

# How to create a software pack enhanced for STM32CubeMX using STM32 Pack Creator tool

## Introduction

STM32CubeMX is part of the STM32Cube initiative designed to simplify and accelerate the development of applications for STM32 microcontrollers.

STM32CubeMX offers the possibility to generate C projects using embedded software offers packages as CMSIS-Pack compliant software packs.

Starting with the 6.0.0 revision, STM32CubeMX is delivered with STM32PackCreator, an STM32 pack creation graphical companion tool, whose main purpose is the creation of software packs.

The generated software packs are:

- Arm<sup>®</sup> CMSIS-Pack-compliant
- Optionally STM32Cube rules-compliant. Such compliance is mandatory for publishing a pack as an STM32Cube Expansion Package.
- Optionally enhanced for STM32CubeMX. Such enhancements allow the pack to be configured in the STM32CubeMX user interface and for STM32CubeMX to generate custom code in line with the user's configuration.

This document describes what a software pack is, how to create a software pack from scratch using STM32PackCreator and how to verify the generated pack using STM32CubeMX.

It also provides the list of reference material and specifications that are useful when considering the creation of an STM32Cube Expansion Package.







# 1 References

- STM32Cube Expansion Packages: development guidelines and development checklist for STM32Cube Expansion Packages
- User manual Development checklist for STM32Cube Expansion Packages (UM2312)
- User manual STM32Cube Firmware Packs Specification (UM2388)
- User manual STM32Cube BSP drivers development guidelines (UM2298)
- Wiki How to develop an STM32Cube Expansion Package (URL: https://wiki.st.com/stm32mcu/wiki/ How to develop a STM32Cube Expansion Package)
- CMSIS-Pack description: Arm® CMSIS-Pack website https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/index.html
- Several videos and updates are accessible from STM32CubeMX [Help>Video] tutorial menu and from the STM32Cube Expansion wiki page.

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# 2 STM32Cube overview

STM32Cube is an STMicroelectronics original initiative to improve designer productivity significantly by reducing development effort, time, and cost. STM32Cube covers the whole STM32 portfolio. STM32Cube includes:

- A set of user-friendly software development tools to cover project development from conception to realization, among which are:
  - STM32CubeMX, a graphical software configuration tool that allows the automatic generation of C initialization code using graphical wizards
  - STM32CubeIDE, an all-in-one development tool with peripheral configuration, code generation, code compilation, and debug features
  - STM32CubeCLT, an all-in-one command-line development toolset with code compilation, board programming, and debug features
  - STM32CubeProgrammer (STM32CubeProg), a programming tool available in graphical and command-line versions
  - STM32CubeMonitor (STM32CubeMonitor, STM32CubeMonPwr, STM32CubeMonRF, STM32CubeMonUCPD), powerful monitoring tools to fine-tune the behavior and performance of STM32 applications in real time
- STM32Cube MCU and MPU Packages, comprehensive embedded-software platforms specific to each microcontroller and microprocessor series (such as STM32CubeH7 for the STM32H7 series), which include:
  - STM32Cube hardware abstraction layer (HAL), ensuring maximized portability across the STM32 portfolio
  - STM32Cube low-layer APIs, ensuring the best performance and footprints with a high degree of user control over hardware
  - A consistent set of middleware components such as RTOS, USB Host and Device, TCP/IP, mbedTLS, FAT file system, audio, and graphics
  - All embedded software utilities with full sets of peripheral and applicative examples
- STM32Cube Expansion Packages, which contain embedded software components that complement the functionalities of the STM32Cube MCU and MPU Packages with:
  - Middleware extensions and applicative layers
  - Examples running on some specific STMicroelectronics development boards

For more details visit STM32Cube.

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# 3 Software pack overview

#### 3.1 Definition and CMSIS-Pack standard

A software pack is a complete file collection shipped in ZIP format (renamed to \*.pack).

It complies with  $Arm^{@}$  CMSIS-Pack specifications, which define a standardized way to deliver software components (see https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/index.html)

#### It includes

- Source code, header files, and software libraries
- Documentation and source code templates
- Example projects
- The pack .pdsc file: this file is designed for software development environments. It is an XML-based package description (PDSC) file that describes the content of the software pack and the usage context for the files supplied within the pack (for example, on which conditions, they can be used, if any such condition exists)

For an introduction to CMSIS Packs structure and format of a pack description file (PDSC), check out:

- Keil<sup>®</sup> website: https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/index.html
- Keil® tutorial page: https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/cp\_SWComponents.html

CMSIS CMSIS-Pack Version 1.6.3 Delivery Mechanism for Software Packs Core(M) RTOS v2 Driver DSP Build RTOS v1 DAP Zone General Core(A) Q. **Pack with Software Components** Software Pack Use Cases Revision History of CMSIS-Pack This section is a tutorial that explains how to create a Software Pack. Initially, a Software Pack with a simple PDSC file is created that contains only one software component. This Software Pack is then extended to show the various ▶ Pack with Software Components features for describing software components. Pack with Device Support Preparations Pack with Board Support Pack Example 1. Create a working directory on you PC, for example C:\temp\working. Go to the directory \CMSIS\Pack\Tutorials available in the ARM::CMSIS Pack installation. Please consult your development tool's documentation for more information on the Pack installation directory structure. In a Utilities for Creating Packs Publish a Pack standard µVision installation, you will find it below C:\Keil\_v5\ARM\Pack\ARM\CMSIS\version.

3. Open the file Pack\_with\_Software\_Components.zip. ▶ Pack Description (\*.pdsc) Format Copy the *content* of the ZIP file's 01\_Create\_PDSC directory into your working directory.
 Make sure that files/directories are not write protected (remove read-only flag). Configuration Wizard Annotations ► Flash Programming 6. Copy from the directory \CMSIS\Utilities available in the ARM::CMSIS Pack installation the following files Debug Setup with CMSIS-Pack into your working directory: PackChk.exe System Description File (\*.SDF) Format PACK.xsd Pack Index Files

Figure 1. Keil® tutorial cover page

The Arm® CMSIS-Pack system solves several problems:

- It provides meta-data of files that relate to a software component. All files that belong to a software component can be identified and information about the original provider is preserved.
- It enables consistent software component upgrades and identifies incompatible configuration files that may be part of the user application.
- Software component providers can specify the interfaces and relationship to other software components.
- The meta-data of a software component can include dependency information for toolchains, devices, and processors, which simplifies integration into application programs.
- Thousands of software packs have been created by Arm<sup>®</sup> and its partners: these can be easily
  downloaded, installed, and used in software projects, using Arm<sup>®</sup> development tools, STM32CubeMX,
  STM32CubeIDE and any other tool supporting the standard (some support in IAR-EWARM).
- Tutorial page to introduce CMSIS-Pack structure and format of a pack description file (PDSC) for beginners: https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/cp\_SWComponents.html

STM32PackCreator allows generating such Arm® CMSIS-Pack compliant packs.

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#### STM32Cube Expansion Packages 3.2

On top of the CMSIS-Pack standard, STMicroelectronics specifies some rules to create STM32Cube Expansion Packages. Refer to the STM32Cube Expansion page on www.st.com and the Wiki link in Section 1

When the option to create an STM32Cube Expansion Package is enabled for the project, STM32PackCreator implements the relevant constraints, like fields that become mandatory, and specific file paths.

#### 3.3 Software pack creation cycle

According to the CMSIS-Pack standard, pack owners are responsible for their pack hosting and maintenance. Refer to Figure 2.

The Arm® CMSIS-Pack standard is designed as a web-based distribution network. Each provider of a CMSIS-Pack (also referred to as vendor) is responsible for hosting, maintaining, and publishing unique versions of a CMSIS-Pack.

A CMSIS-Pack is uniquely identified by <vendor>.<pack name>.<version>.pack. All published versions of a pack and the PDSC file need to be available in the same web folder specified by <url>. Multiple different packs may be located in the same web folder.

Figure 2. Creation cycle for software pack enhanced for STM32CubeMX

Refer to https://www.keil.com/pack/doc/CMSIS/Pack/html/packIndexFile.html.

Review the embedded software offer and Publish the pack new revision break down its architecture into bundles and at a given URL for public usage components; identify the components that are configurable, dependencies between components and conditions; organize your filesystem with all the files and folders that should be delivered with the pack. Publish Prepare

or keep it for restricted usage only. Software Pack Install Describe & Use it & Enhance Use STM32PackCreator to STM32 Cube MX describe the pack elements, Use STM32CubeMX files attributes, and to specify To verify the configuration parameters configuration parameters and and the generated code Generate custom code templates To generate code to create pack example projects Use STM32PackCreator to generate the pack in one click

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# 4 STM32PackCreator overview

# 4.1 Principles

Historically, pack developers must perform manual updates of XML files, run several scripts and launch different toolsets to ensure things worked out as expected.

Today pack developers can rely on a single tool, STM32PackCreator, to get guidance, avoid errors and generate the pack in one click.

With STM32PackCreator, the pack developer may:

- Describe and package their software offers as packs,
- Enhance the pack to accelerate the process of application creation by end users,
  - Introduce configuration parameters for users to automatically generate the configuration relevant for their application using STM32CubeMX. From the STM32CubeMX user interface, the user can set the values of configurable software component parameters and retrieve them as C-code statements in the generated C projects, meaning as #define statements.
  - Introduce platform settings when one or more pack components need to interface with peripherals
    and GPIOs: users are able, from STM32CubeMX User Interface, to select among a choice of
    possible peripherals or GPIOs to interface the pack components with and retrieve the corresponding
    initialization C-code.
  - Introduce custom templates when specific code must be generated according to the user's configuration: users retrieve advanced C-code aligned with the configuration they required for their application.
- Check how the pack appears in the STM32CubeMX user interface using the STM32CubeMX preview feature.
- Generate new pack revisions by adding a new release entry in the CMSIS-Pack view and clicking Save & Generate Pack from the File menu.

Pack developers use STM32CubeMX to:

- Verify that the project is generated successfully when the pack is enabled,
- Create pack example projects based on STM32CubeMX-generated code.

# 4.2 Key features

STM32PackCreator allows to:

- Create, save, and open previously saved projects.
- Create new projects from scratch or existing packs.
- Create and update the pack description.
- Create and update the pack configuration parameters and platform settings. The users configure them from STM32CubeMX configuration panel when using the pack in their project.
- Select custom code templates. Such templates are used to generate pack-related code corresponding to the user's configuration.
- Generate Arm<sup>®</sup> CMSIS-Pack compliant packs.
- Generate STM32Cube Expansion compliant packs.

# 4.3 Rules and limitations

# Compatibility with STM32CubeMX

STM32PackCreator implementation is linked to the STM32CubeMX version embedding it. Also, it is strongly advised to use the same STM32CubeMX version or higher to install packs generated with STM32PackCreator in STM32CubeMX.

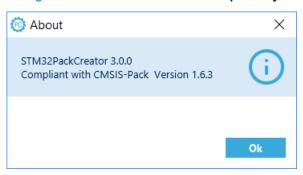
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## Compatibility with CMSIS-pack standard

STM32PackCreator generates packs that are compliant with the 1.6.3 standard. Refer to Figure 3.

Figure 3. CMSIS-Pack standard compatibility



## Compliance with STM32Cube Expansion rules

STM32PackCreator implements constraints to generate packs that are compliant with STM32Cube Expansion rules. Refer to STM32Cube Expansion Packages in Section 1

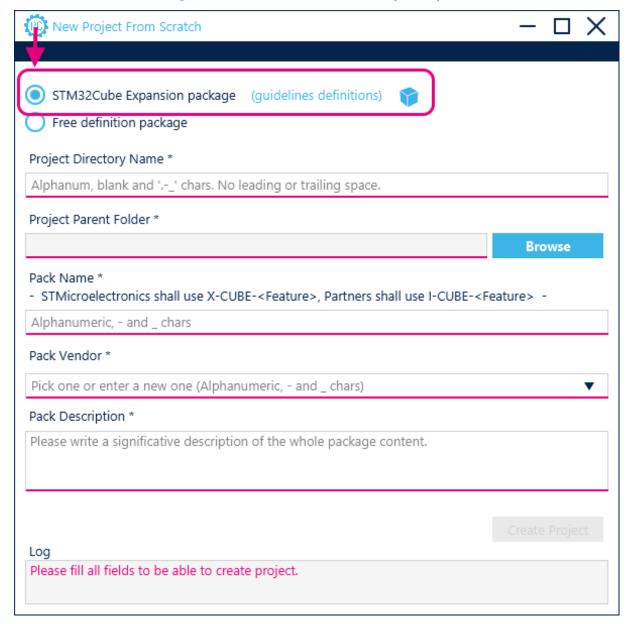
Note:

STM32PackCreator cannot convert an existing pack to become an STM32Cube Expansion Package. The workaround is to create a new pack from scratch using STM32PackCreator and with the STM32Cube compliant option turned on. Refer to Figure 4.

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Figure 4. Activation of STM32Cube compliant option



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# 4.4 System requirements

Supported operating systems and architectures are listed below:

- Windows<sup>®</sup> 10 and 11: 64 bits (x64)
- Linux<sup>®</sup>: Ubuntu<sup>®</sup> LTS 20.04 and LTS 22.04
- macOS<sup>®</sup> 12 (Monterey), macOS<sup>®</sup> 13 (Ventura)

STM32PackCreator requires a Java<sup>®</sup> runtime environment (JRE<sup>™</sup>) to execute.

When launched from the STM32CubeMX external tool panel on the STM32CubeMX home page, the STM32 PackCreator tool reuses the JRE™ running STM32CubeMX and no additional installation is required.

Starting with version 6.2.0, STM32CubeMX embeds the Java<sup>®</sup> runtime environment (JRE $^{\text{TM}}$ ) required for its execution and no longer uses the one installed on the user's machine.

Note: The bundled  $JRE^{T}$  is  $Temurin^{T}$  Adoptium<sup>®</sup> 17.0.6 and JavaFX-17.0.2.

Note: The STM32CubeMX previous versions require a Java<sup>®</sup> runtime environment ( $JRE^{T}$ ) to execute.

The JRE<sup>™</sup> version constraints are:

- 64-bit version is mandatory; 32-bit version is not supported.
- JRE<sup>™</sup> must support JavaFX
- The minimum JRE<sup>™</sup> version is 17.0.2.
- Versions 7, 9, 10, 12, and upper are not supported.

STMicroelectronics promotes the use of the following JRE™s:

- Oracle<sup>®</sup> JRE<sup>™</sup>, subject to a license fee
- Amazon Corretto<sup>™</sup> JRE<sup>™</sup>, a no-cost solution based on OpenJDK. The JDK installer is recommended.

STM32PackCreator operation is not guaranteed with other JRE™s.

Note: Windows is a trademark of the Microsoft group of companies.

