

Introduction

This document is intended for software and hardware developers who wants to understand how to use the SPC564Axx Temperature Sensor.

The aim of this document is to clarify the Temperature Sensor calculation, and to provide reference code to show how to calculate it.

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1 Scope

This document describes the Temperature Sensor integrated into SPC564Axx Automotive Microcontroller devices and the way to calculate the internal junction temperature.

The devices under analysis are listed in [Table 1](#).

Table 1. Cores

| Device | Name |
|-------------|------------|
| SPC564A70xx | Andorra 2M |
| SPC564A74xx | Andorra 3M |
| SPC564A80xx | Andorra 4M |

2 Overview

SPC564Axx MCUs include an on board temperature sensor that monitors device temperature and produces a voltage directly proportional to the internal junction temperature. Internal junction temperature must be calculated by software based on the sampled temperature sensor voltage, sampled bandgap voltage and calibration parameter values stored in internal flash memory.

The temperature sensor generates a voltage that increases linearly with temperature. Since the voltage is an amplified version of a ΔV_{BE} voltage it is proportional to absolute temperature. This voltage, $V_{TSENS}(T)$, is read by software using the on board eQADC module and used with the bandgap voltage and constants stored in flash memory during factory test to calculate device junction temperature.

Five calibration parameters are stored in flash memory during factory test:

- T_{LOW} is the low temperature factory calibration temperature value.
- T_{HIGH} is the hot temperature factory calibration temperature value.
- $V_{BG_CODE}(T_{LOW})$ is the bandgap voltage at low calibration temperature (T_{LOW}) sampled by the eQADC and converted to a 14-bit value.
- $T_{TSENS_CODE}(T_{LOW})$ is the temperature sensor voltage at low calibration temperature (T_{LOW}) sampled by the eQADC and converted to a 14-bit value.
- $T_{TSENS_CODE}(T_{HIGH})$ is the temperature sensor voltage at high calibration temperature (T_{HIGH}) sampled by the eQADC and converted to a 14-bit value.

3 Temperature formula

The temperature formula is the following:

$$T = T_{\text{LOW}} + \frac{T_{\text{TSENS_CODE}}(T) * \beta - T_{\text{TSENS_CODE}}(T_{\text{LOW}})}{T_{\text{TSENS_CODE}}(T_{\text{HIGH}}) - T_{\text{TSENS_CODE}}(T_{\text{LOW}})} * (T_{\text{HIGH}} - T_{\text{LOW}})$$

where:

$$T_{\text{TSENS_CODE}}(T) = \frac{V_{\text{TSENS}}(T)}{V_{\text{ref}}} * 2^{14}$$

