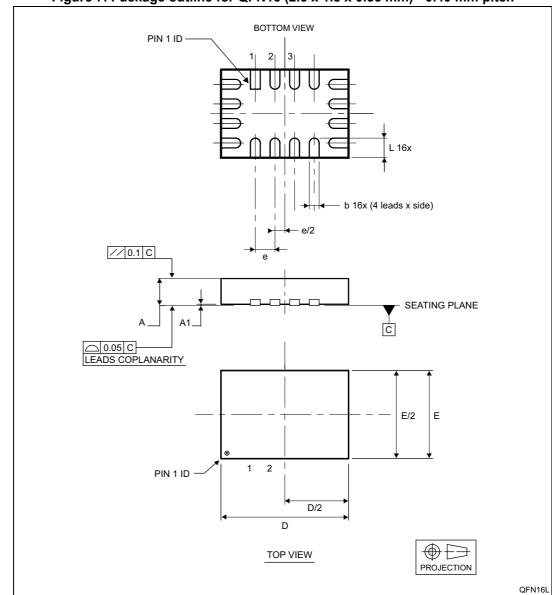


Figure 7. Package outline for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

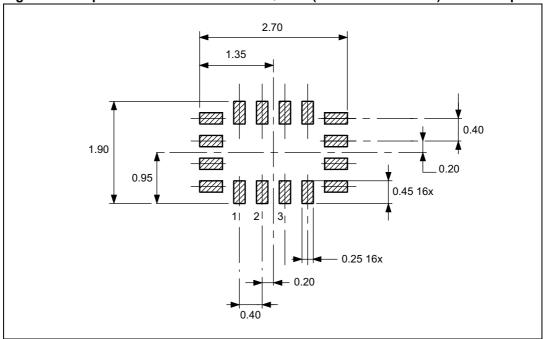
- 1. Drawing is not to scale.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters.

Package information ST2349I

Table 15. Package mechanical data for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

Symbol	Dimensions (mm)					
Symbol	Тур.	Min.	Max.			
Α	0.55	0.45	0.60			
A1	0.02	0	0.05			
b	0.20	0.15	0.25			
D	2.60	2.50	2.70			
E	1.80	1.70	1.90			
е	0.40	_	_			
L	0.40	0.35	0.45			

Figure 8. Footprint recommendations for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch



- 1. Drawing is not to scale.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters.

ST2349I Package information

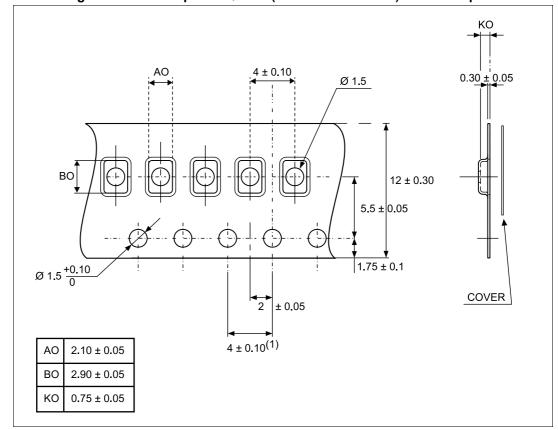


Figure 9. Carrier tape for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

1. 10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance  $\pm$  0.20.

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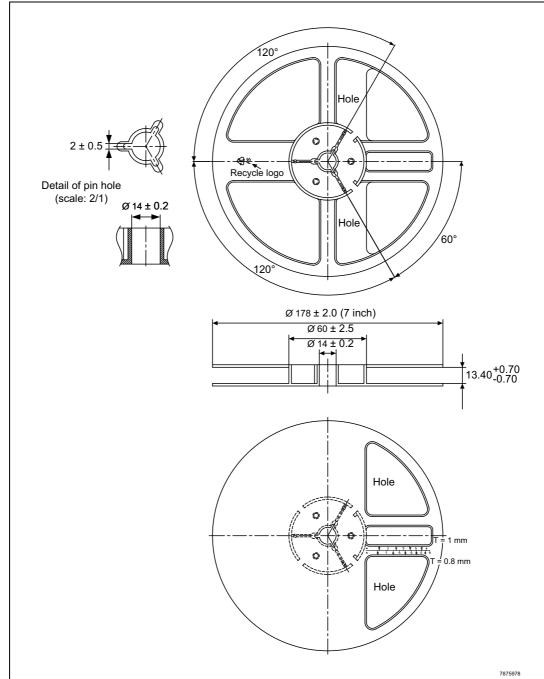


Figure 10. Reel information for QFN16 (2.6 x 1.8 x 0.55 mm) - 0.40 mm pitch

- 1. Drawing is not to scale.
- 2. Dimensions are in millimeters.

ST2349I Revision history

# 8 Revision history

Table 16. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
06-May-2013	1	Initial release.

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