Linux<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.

Ubuntu<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of Canonical Ltd.

macOS® is a trademark of Apple Inc., registered in the U.S. and other countries and regions.

Oracle and Java are registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates.

Amazon and Corretto are trademarks of Amazon in the United States and/or other countries.

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# 4.5 Launching STM32PackCreator

# 4.5.1 From STM32CubeMX user interface

Launch STM32CubeMX. At the right bottom corner of the home page, select External Tools. Click the launch icon to launch STM32PackCreator as a standalone tool.

STM32 Tools 0 ₽ 0 ╚ 0 ₽ 0 ╚ 0 ₽ ╚ STMicroelectronics Application Tools AlgoBuilder eDesignSuite MC-Suite 0 **③** 0 Ф ₽

Figure 5. Access the Tools view

# 4.5.2 Standalone option

STM32PackCreator executable file can be found under the STM32CubeMX installation path, in the Utilities folder.

**External Tools** 

About STM32

To launch STM32PackCreator:

• On Windows, double-click the STM32PackCreator.exe file.

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On Linux and macOS<sup>®</sup>, use the following command from a terminal window:

java -jar STM32PackCreator.jar Starting with STM32CubeMX 6.2, use:

<STM32CubeMX install path>/jre/bin/java -jar STM32PackCreator.jar

➤ STM32CubeMX\_6\_0

> db

| help
| olddb

> plugins

> third\_parties\_plugins
| Uninstaller

> utilities

Figure 6. Launch STM32PackCreator

# 4.6 Main menus

[Close Project]

[Save & Generate Pack]

STM32PackCreator comes with two top menus and sub-menus:

File menu **Purpose** It creates an empty project ready to be filled with pack details. **[Create New Project** The pack developer can choose between creating an STM32Cube Expansion Package or a freely from scratch] defined pack. [New Project from pack] It creates a new project that has been pre-filled with values inherited from an existing pack. [Open recent] It gives fast access to the list of most recent projects and opens a project from this list. [Open a project] Users have to browse the filesystem and select the project folder. [Save Project] It saves the project during project creation or before the exit to avoid losing changes. It creates a new project based on the project currently opened and switches immediately to that [Clone Project As...]

Table 1. File menu

Table 2. Help menu

It saves the project and generates the corresponding pack in one click.

It closes the project and switches to another project without exiting the tool

Help menu	Purpose
[About]	Shows version information
[Readme]	Opens the release note
[Getting started]	Opens this user manual

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## 4.7 Main views

STM32PackCreator comes with two main views.

#### 4.7.1 CMSIS-Pack view

This view describes the pack contents according to the CMSIS-Pack standard and STM32CubeExpansion rules if the option is enabled, as shown in Figure 7.

Figure 7. Project with STM32CubeExpansion rules enabled

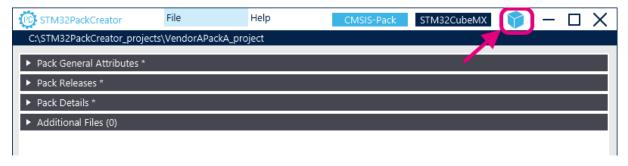
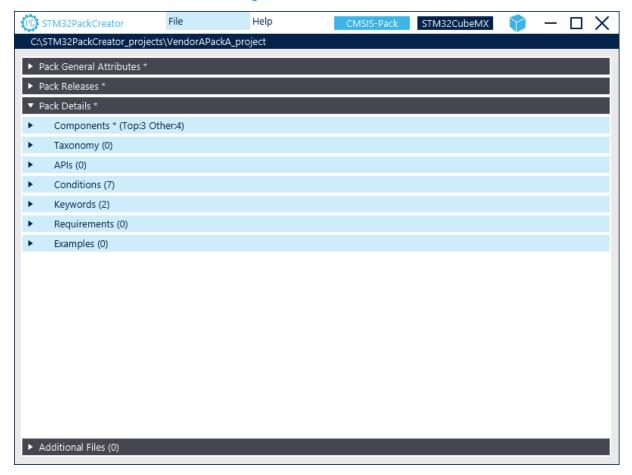


Figure 8. CMSIS-Pack view



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It consists of the following entries. The different elements are described in the CMSIS-Pack standard. Tooltips are accessible by clicking the icon ② and they provide details on each field.

Table 3. CMSIS-Pack standard elements

First level	Second level	Usage
Pack General Attributes	-	Mandatory. Consist of pack names, version, license, and URL.
Pack Releases	-	Mandatory. Contains the release history.
Pack Details	Requirements	Optional.
-	Conditions	Optional/Advanced
-	Keywords	Optional
-	Taxonomy	Optional
-	APIs	Optional/Advanced
	Components	Mandatory
-		Cclass=Device Group=Application: optional, advanced
	Examples	Optional.
- Ex		Consist of example descriptions and paths to their project files.
Additional Files	-	Optional.
		This is used to reference all files that are not listed in the CMSIS-PACK description file ( . pdsc file)
		Remark: this field is not part of the Arm® CMSIS-Pack standard and is not saved in the .pdsc file but the STM32PackCreator project file.

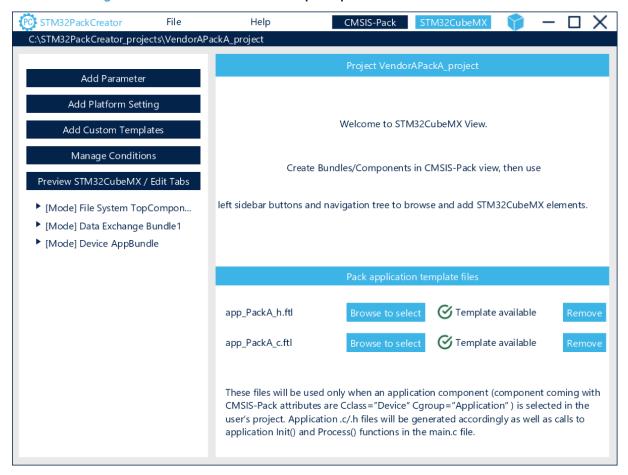
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#### 4.7.2 STM32CubeMX view

This view helps to specify additional items that configure pack components through the STM32CubeMX user interface and generate pack-specific code using the STM32CubeMX code generation feature.

Figure 9. STM32CubeMX view - Example of pack enhanced for STM32CubeMX



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Table 4. STM32CubeMX view - Main features

First level	Usage
	Mandatory for a pack to be configurable with STM32CubeMX.
[Add Parameter]	Creates parameters (name, possible values, location in the user interface, assignment to one or more Pack modes.
	Note: Pack modes match the Pack top components and bundle entries defined in the CMSIS pack view.
	It is possible to create parameters with conditions on other parameters or mathematical expressions. For example, enter MOD(32) if the parameter must be a multiple of 32.
	Note: An expression builder is available to guide the user.
	By choosing an <i>expression</i> as a parameter type, it is possible to define parameter values that are based on an expression. For, example a parameter can be derived from another parameter, called <i>Param1</i> , by using an expression such as <i>expression</i> = <i>Param1/4</i> .
	After applying the changes, the parameter is converted to the String type. Changing back to the expression type allows editing the expression previously defined.
[Add Platform Setting]	Optional/Advanced.
	Used to interface the software pack with the MCU configuration.
	Example: a pack component that requires an SPI in half-duplex mode.
	Specifies STM32 MCU peripherals or GPIOs functional modes required by the Pack modes.
[Add Custom Templates]	Optional/Advanced.
	Used to generate custom code for the current configuration.
	They are .ftl files written using Freemarker language. Some are provided by default with STM32
[Manage Mode Conditions]	Optional/Advanced.
	Builds conditions based on pack components.
	Parameters, platform settings, and custom templates defined under conditions are available only when the condition criteria are met.
[Preview STM32CubeMX]	Visualizes how the pack may look in the STM32CubeMX pinout and configuration view. Edits user-defined tabs and groups.

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# 5 Creating a pack from scratch (step-by-step procedure)

This section shows the creation of a demonstration pack.

Tips and limitations are provided along the way.

# 5.1 Prepare for pack creation

#### 5.1.1 General approach

In the following, elements highlighted with (\*) indicate that they relate to an advanced pack feature and are optional.

The first question to answer is whether or not the pack is an STM32Cube Expansion Package. Going for an STM32Cube Expansion Package eases the next steps as guidelines are available on how the software offer may be packaged and described.

The first step is to assess the pack architecture and requirements:

- How must the software offer be organized: which components, which bundle of components, for which categories (Class, Group, etc...)?
- Are there dependencies between components? Are there conditions on components?
- Is there any API that must be advertised for other packs to use (\*)?
- Which components are configurable? What are the configuration parameters?
- Are the parameters available on specific conditions only (\*)?
- Are some components board-dependent (\*)? Which GPIOs or peripheral modes are required?
- Is there any custom code that must be generated (\*)?

Then, it is strongly recommended to keep one folder holding all the files to be delivered with the pack:

- Source, Header, and Documentation files
  - Which components/bundles they must belong to.
- Freemarker template files (\*) used for custom code generation by STM32CubeMX.
- Additional files (\*)
  - Files that are present in the pack but not referenced in the .pdsc file, such as the STM32 HAL driver files necessary for example projects but not required when generating C-projects with STM32CubeMX.

See Section 1 References for details.

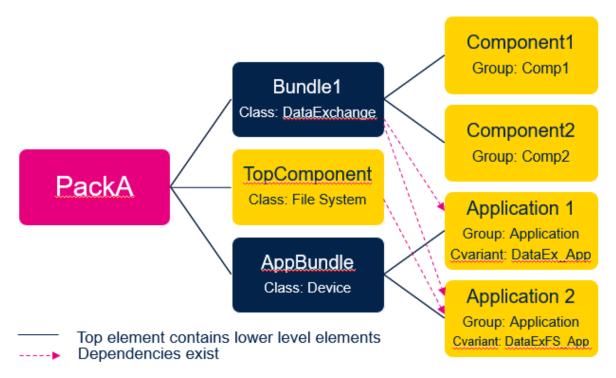
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# 5.1.2 Demonstration pack overview

Refer to Figure 10 for an overview of the demonstration pack.

Figure 10. Demonstration pack overview



## The pack comes with:

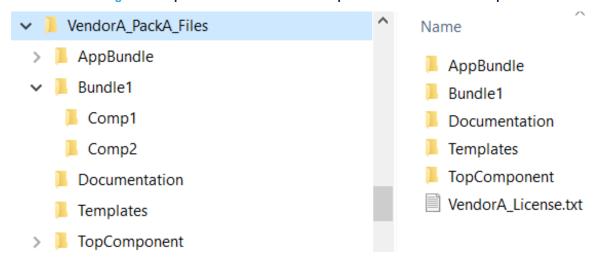
- CMSIS-Pack elements
  - One bundle with two components
  - One top component
  - One bundle with two application variants
  - Conditions on components
  - Conditions on component files
- STM32CubeMX enhancements
  - Configuration parameters
  - Platform settings
  - Custom templates
  - Conditions on parameters

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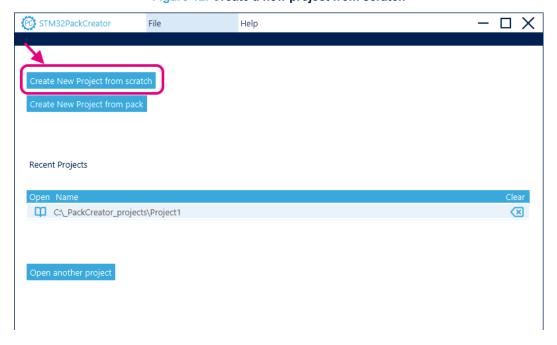
A folder is ready with all the files to be packaged in the pack.

Figure 11. Input folders and files used to produce the demonstration pack



# 5.2 Create a new project from scratch

Figure 12. Create a new project from scratch



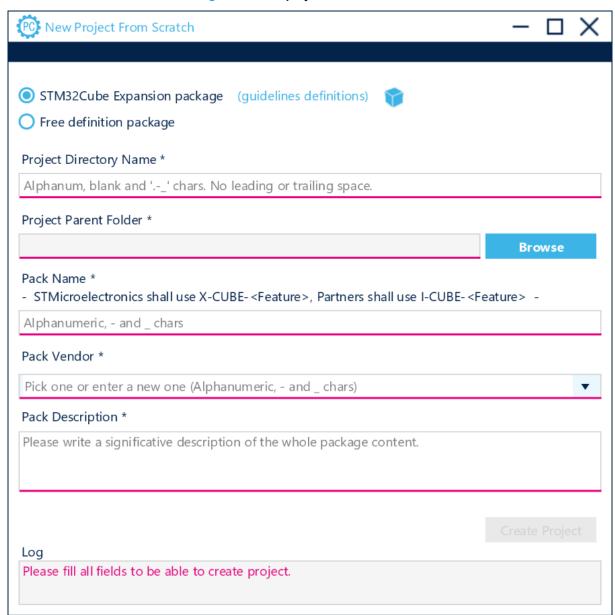
- 1. Launch STM32CubeMX.
- 2. From the STM32CubeMX home page, select the External Tools tab to display the dashboard of external tools. Click the arrow icon to launch STM32PackCreator.

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3. Click Create New Project from scratch to open the New Project From Scratch window.

Figure 13. New project from scratch 1/2



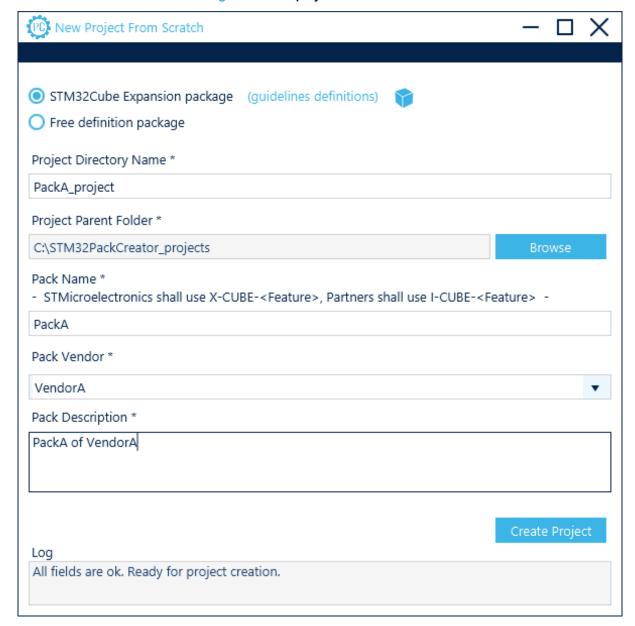
4. Select the option to generate an STM32Cube Expansion Package.