$$\beta = \frac{V_{\text{BG_CODE}}(T_{\text{LOW}})}{V_{\text{BG_CODE}}(T)}$$

$$V_{\text{BG_CODE}}(T) = \frac{V_{\text{BG}}(T)}{V_{\text{ref}}} * 2^{14}$$

$$V_{\text{ref}} = V_{\text{RH}} - V_{\text{RL}}$$

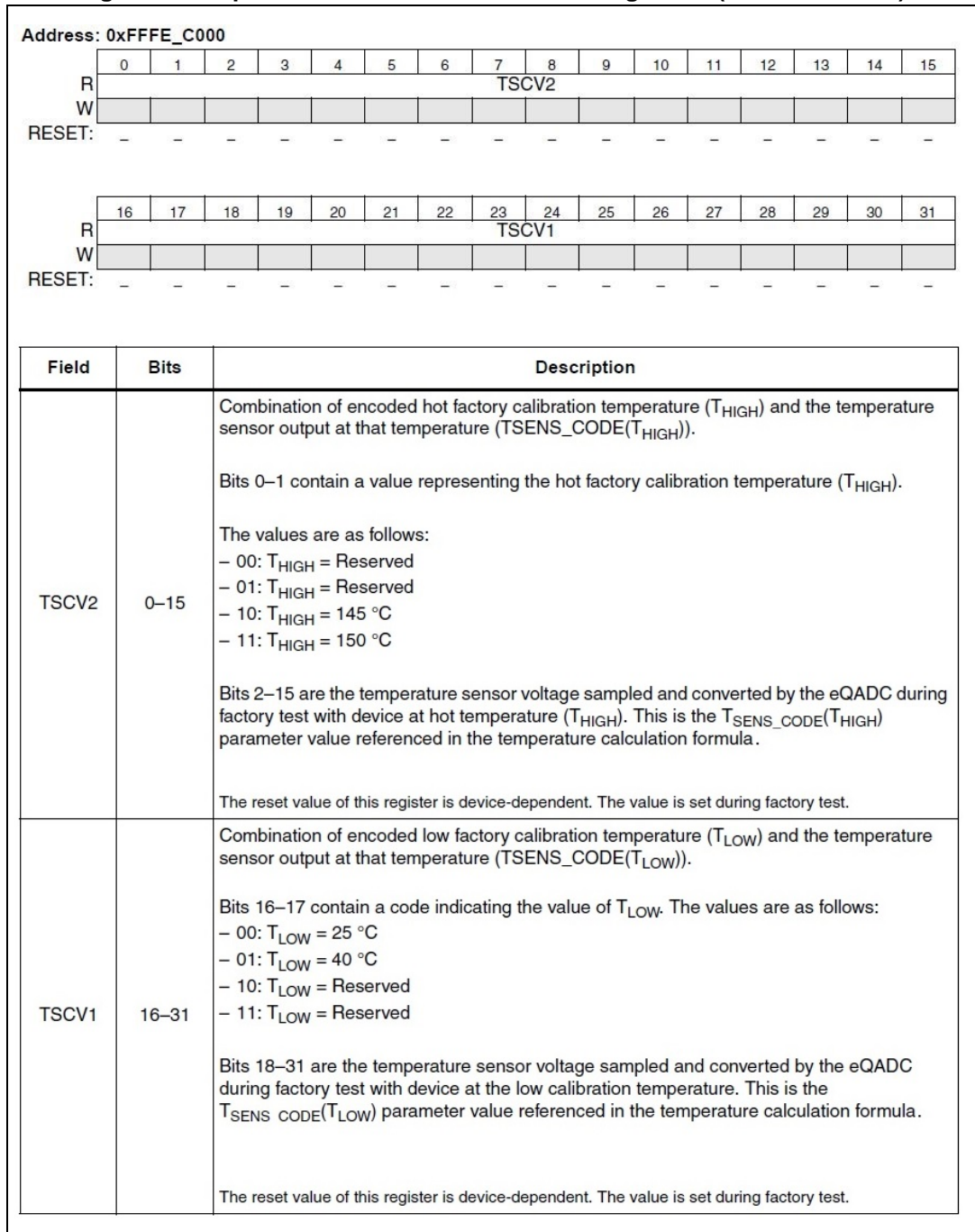
- V_{RH} is ADC High Reference Voltage, V_{RL} is the ADC Low Reference Voltage, $V_{\text{BG}}(T)$ is the bandgap reference voltage and $V_{\text{TENS}}(T)$ is the output voltage of the device temperature sensor. Software must sample the voltages respectively from eQADC_A channel 40, 41, 45 and 128 (ADC0 and ADC1) (see [Table 2: ADC Temperature channels](#)).

Table 2. ADC Temperature channels

| Function | ADC Channel Number |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|
| VRH | 40 |
| VRL | 41 |
| Bandgap (V_{BG}) | 45 |
| Temperature Sensor ($V_{TSENS}(T)$) | 128 |