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- 5. Fill in project details:
  - a. Project folder name
  - b. Project parent folder
  - c. Pack name
  - d. Vendor name
  - e. Pack description

Figure 14. New project from scratch 2/2

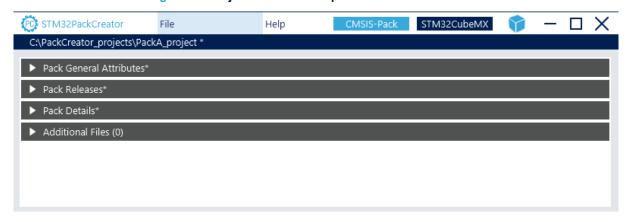


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6. Finally, click [Create Project]. The project is created and opened on its CMSIS-Pack view.

Figure 15. Project created and opened in CMSIS-Pack view



# 5.3 Describe the pack using the CMSIS-Pack view

# 5.3.1 General information and tips

#### **Graphical chart:**

- Arrows are used to expand/collapse sections and reflect a hierarchy.
- Edit/Clone Icons are reused across the user interface.
- Fuchsia indicates field usage is mandatory or an error has been introduced

#### Contextual help:

- Clicking the help icon shows details about the different elements to configure.
- Light gray helper text is also provided in some text boxes.

#### Field entries:

Most fields come with pre-defined choices in the dropdown list. Clicking inside the field allows entering custom text.

# Field updates:

Most fields can be re-edited by clicking the edit icon.

# Field usage:

Mandatory fields are highlighted with \* and underlined in fuchsia. Changes can be applied to the project using the Apply button, only when all mandatory fields are set.

#### **Errors**:

Changes can be applied to the project using the Apply button, only when all issues are fixed.

# (Warning) Apply versus Save:

Clicking the Apply button does not save the project. The user saves the project before exiting the tool or before closing the project: a reminder message shows if applied changes exist and are not saved yet. It is also required to save for generating the pack: it is done through the same Save & Generate Pack menu.

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## Managing components files:

Component files can be specified by clicking Add Files to select one or more files found at a given location or using Add whole folder to add all the files from a folder.

- STM32PackCreator sets automatically the attributes that are mandatory for the files. It is always possible to change the file attribute values: selecting the file checkbox and then clicking Edit selected file Att ributes opens the editor window.
- It is possible to delete all files by clicking Delete All.
- It is possible to delete some files: select the checkboxes of the files to be deleted and click Delete selec ted files.

#### 5.3.2 Fill in the pack general attributes

Click the left arrow to expand the Pack General Attributes section.

#### Pack license

STM32CubeExpansion packs must come with a license file

Click on browse and select the pack license. Refer to Figure 16.

File Help STM32PackCreator STM32CubeMX C:\STM32PackCreator\_projects\VendorAPackA\_project ▼ Pack General Attributes \* Pack Name \* Pack Vendor \* VendorA PackA Device Name Device Vendor All

Figure 16. Selecting the license file

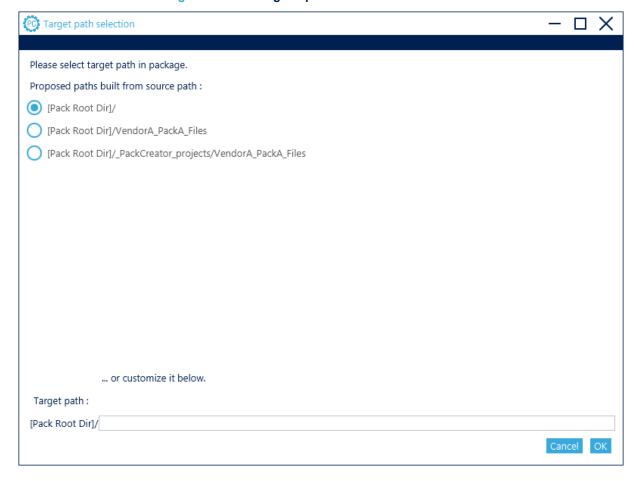
Device Core ▼ TCompiler PackA of VendorA Pack Description \* License File VendorA\_License.txt **Support Contact** URL (pack location) http://sw-center.vendorA.com/packs/ ► Pack Releases \* ► Pack Details \* ► Additional Files (0)

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2. Select the destination folder to be the pack root directory. Refer to Figure 17.

Figure 17. Selecting the pack folder for the license file

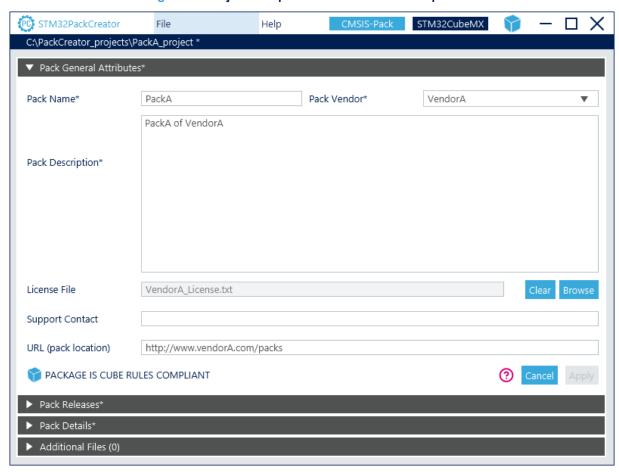


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3. The License file is now specified. Click apply to apply the changes. Refer to Figure 18.

Figure 18. Project with pack license file attribute specified



# Pack download URL

A URL is required to make the pack public and available for download from the Internet. This can be specified later. This is the URL under which all pack versions and the <code>.pdsc</code> file in its latest revision can be found. Click <code>Apply</code> to apply the changes to the project.

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#### 5.3.3 Fill in the release information

Click the left arrow to expand the Pack Releases section.

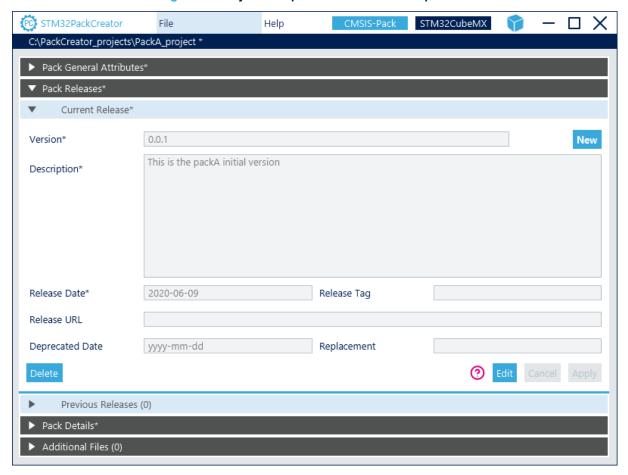
#### Initial release

Create the first release by specifying at least (mandatory fields):

- Release version
- Release description
- Release Date

Then Click Apply.

Figure 19. Project with pack release attribute specified



#### Other actions

In this section, it is possible to delete the release entry, edit it, or create a new release.

## Important information

When dealing with official releases, do not delete the release history. According to the CMSIS-Pack standard, each new revision of the pack must come with the full release history. All previous release entries must be kept.

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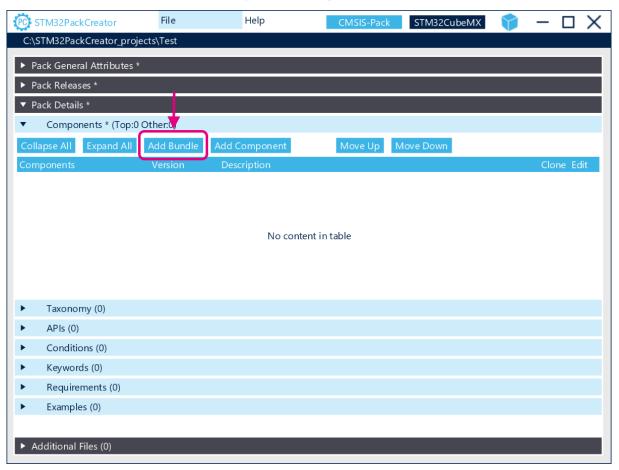


# 5.3.4 Create a bundle with two components

The first bundle comes with two components inside.

- 1. Click the left arrow to expand the Pack Details section.
- 2. Click Add Bundle to open the Component editor window.

Figure 20. Adding a bundle

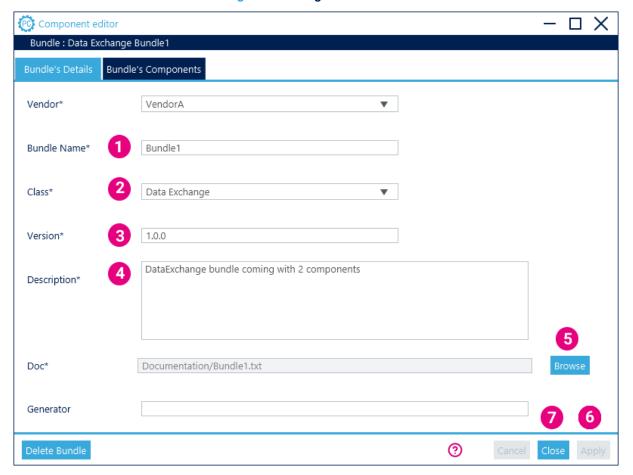


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3. Fill in the bundle details, click Apply, and close the window.

Figure 21. Filling bundle details

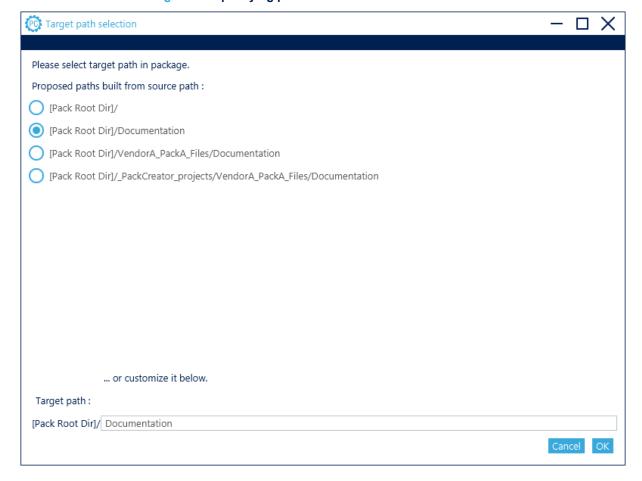


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For step 5, select the Bundle documentation file and set its target path.

Figure 22. Specifying pack folder for bundle documentation

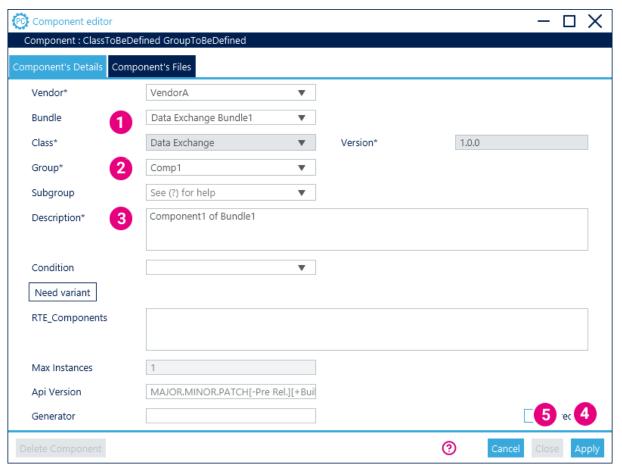


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Create the first component for the bundle.
 Back to the Pack Details section, click Add Component and fill in the component details, then click Apply and close.

Figure 23. Creating component1 for Bundle1

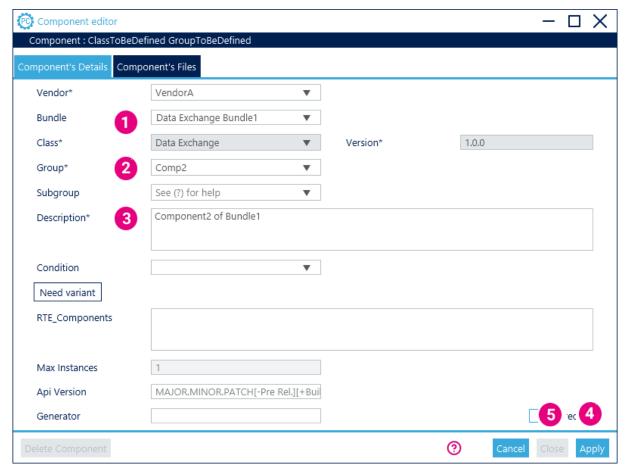


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Create a second component for the bundle.
 Back to the Pack Details section, click Add Component and fill in the component details, then click Apply and close.

Figure 24. Creating component2 for Bundle1

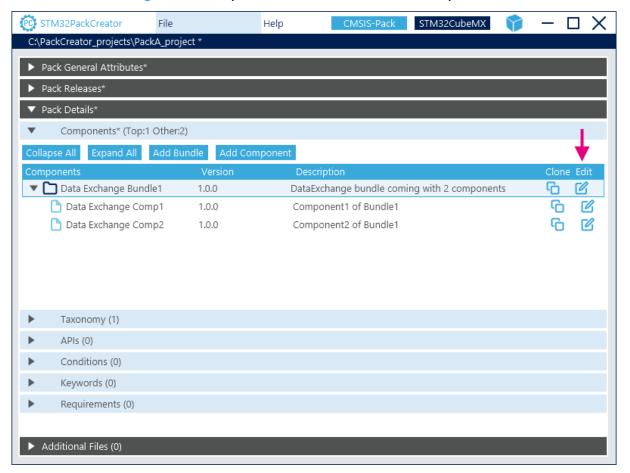


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6. Verify that the list of components is shown on the bundle's component tab Back to the Pack Details section, click the edit icon on the bundle line to open the editor window.

Figure 25. Pack specified with one bundle and two components

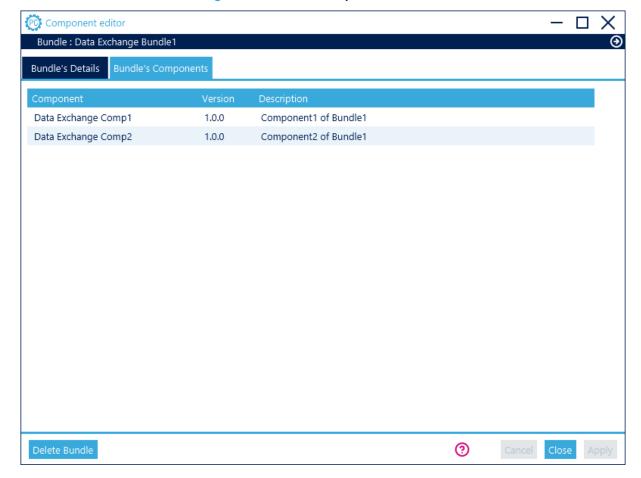


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Go to the bundle's components tab and check the two newly created components that appear, then click  ${\tt Cl}$   ${\tt ose}.$ 

Figure 26. Bundle's components tab view



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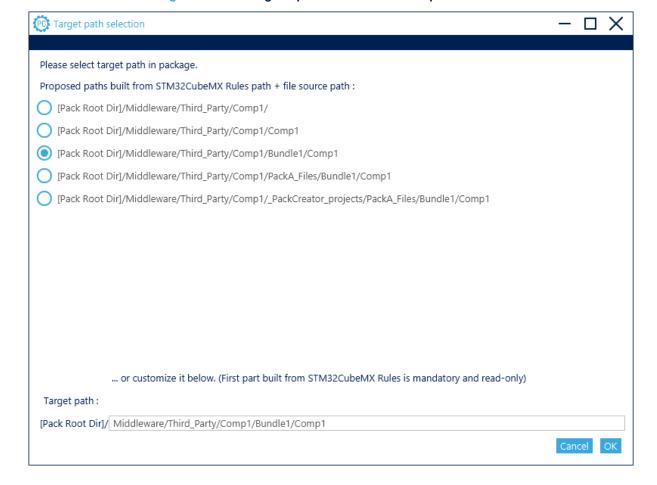
7. Add component files to Component 1

Back to the Pack Details section, click the edit icon on the component1 line to open the component editor window.

Go to the Component's file tab and click Add whole folder and browse to select the folder holding the component files.

Then, select the path in the pack where the selected files may be found.

Figure 27. Selecting the pack folder for the component1 files

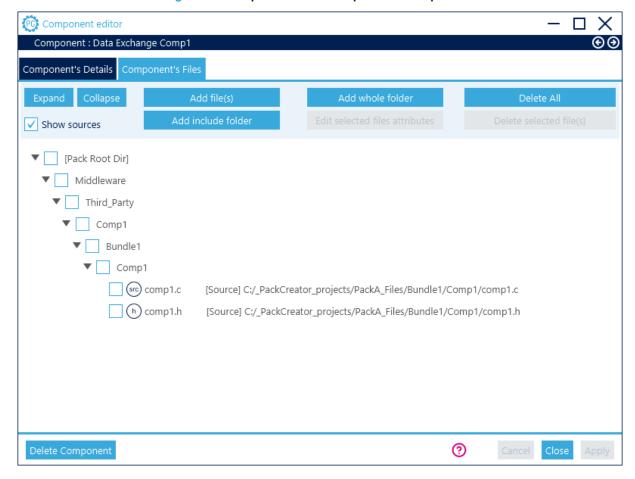


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Click Apply and Close.

Figure 28. Component1 with component files specified

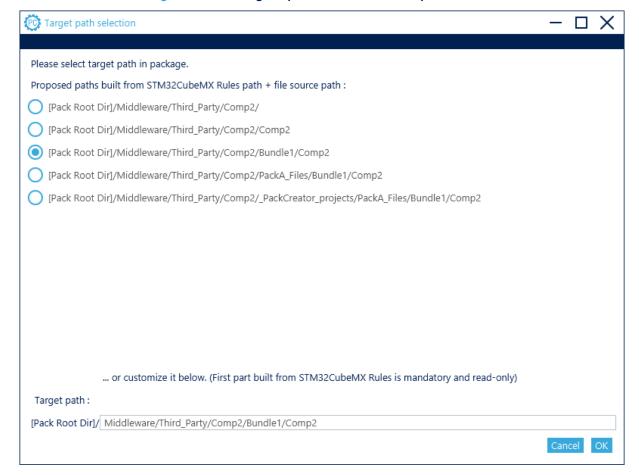


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8. Add component files to Component 2
Back to the Pack Details section, click the edit icon on the component 2 line to open the editor window.
Click Add whole folder and browse to select the folder location. Set the path where the selected files may be found in the pack.

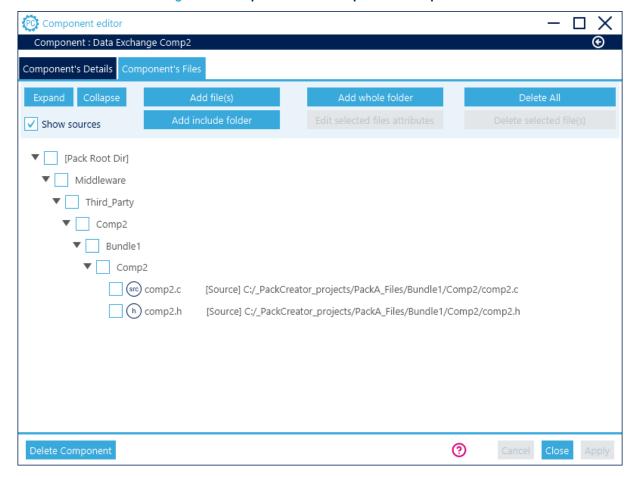
Figure 29. Selecting the pack folder for the component2 files



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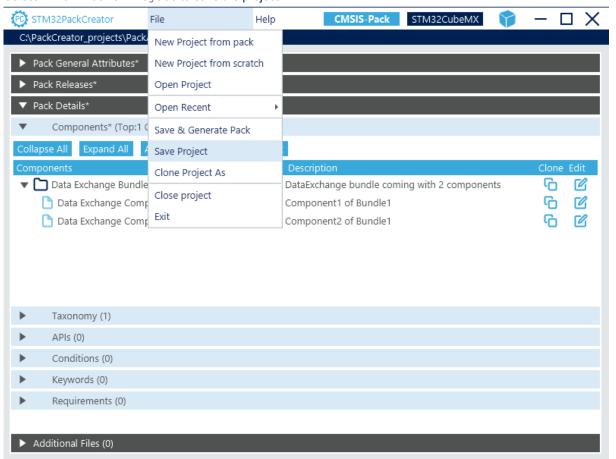
Figure 30. Component2 with component files specified

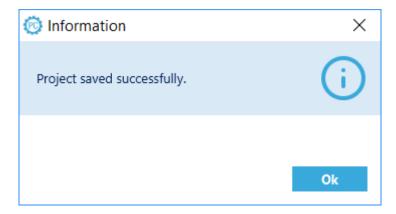


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Save the project
 Select File > Save Project to save the project.





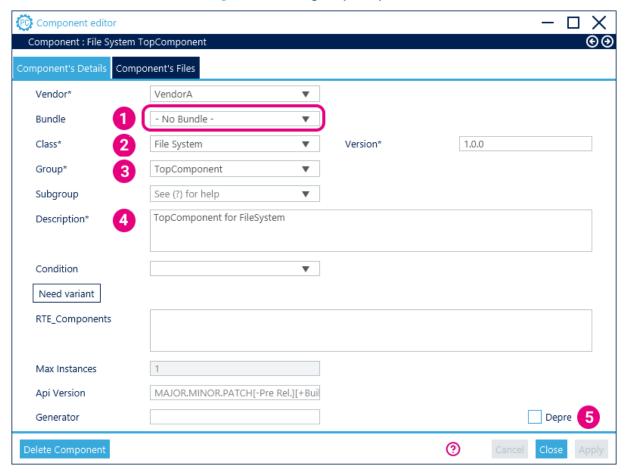
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# 5.3.5 Create the top component

1. Back to the Pack Details section, click Add Component and fill in the component details, then click Apply. Since the component is a top component, the bundle is set to No Bundle.

Figure 31. Creating a top component

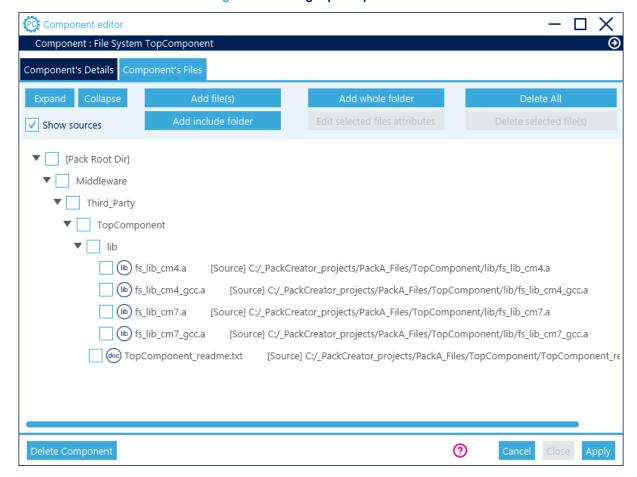


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2. Select the Component's files tab then click Add whole folder: browse to select the folder location. Set the path in the pack where the selected files may be found.

Figure 32. Adding top component files

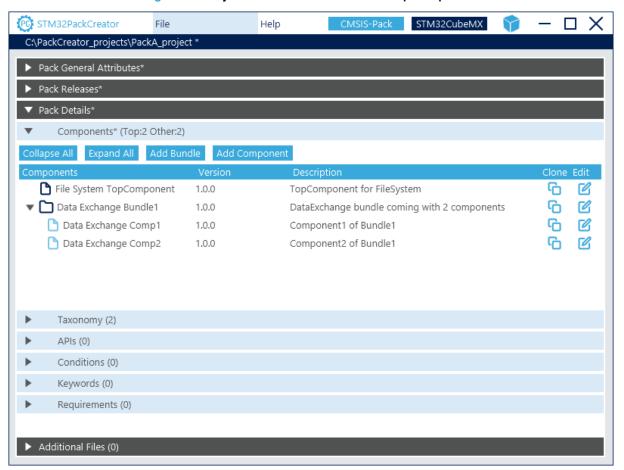


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3. Click Apply and Close.

Figure 33. Project with one bundle and one top component



4. Save the project by selecting File > Save project.

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# 5.3.6 Create the bundle with application components (specify variant and module names)

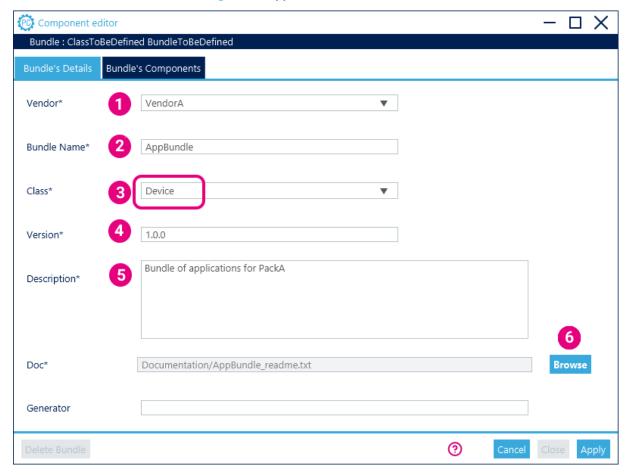
Back to the Pack Details section, create a bundle of Class Device and two components for that bundle of Group Application.

The Application components must come with a Variant field used to specify the application name and a module name that STM32CubeMX uses to generate:

- MX\_<modulename>\_Init and MX\_<modulename>\_Process function calls in main.c.
- App\_<modulename>.c and App\_<modulename>.h files in module name/app folder.

Note: Some custom templates are also required and are covered when updating the STM32CubeMX view.

Figure 34. Application bundle creation



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Figure 35. First application component

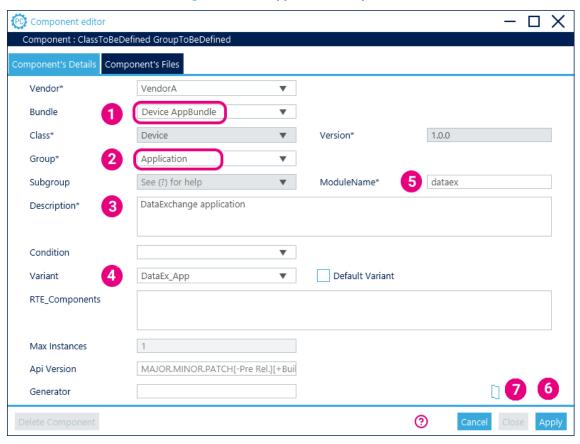
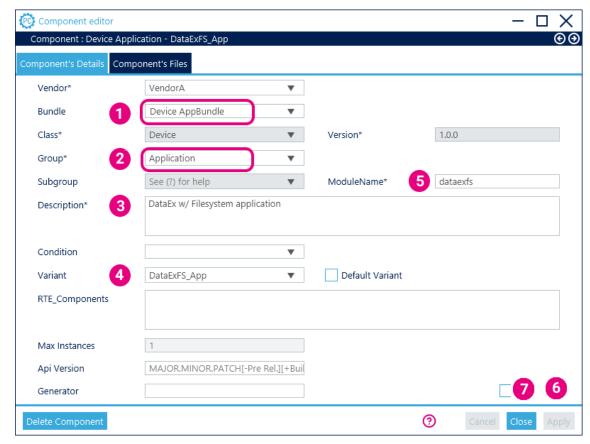


Figure 36. Second application component



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Before moving to the next step, save the project by selecting File > Save project.

# 5.3.7 CMSIS-Pack conditions overview and STM32CubeMX restrictions

The CMSIS-Pack standard allows defining conditions and assigning them to components and component files, which then become available only when the condition criteria are met.

# Conditions are optional.

# **Condition types**

Conditions come in different types. STM32CubeMX does not manage all possible types. Refer to Table 5.

Table 5. CMSIS-Pack condition types and support in STM32CubeMX

Attribute type	Attribute name	STM32CubeMX support	Comment
Device	Dcore	Managed	For example, a component may be available for projects done for a specific core, like Cortex <sup>®</sup> -M4.
-	Dfpu	Not managed	-
-	Dmpu	Not managed	-
-	Dtz	Not managed	-
-	Dsecure	Not managed	-
-	Ddsp	Not managed	-
-	Dendian	Not managed	-
Component	Cvendor	Managed	-
-	Cbundle	Managed	-
-	Cclass	Managed	-
-	Cgroup	Managed	-
-	Csub	Managed	-
-	Cvariant	Managed	-
-	Capiversion	Managed	-
T (compiler)	Tcompiler	Managed w/ restriction	CubeMX manages such conditions only if the condition is set at component "file" level.
			Available only for armcc toolchain. Possible values: AC5, AC6 or AC6LTO )
-	Toptions	Managed w/ restriction	CubeMX manages such conditions only if the condition is set at component "file" level.
			The required Compiler option must be set directly in the IDE (no user setting available in STM32CubeMX UI)
Other condition	condition	-	-

#### **Condition rules**

Conditions are made of accept, require, and deny rules.

Table 6. Condition rules

Accept	At least one accept must be true to signal a true for the complete condition (OR-Rule)		
Require	All require must be true to signal a true for the complete condition (AND-Rule).		
Deny	If one denial is true the complete condition becomes false.		
	This element overrules require and accept (AND-NOT-Rule)		

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Caution: STM32CubeMX limitation: a rule must not mix conditions of different types ((Device (D), Compiler (T),

Component (C)).