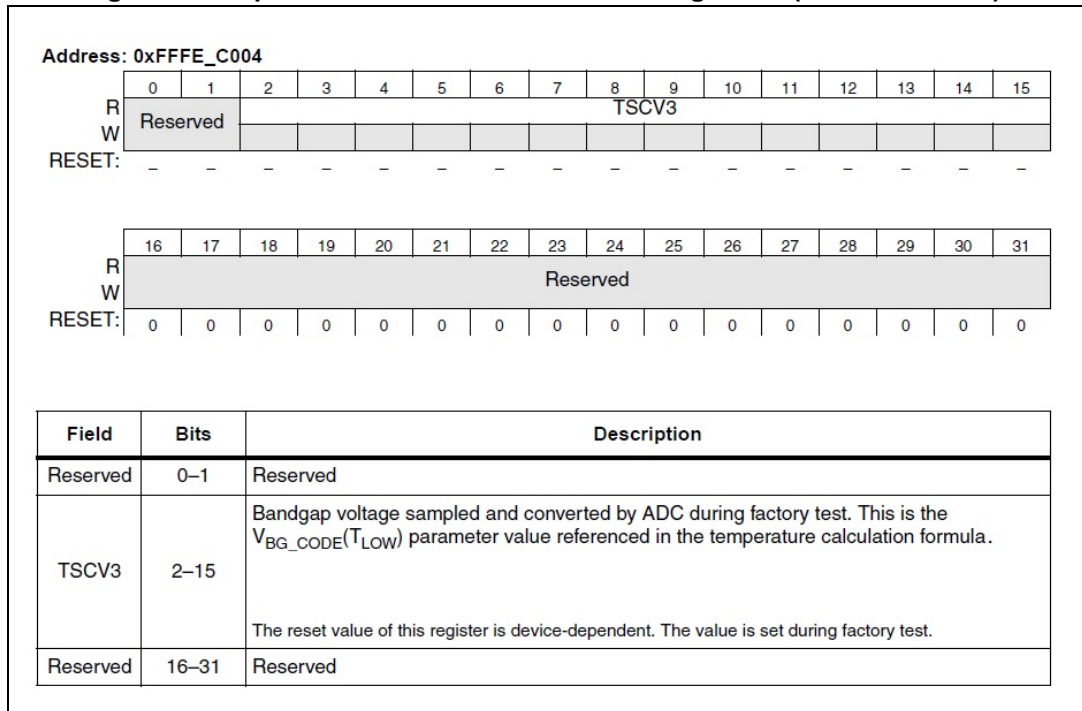
- T_{LOW} is the factory low calibration temperature, T_{HIGH} is the hot factory calibration temperature, $T_{TSENS_CODE}(T_{LOW})$ is the sampled output voltage of the temperature sensor during low temperature factory calibration, $T_{TSENS_CODE}(T_{HIGH})$ is the sampled output voltage of the temperature sensor during hot temperature factory calibration. These values are stored in internal flash memory during factory calibration, and accessible directly by the Temperature Calculation Constants Register 0 (TSENS_TCCR0, see [Figure 1: Temperature Calculation Constants Register 0 \(TSENS_TCCR0\)](#)).

Figure 1. Temperature Calculation Constants Register 0 (TSENS_TCCR0)



- $V_{BG_CODE}(T_{LOW})$ is the value of the bandgap voltage sampled during low temperature factory calibration. This value is stored in internal flash memory during factory calibration, and accessible directly by the Temperature Calculation Constants Register 1 (TSENS_TCCR1, see [Figure 2: Temperature Calculation Constants Register 1 \(TSENS_TCCR1\)](#)).

Figure 2. Temperature Calculation Constants Register 1 (TSENS_TCCR1)



4 Example code for Temperature calculation

The following C code shows an example of a function that returns the junction temperature starting from the parameters *vrh* (ADC CH40), *vrl* (ADC CH41), *bandgap* (ADC CH45) and *tsens* (ADC CH128).

```
static float calculateSocTemperature(uint32_t vrh, uint32_t vrl, uint32_t bandgap, uint32_t tsens) {
```

```
    uint32_t vref;
    uint16_t tscv1, tscv2;
    uint16_t t_sense_code_t_low, t_sense_code_t_high;
    int32_t t_low = 0;
    int32_t t_high = 0;
    uint16_t tscv3;
    float vbg_code;
    float beta;
    float t_sense_code_t;

    /* Vref calculation.*/
    vref = (vrh - vrl);

    /* TTSENS_CODE(TLOW) and TTSENS_CODE(THIGH) calculation.*/
    tscv1 = TSENS.TCCR0.B.TSCV1;
    tscv2 = TSENS.TCCR0.B.TSCV2;
    t_sense_code_t_low = 0x3FFF & tscv1;
    t_sense_code_t_high = 0x3FFF & tscv2;

    /* TLOW calculation.*/
    switch(((0xC000 & tscv1) >> 14))
    {
        case 0:
            t_low = 25;
            break;
        case 1:
            t_low = 40;
            break;
        default:
            break;
    }

    /* THIGH calculation.*/
    switch(((0xC000 & tscv2) >> 14))
    {
        case 2:
```

```
        t_high = 145;
        break;
    case 3:
        t_high = 150;
        break;
    default:
        break;
}

/* VBG_CODE(TLOW) calculation.*/
tscv3 = TSENS.TCCR1.B.TSCV3;

/* VBG_CODE(T) calculation.*/
vbg_code = (float)(bandgap * (1 << 14)) / vref ;

/* BETA calculation.*/
beta = ((float)tscv3 / (vbg_code));

/* TTSENS_CODE(T) calculation.*/
t_sense_code_t = (float)(tsens * (1 << 14)) / vref;

/* SOC temperature calculation.*/
return (t_low + (((t_sense_code_t * beta) - t_sense_code_t_low) /
(t_sense_code_t_high - t_sense_code_t_low)) * (t_high - t_low));
}
```

5 Revision history

Table 3. Document revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|----------|------------------|
| 27-Sep-2019 | 1 | Initial release. |

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