Caution: STM32CubeMX limitation: conditions using Dcore may be assigned only on component files at a component or

bundle level.

#### 5.3.8 List of pack constraints

PackA components and component files have the following constraints that can be managed using the CMSIS-Pack condition element.

#### **Constraints for Bundle1**

Bundle1 components are only accessible for STM32MCUs embedding Arm®Cortex®-M4 or Cortex®-M7 cores: a Dcore condition is necessary.

#### **Constraints for TopComponent files**

The files are compiled library files. They are copied according to the compiler and the core selected for the user's project: conditions on Tcompiler and Dcore are necessary.

#### **Constraints for Application components**

One Application requires at least one component from Bundle1.

One Application requires at least one component from Bundle1 and the TopComponent component: conditions on components are necessary.

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# 5.3.9 Create condition on Dcore

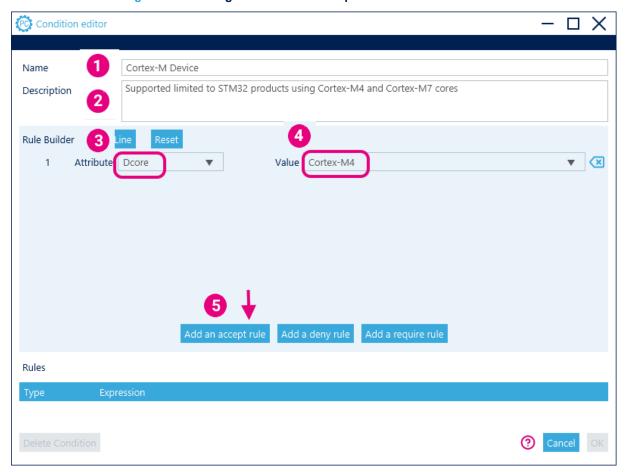
From the Pack Details section, expand the Conditions sub-section.

 ${f Click}$  Add Condition to open the Condition editor.

Enter the condition Name and Description.

Add an accept rule on Cortex-M4.

Figure 37. Creating a condition to accept Cortex-M4-based devices

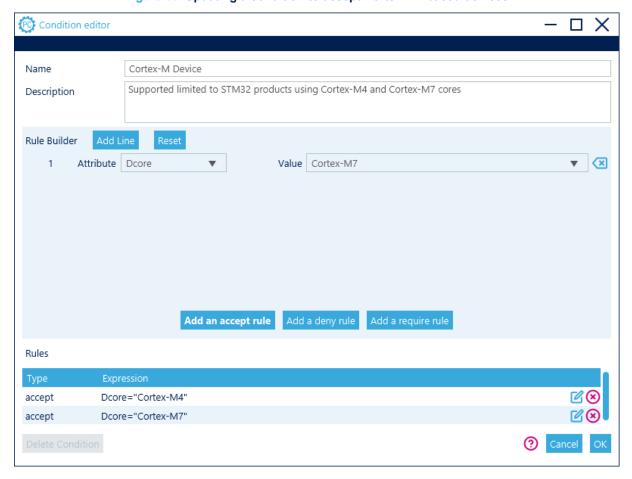


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Add an accept rule on Cortex®-M7.

Figure 38. Updating a condition to accept Cortex-M7-based devices

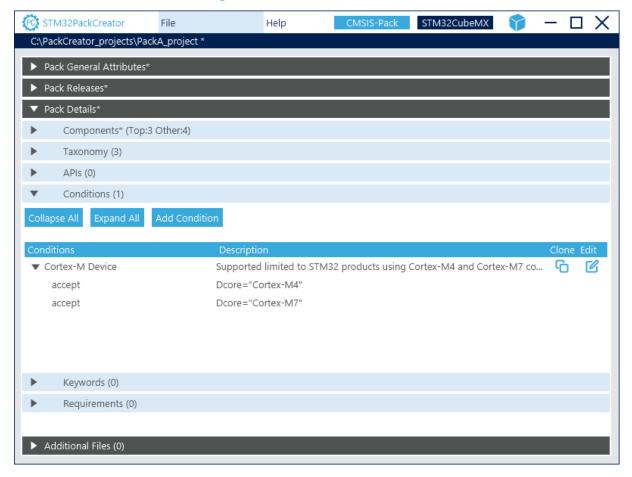


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 $\textbf{Click} \ \texttt{OK} \ \textbf{to} \ \textbf{close}. \ \textbf{An entry for the newly created condition is displayed under} \ \texttt{Conditions}.$ 

Figure 39. Cortex®-M device condition



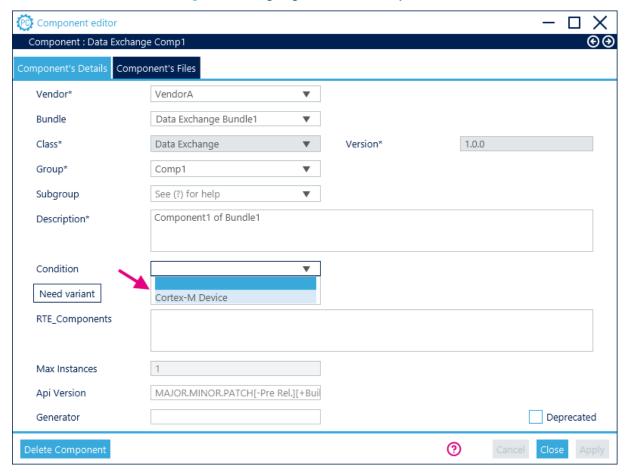
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# 5.3.10 Assign Cortex-M device condition on Bundle1 components

Go back to the Components sub-section, edit Bundle1 components details, and select to assign the Cortex-M D evice condition. Click Apply and Close.

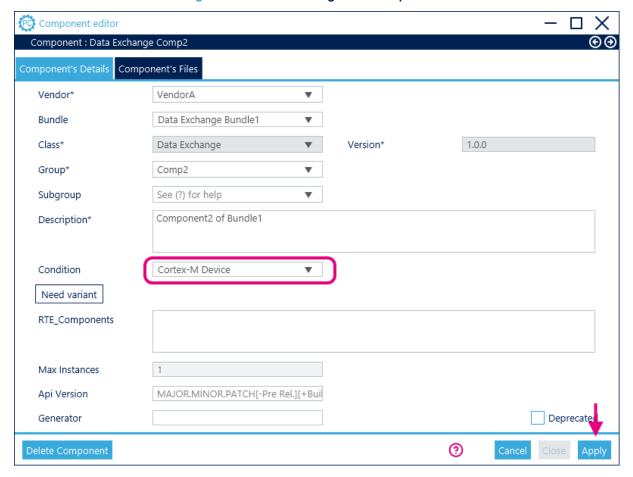
Figure 40. Assigning condition to component 1



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Figure 41. Condition assigned to component 2



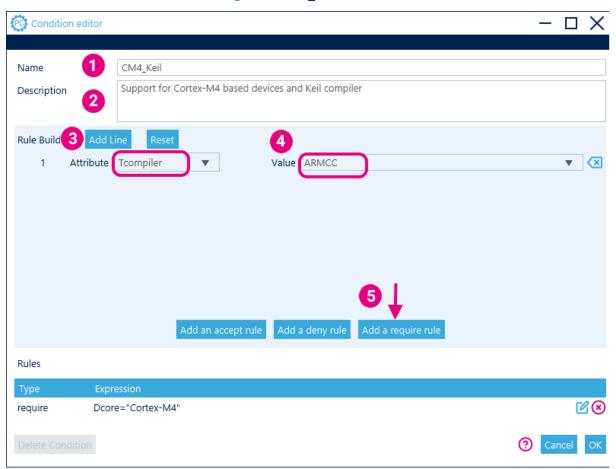
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# **5.3.11** Create conditions on Tcompiler

PackA comes with library files that require  $Keil^{\$}$  compiler and  $Cortex^{\$}$ -M4 or  $Cortex^{\$}$ -M7. From the Conditions sub-section, Click Add Condition to open the Condition editor.

Figure 42. CM4\_Keil condition



Click OK to close and go back to the condition view.

Click the clone icon to quickly create a second condition based on CM4\_Keil.

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Figure 43. Cloning conditions

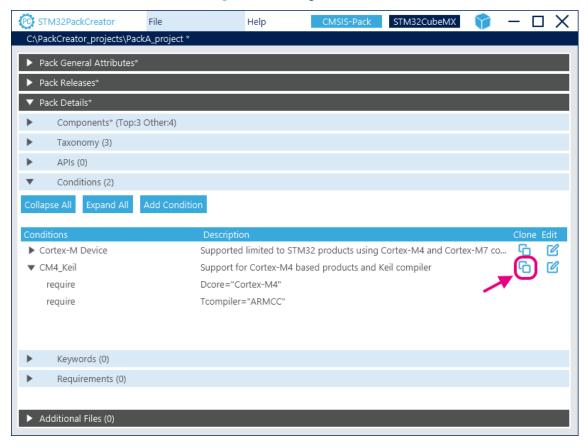
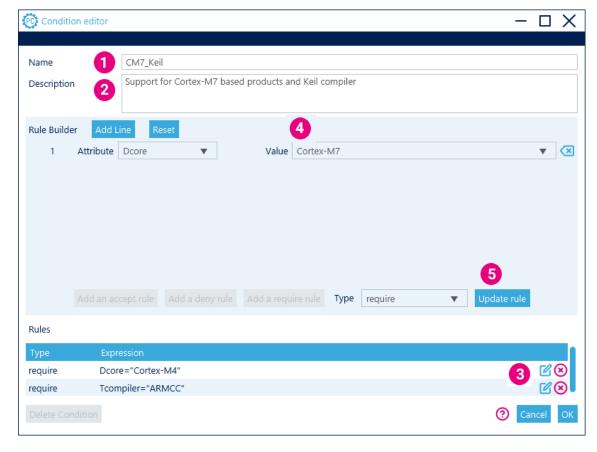


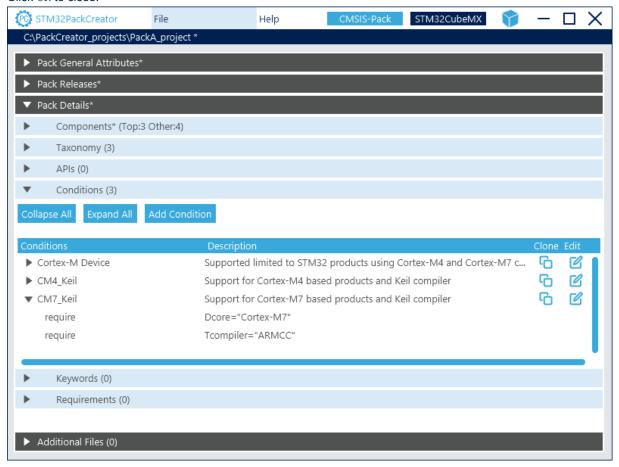
Figure 44. CM7\_Keil condition



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#### Click OK to close.



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Proceed similarly to create two more conditions on Cortex®-M4 and GCC compiler, then on Cortex®-M7 and GCC compiler.

PC STM32PackCreator Help CMSIS-Pack STM32CubeMX C:\PackCreator\_projects\PackA\_project ▶ Pack General Attributes\* ▶ Pack Releases\* ▼ Pack Details\* Components\* (Top:3 Other:4) Taxonomy (3) APIs (0) Conditions (5) Support for Cortex-M4 based products and Keil compiler CM4\_Keil Ö 10 G Ø ▶ CM7\_Keil Support for Cortex-M7 based products and Keil compiler G ► CM4\_GCC Support for Cortex-M4 based products and GCC compiler C ▼ CM7\_GCC Support for Cortex-M7 based products and GCC compiler C Dcore="Cortex-M7" require require Tcompiler="GCC" Keywords (0) Requirements (0) ▶ Additional Files (0)

Figure 45. Conditions on GCC compiler

# 5.3.12 Assign CM4\_Keil, CM7\_Keil, CM4\_GCC, and CM7\_GCC conditions to component files

Go to the Components sub-section, and click edit on the TopComponent line to open the component editor. Go to the Component's files tab.

Assign a condition to each of the library files: select it, click Edit selected file attributes as shown in Figure 46, and assign the relevant condition (see Figures: assigning conditions on component files). Click OK. When done for all files, click Apply then Close.

Save the Project by selecting File > Save to project.

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Figure 46. Selecting component files to edit file attributes

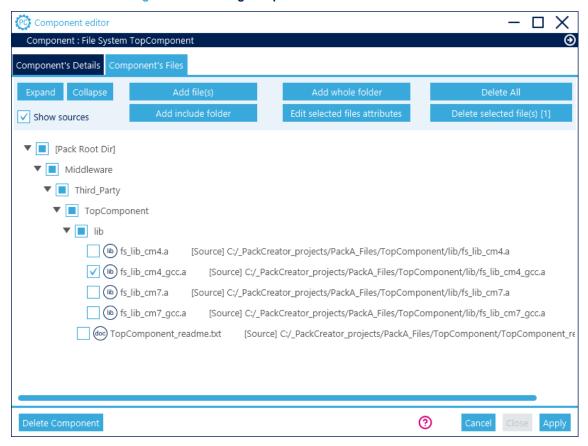
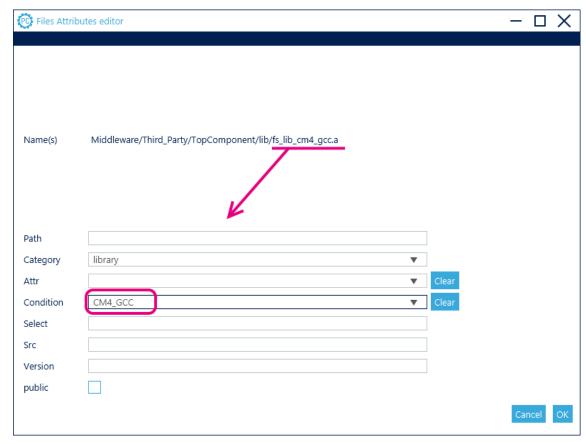


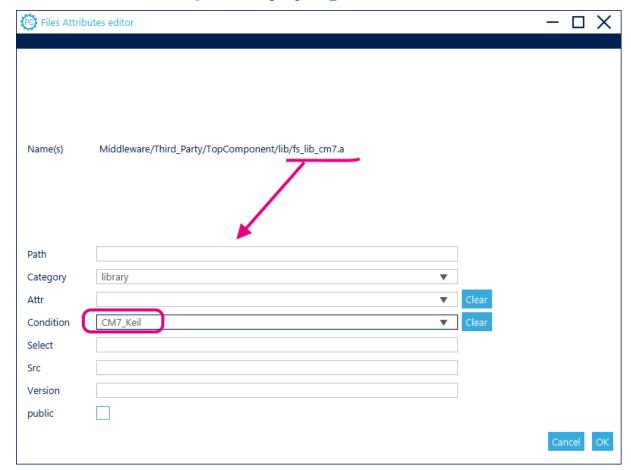
Figure 47. Assigning CM4\_GCC condition on file



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Figure 48. Assigning CM7\_Keil condition on file



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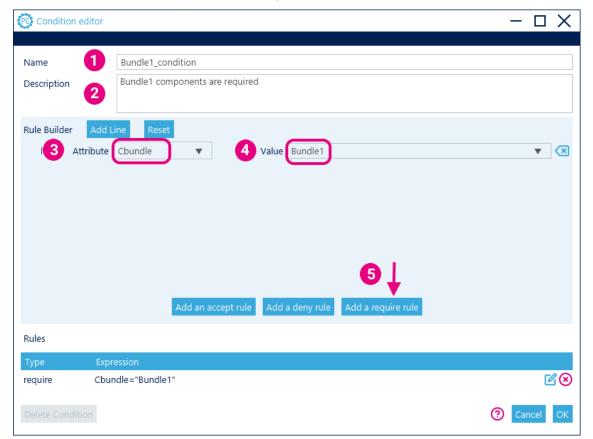
# **5.3.13** Create conditions on components

Components from the application bundle have the following constraints:

- DataEx\_App component requires both components of Bundle1. Bundle1\_condition is created for this purpose.
- DataEx\_App component requires both components of Bundle1 and TopComponent. Bundle1\_TopComponent condition is created for this purpose.

From the Conditions sub-section, Click Add Condition to open the condition editor. Proceed as shown on Figure 49.

Figure 49. Creating a condition for Bundle 1

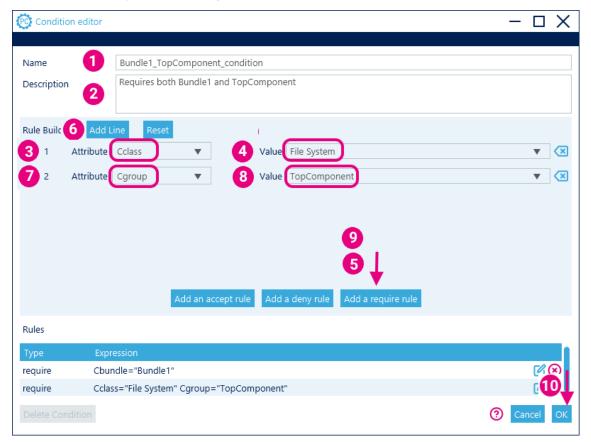


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Click the clone icon to clone the newly created condition and proceed as shown in Figure 50.

Figure 50. Creating a condition for Bundle 1 and TopComponent



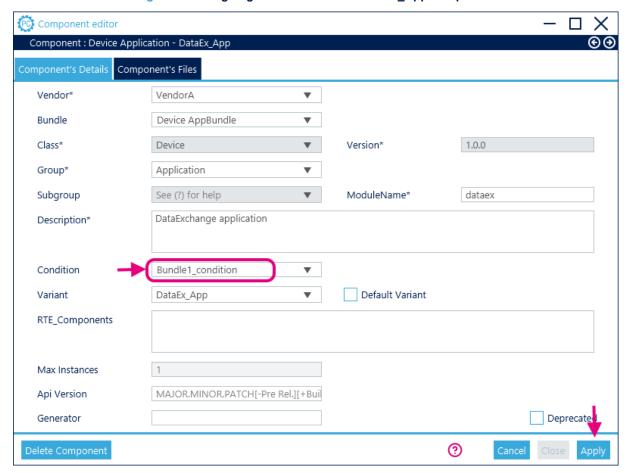
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# 5.3.14 Assign conditions on application components

Go back to the Components section and click the edit icon to edit the  $DataEx\_App$  component. Proceed as shown in Figure 51.

Figure 51. Assigning conditions to the DataEx\_App component

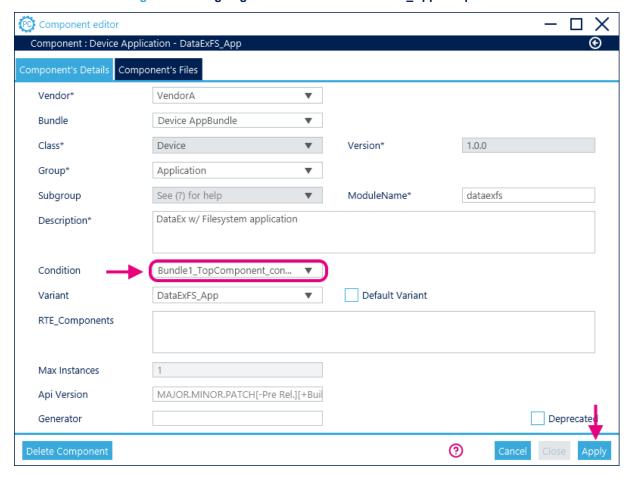


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Go back to the Components section and click the edit icon to edit the  $DataExFS\_App$  component. Proceed as shown in Figure 52.

Figure 52. Assigning conditions to the DataExFS\_App component



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#### 5.3.15 Specify the example projects to be delivered with the pack

Pre-requisite: a folder holding the example project files for a given board and one or more toolchains.

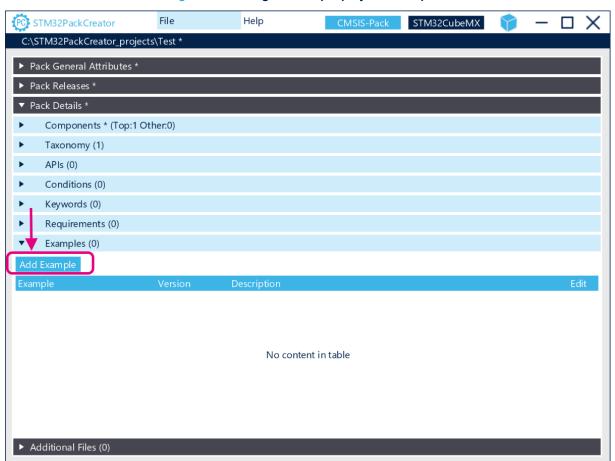
From the CMSIS pack view:

- Expand the pack details section.
- Expand the Examples section (refer to Figure 53).
- Click *Add example* to open the example creation window (refer to Figure 54).

From the example creation panel:

- Click? to open the Help panel and be guided through the process of describing the example project.
- Update the fields describing the example project (refer to Figure 55) such as board name, example name, and example folder.
  - STM32PackCreator places the example folder in the pack under Projects\<Board name>\Applications\<Example name>
- STM32PackCreator parses the example folder for project files and proposes for each a default toolchain association (refer to Figure 56).
- Click Apply to close the window and go back to the CMSIS-Pack main panel (refer to Figure 8).

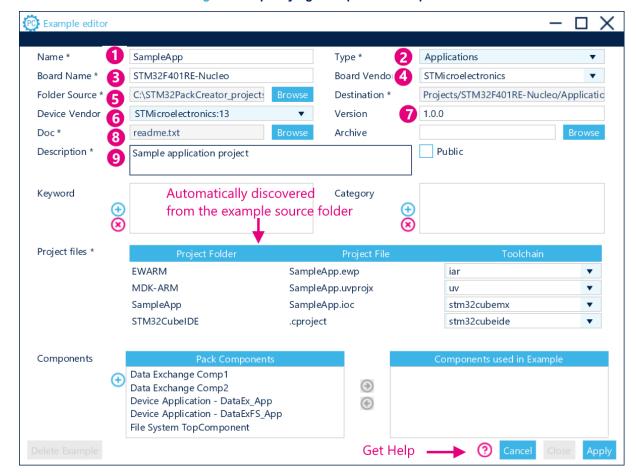
Figure 53. Adding an example project to the pack



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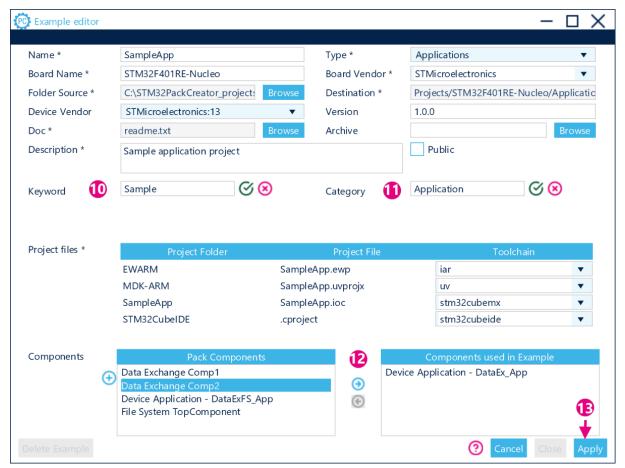




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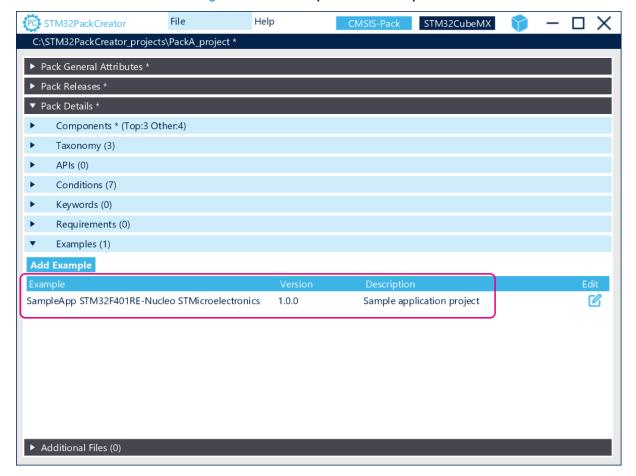




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Figure 56. New example added to the pack



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#### Save the software pack and use it in STM32CubeMX 5.4

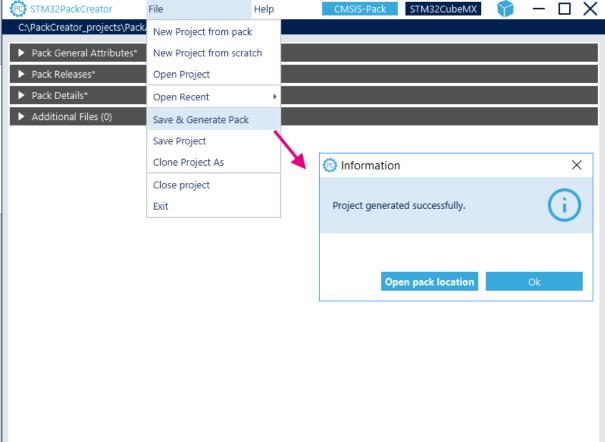
#### 5.4.1 Generate and install the pack

Select File > Save & Generate Pack.

An information window is displayed and indicates the project is successfully generated. Refer to Figure 57.

Figure 57. Generating a CMSIS-Pack pack with STM32PackCreator

CMSIS-Pack PC STM32PackCreator File Help STM32CubeMX



Click Open pack location in the information window.

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Install the pack by dragging and dropping the .pack file in STM32CubeMX as shown in Figure 58.

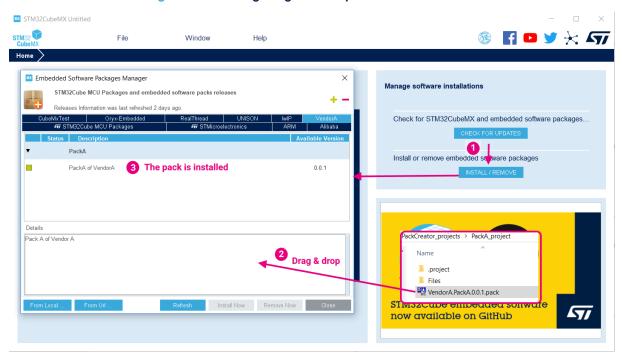


Figure 58. Installing the generated pack in STM32CubeMX

#### 5.4.2 Create a project and check if the pack is available

In STM32CubeMX, start a project by selecting an STM32F0 MCU.

From the Pinout & Configuration view, select Software Packs> Select Components. Refer to Figure 59.

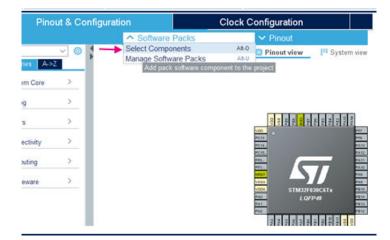


Figure 59. Selecting pack components

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In the component selector, check that the pack components cannot be selected since the Dcore condition is not met: the pack requires an Arm<sup>®</sup>Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M4 or Arm<sup>®</sup>Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M7 while STM32F0 MCU embeds an Arm<sup>®</sup>Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M0 core. Refer to Figure 60.

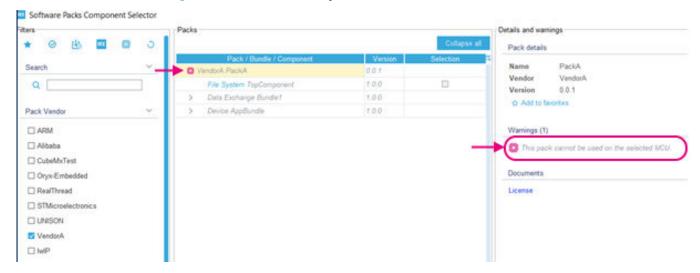


Figure 60. Pack unavailability when the Dcore condition is not met

Close the project and create a new project for an STM32F4 MCU. From the Pinout & Configuration view, the pack components can now be selected since the Dcore condition is met. Refer to Figure 61.

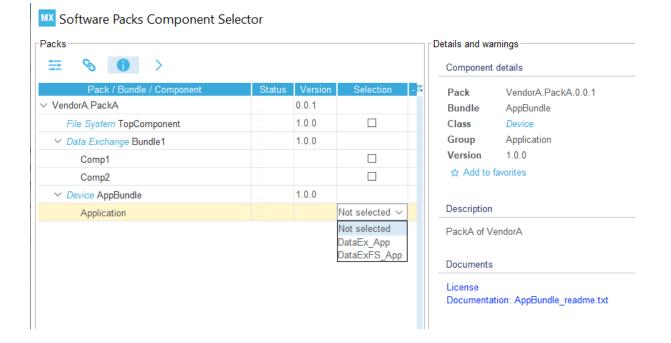


Figure 61. Pack availability when Dcore condition is met

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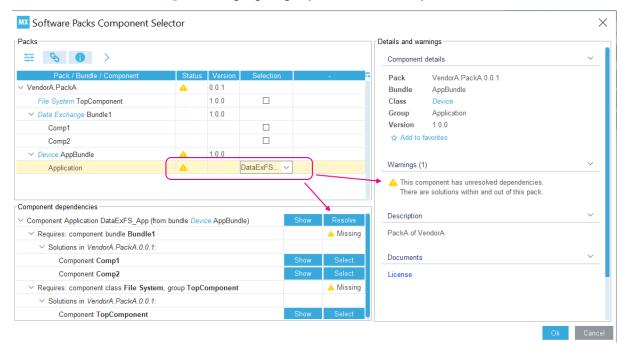


# 5.4.3 Select pack components, check and solve dependencies

Still on a project using an STM32F4 MCU, from the component selector window,

- 1. Enable the DataExFS\_App.
- 2. Click the *DataExFS\_App* component line to highlight dependencies: Top component and Bundle1 are highlighted as required components. Refer to Figure 62.

Figure 62. Highlighting dependencies on components

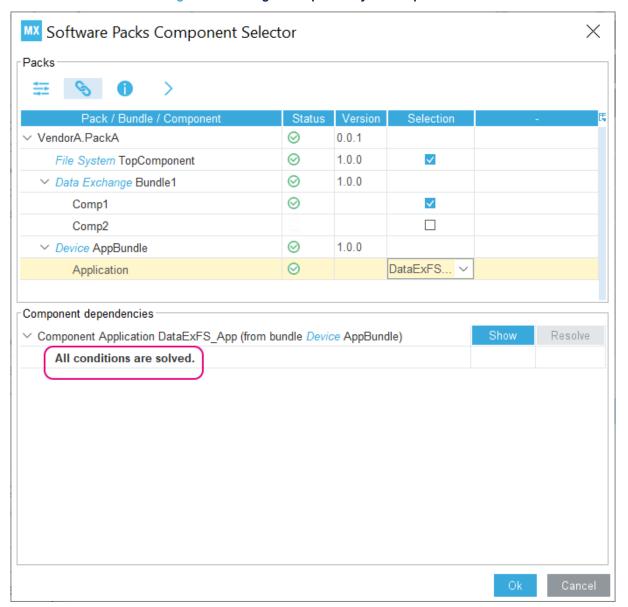


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3. Click the Resolve button to automatically resolve dependencies: this is possible when only one choice is available. Click to choose a component among others that can solve a dependency. The dependency panel is emptied when no dependency remains to be solved.

Figure 63. Solving one dependency on components



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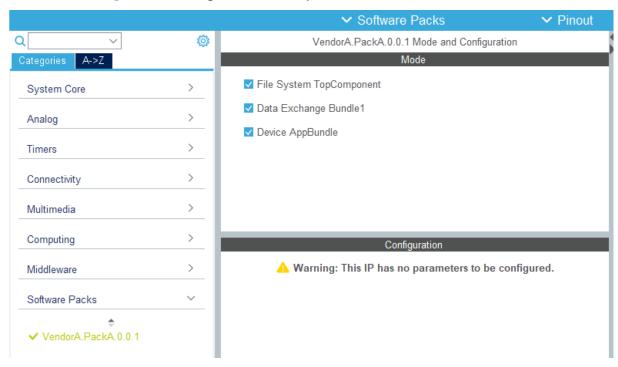


#### 5.4.4 Check the pack in the STM32CubeMX pinout configuration view

From the Pinout & Configuration view, on the left panel expand the Software Packs category.

- 1. Click the Vendor A Pack A
- 2. Check that the top components are shown as modes in the Mode panel.
- 3. Enable all of them and check that there are no configuration parameters in the Configuration panel. Refer to Figure 64.

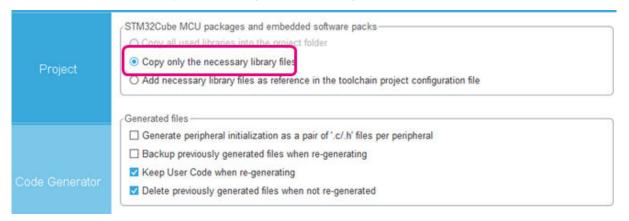
Figure 64. Unconfigurable software pack in STM32CubeMX user interface



#### 5.4.5 Generate the project

- 1. Go to the Project Manager's view.
- 2. On the Code generator tab, select the option to copy only the necessary library files.

Figure 65. Code generation settings in STM32CubeMX

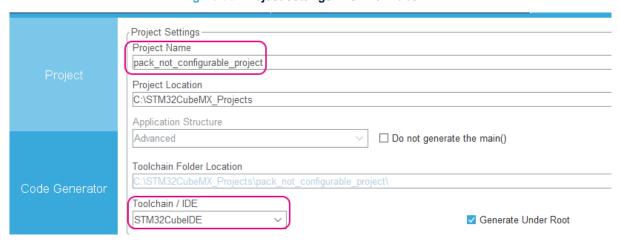


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3. On the Project tab, enter a project name and select the STM32CubeIDE toolchain.

Figure 66. Project settings in STM32CubeMX



- 4. Click GENERATE CODE to generate the project. If requested, the user must accept to download the STM32Cube MCU Package relevant to the project.
- 5. Check that the pack files are copied accordingly under the folder Middlewares\Third\_Party. Specifically, check that among the four library files of TopComponent, only the file fs\_lib\_cm4\_gcc.a which has the condition on core Cortex®-M4 and the GCC compiler is copied.
- 6. Change the toolchain to use Keil® MDK-ARM toolchain and check that this time, only fs\_lib\_cm4.a file is copied since the condition on core Cortex®-M4 and armcc compiler is met.

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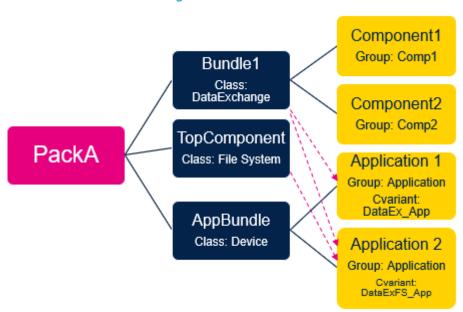


# 5.5 Enhance the pack with configuration parameters

# 5.5.1 Introduction

At this stage, the pack is available and can already be used in STM32CubeMX.

Figure 67. PackA outline

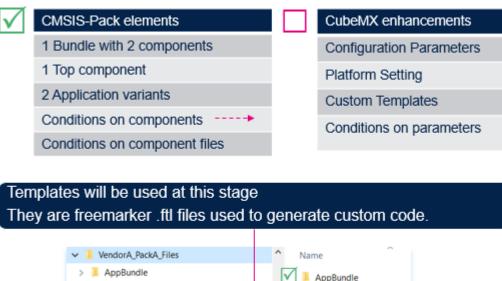


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The next step is to enhance the pack to be configurable through STM32CubeMX.

Figure 68. PackA not yet enhanced for STM32CubeMX



VendorA\_PackA\_Files

Name

Name

AppBundle

■ Bundle1

■ Comp1

■ Comp2

■ Documentation

■ Templates

VendorA\_License.txt

Name

AppBundle

■ Bundle1

■ Documentation

■ TopComponent

■ VendorA\_License.txt

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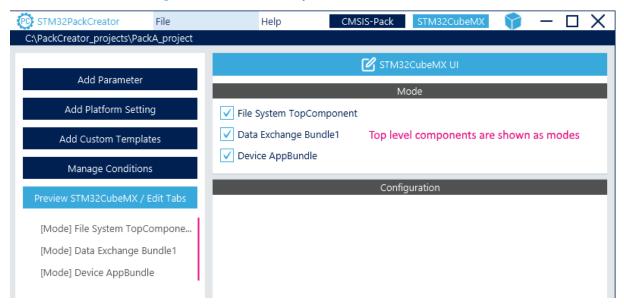


#### 5.5.2 Switch to STM32CubeMx view

Back in the STM32PackCreator project, click STM32CubeMX to switch to the view that allows enhancing the pack to be configurable through STM32CubeMX.

Click STM32CubeMX preview and check how the pack currently shows when enabled for a project in STM32CubeMX.

Figure 69. STM32CubeMX preview in STM32PackCreator



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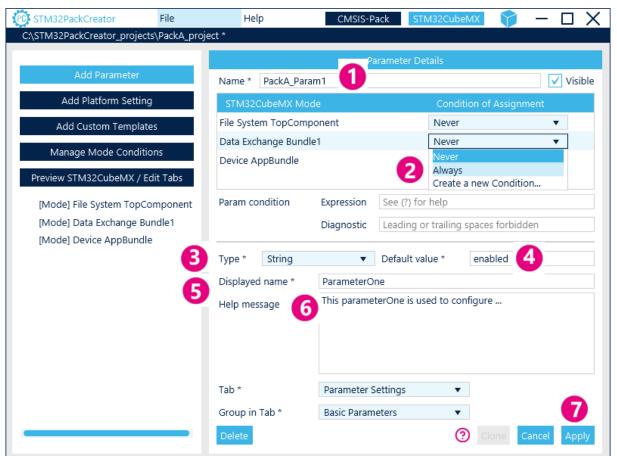


#### 5.5.3 Add the first parameter for Bundle1

Create the first parameter as follows. Refer to Figure 70.

- 1. Enter the parameter name.
  - This name must not contain spaces and be unique per project, so it is advised to include the Pack name into the Parameter name.
- 2. Choose for which top-level components the parameter may be available.
  - Here: available only if Bundle1 is enabled
  - It can also be available on conditions (detailed later in the slides)
- 3. Choose the parameter type.
- 4. Specify a default value.
- 5. Specify a label name that is used for displaying the parameter in STM32CubeMX UI (configuration panel).
- 6. Enter a description that is displayed in the configuration panel as well.

Figure 70. Adding the first parameter to Bundle1

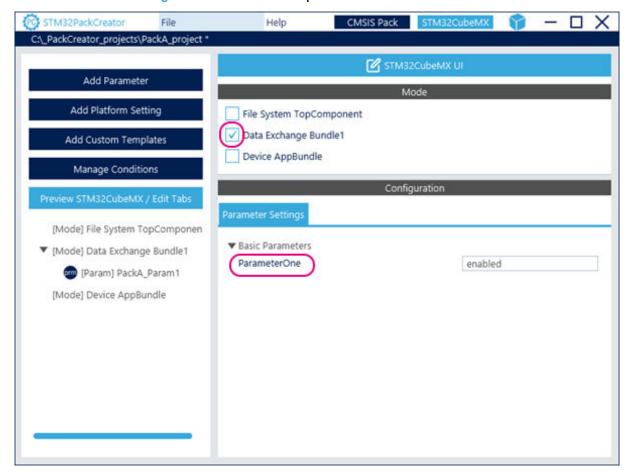


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7. Switch to STM32CubeMX preview to check the parameter appears when Bundle1 is enabled.

Figure 71. Preview the first parameter in STM32CubeMX UI



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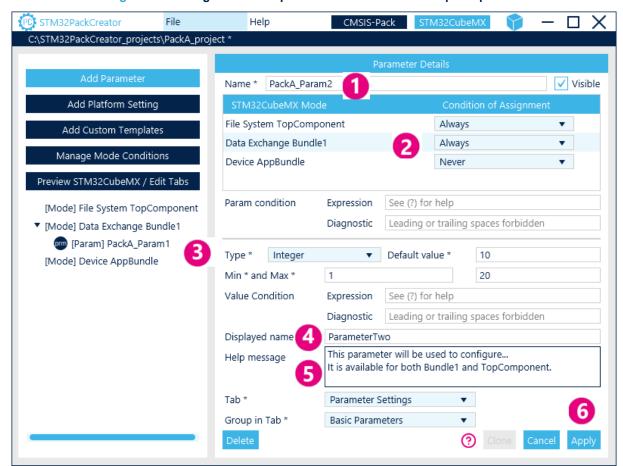


### 5.5.4 Add a second parameter for Bundle1 and TopComponent

Create a second parameter as shown in Figure 72.

- 1. Enter the parameter name
- 2. Choose for which top-level components the parameter may be available.
  - Select Always for TopComponent and Bundle1.
- 3. Choose the parameter type.
  - Select Integer.
  - Enter Default, Min, and Max values.
- 4. Specify the label.
- 5. Enter a description that is displayed in the configuration panel as well.

Figure 72. Adding the second parameter to Bundle1 and TopComponent

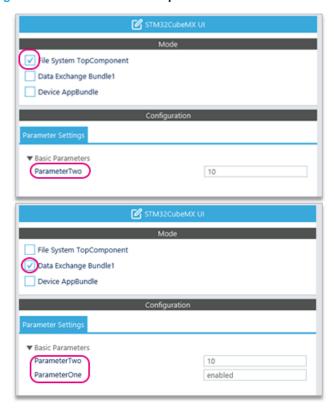


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6. Switch to STM32CubeMX preview. Refer to Figure 73. ParameterTwo is displayed when either one of Bundle1 or TopComponent are selected.

Figure 73. Preview the second parameter in STM32CubeMX UI



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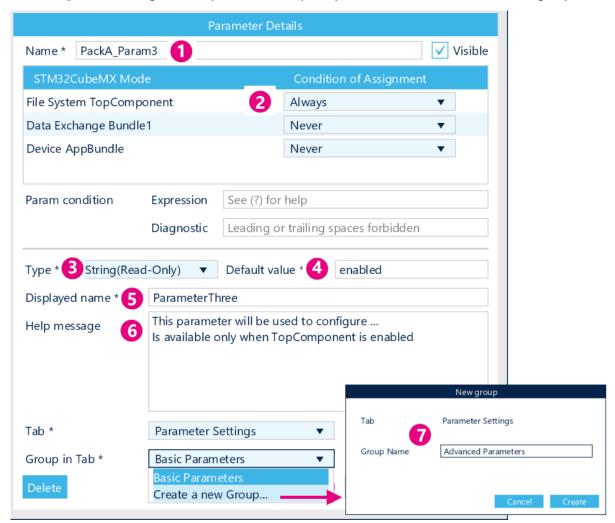


# 5.5.5 Add the third parameter for TopComponent in the user-defined tab and group

Create a third parameter as follows. Refer to Figure 74.

- 1. Enter the parameter name.
- 2. Select Always for TopComponent.
- 3. Choose the parameter type as a read-only string. Set its default to enabled.
- 4. Specify its label.
- 5. Enter its description.
- 6. For the Tab, select Create a new Tab and name it Advanced Settings.
- 7. For the Group in Tab, select Create a new Group and name it Advanced Parameters.

Figure 74. Adding the third parameter to TopComponent in the user-defined Tab and group



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8. Switch to STM32CubeMX preview and click between pencil and eye icon to switch between edit and view modes. Refer to Figure 75.

PC STM32PackCreator File Help CMSIS Pack STM32CubeMX - 🗆 X C:\\_PackCreator\_projects\PackA\_project STM32CubeMX UI Add Parameter Mode Add Platform Setting ✓ File System TopComponent ✓ Data Exchange Bundle1 Add Custom Templates Switch between view and edit modes ✓ Device AppBundle Manage Conditions Configuration ① Parameter Settings 🗹 Advanced Settings ① Platform Settings ▼ [Mode] File System TopComponen ▼ Parameter Setting: [Param] PackA\_Param2 ▼ Madvanced Parameters [Param] PackA\_Param3 ParameterThree enabled [Param] PackA\_Param4 ► [Mode] Data Exchange Bundle1 Click on the pencil to edit [Mode] Device AppBundle the user defined Tab and Group names.

Figure 75. Preview the third parameter in STM32CubeMX UI

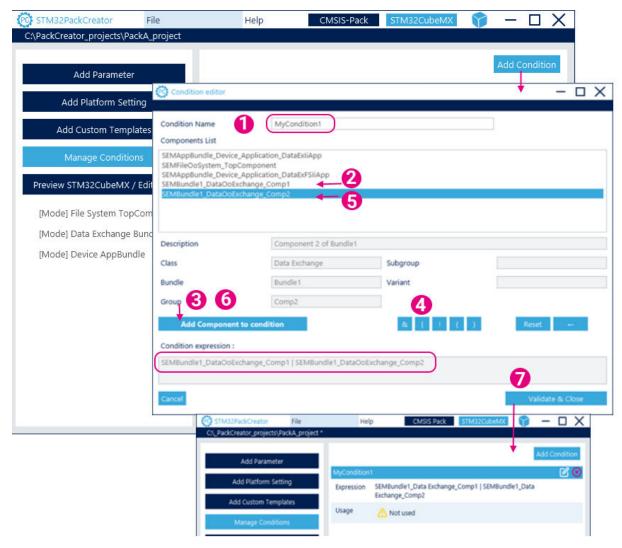
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# 5.5.6 Create a condition and assign it to a parameter

Create the condition that comp1 or comp2 of Bundle1 must be present.

- Enter the condition name.
- Select the first component (Comp1).
- Add it to the condition.
- Select the OR logical operator: "|".
- Select the second component (Comp2).
- Add it to the condition.
- Validate & Close.



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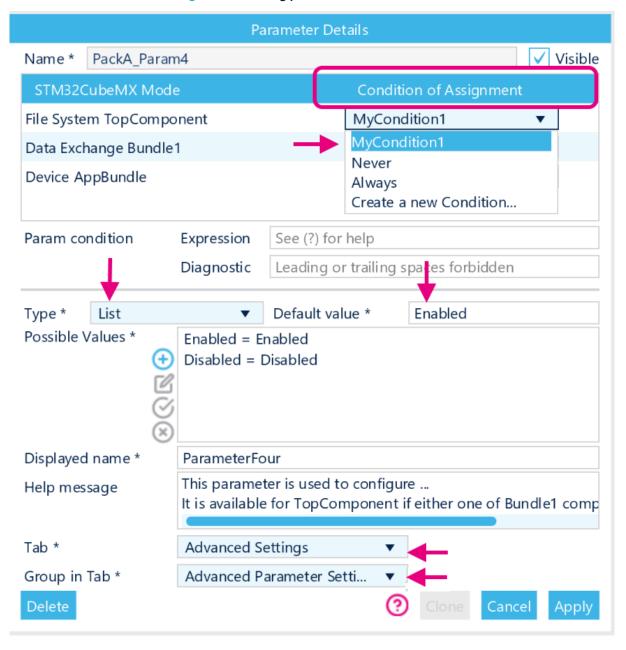


#### 5.5.7 Create a fourth conditional parameter

Create a fourth parameter that is visible for the TopComponent only if a condition is satisfied.

- Enter the parameter details.
- 2. Assign it to TopComponent on the condition MyCondition1 is met. Refer to Figure 76.

Figure 76. Creating parameters with conditions

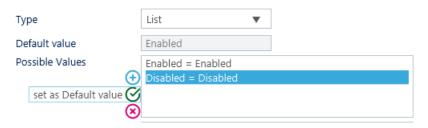


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Create a list parameter: click the + sign to add values, cross the icon to delete, and the check mark to change the default value. Refer to Figure 77.

Figure 77. Creating a parameter list



# 5.6 Enhance the pack with platform settings

### 5.6.1 Platform settings introduction

STM32PackCreator allows pack developers to specify platform requirements for the pack components by clicking

Add Platform Setting

Platform settings are optional and may be used to add BSP constraints to the usage of a software component.

 Example: to work, a software component requires an SPI configured in full-duplex master mode or a GPIO in EXTI mode.

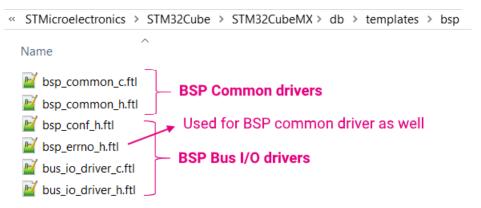
STM32Cube specifications define a set of Board Support Package APIs among which the BSP Bus and BSP Common driver APIs.

- The BSP bus driver API, which exports the transport functions used by the I/O operation components. They can be shared by several IO operations of several external components.
- The BSP common driver API, which provides a set of friendly used APIs for HMI devices, like LEDs, buttons, and joystick, and the board COM ports. The BSP common services are defined only if the corresponding hardware is available on the board.

STM32CubeMX embeds some default templates to generate the BSP Bus I/O and BSP Common drivers files, refer to Figure 78, and can generate accordingly:

- BSP bus driver code for I2C, USART, UART, LPUART, and SPI peripherals.
- BSP common driver code for LED (GPIO OUT), Button (GPIO EXTI), USART/UART/LPUART

Figure 78. STM32CubeMX Freemarker templates for platform settings



The names for the generated files and BSP folder uses STM32 board names when the project is started from STM32CubeMX board selector. Refer to Figure 79 and Figure 80. Otherwise, the <code>custom\_bus.h</code> file.

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The BSP common driver code is found under the <code>Drivers/BSP</code> folder. Other BSP code is generated in the user's folder.

Figure 79. STM32CubeMX generated BSP common driver files

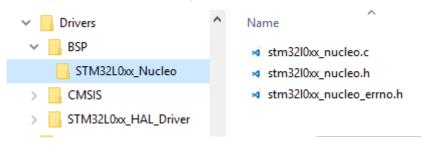


Figure 80. STM32CubeMX generated Bus I/O driver files

- stm32l0xx\_nucleo\_bus.c
- stm32I0xx\_nucleo\_bus.h
- stm32l0xx\_nucleo\_conf.h

Pack developers can write custom Freemarker templates for CubeMX to generate specific code for BSP bus I/O drivers and other custom BSP APIs. Such templates can be added to the pack by clicking

Add Custom Templates and then assigned to the relevant platform setting entry.



#### STM32PackCreator platform settings creation view

In line with STm32CubeMX possibilities, STM32PackCreator allows specifying platform settings for the BSP bus (refer to Figure 81), BSP Common (refer to Figure 82), and custom BSP API (refer to Figure 83).

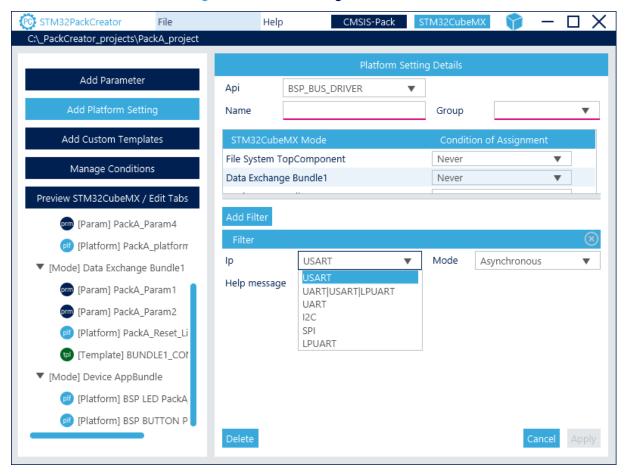


Figure 81. Platform settings for Bus I/O API

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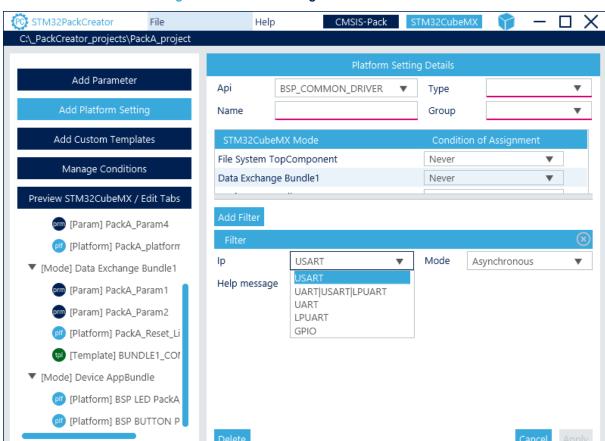


Figure 82. Platform settings for BSP common API

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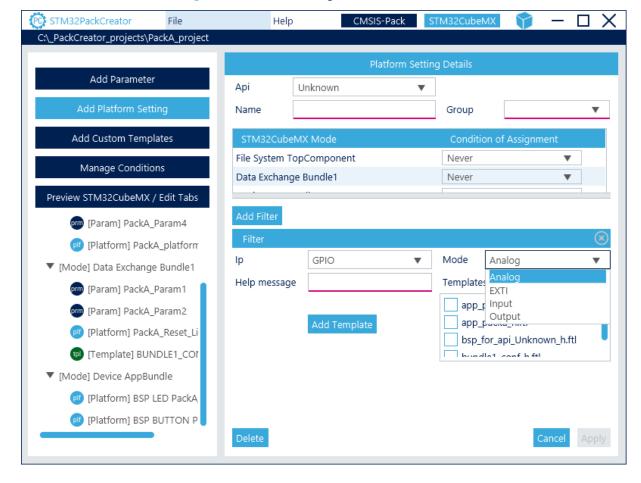


Figure 83. Platform settings with custom BSP API

#### **Unknown API advanced feature**

- Example for Timer 1 up to Timer 8 peripherals: IP = TIM1 8, Mode = Internal Clock
- Example: IP= RTC, Mode = Activate Clock Source

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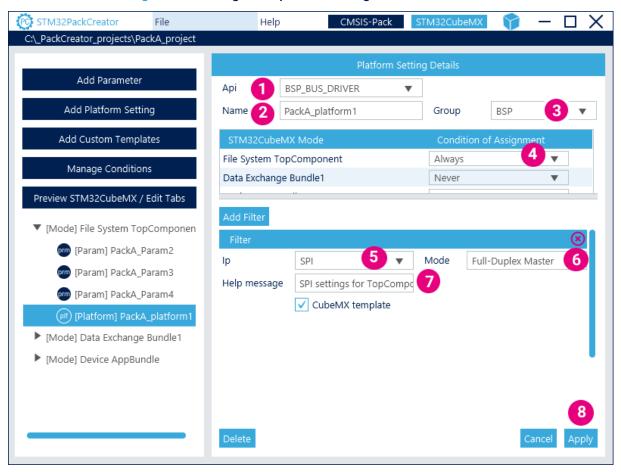


#### 5.6.2 Create platform settings for the bus driver API

The Topcomponent component interfaces with a bus driver API that can use either one of the SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C peripherals.

Click Add Platform Setting to switch to the platform settings creation view. Refer to Figure 84.

Figure 84. Creating a new platform setting for an SPI bus driver



- 1. Enter the name (unique, no space) PackA platform1.
- 2. Select the API BSP\_BUS\_DRIVER.
- 3. Select the BSP group.
- 4. Assign it to a Mode Always on TopComponent.
- 5. Under Filter, select the peripheral to use SPI.
- 6. Select the peripheral mode to use the Full-duplex master.
- 7. Fill in the help message.
- 8. Click Apply to validate the changes.

Then add the option to use I<sup>2</sup>C as a new filter for a bus driver platform setting:

- 1. Select Add Filter
- 2. Select the peripheral to use I2C
- 3. Select the peripheral mode to use I2C
- 4. Fill in the help message
- 5. Click Apply to validate the changes

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Finally, check the outcomes using the STM32CubeMX preview. When the TopComponent is enabled, a new platform setting is available with the possibility to use SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C. Refer to Figure 85.

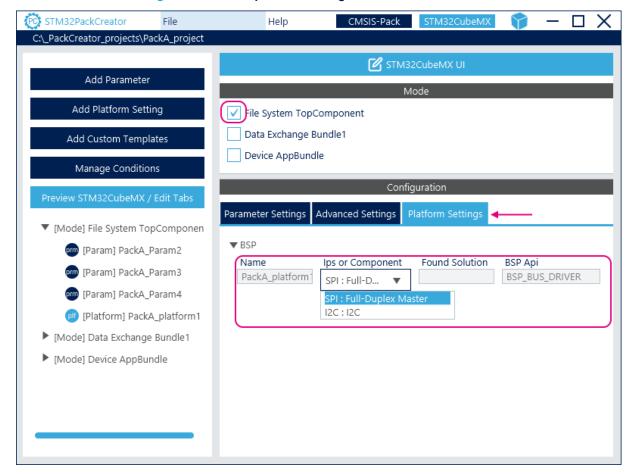


Figure 85. Preview platform settings for SPI or I<sup>2</sup>C bus driver

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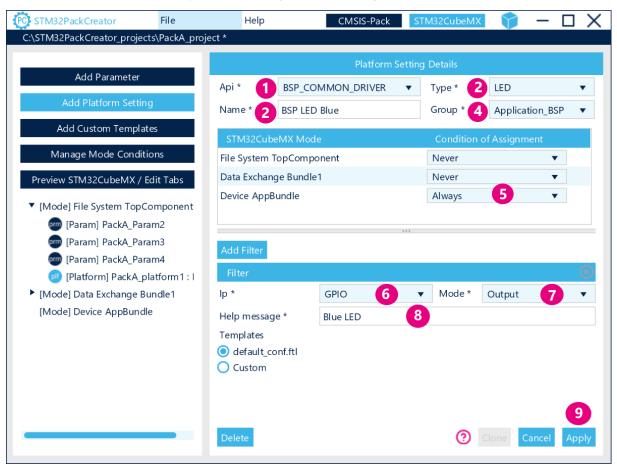


# 5.6.3 Create platform settings for bus common drivers (LED and button)

The applications of AppBundle require a LED and a button to be configured.

Click Add Platform Setting to open the platform settings creation view and proceed as shown in Figure 86 to add a platform setting for the LED.

Figure 86. Creating platform settings for a LED



- 1. Select the API BSP COMMON DRIVER
- 2. Select the LED type
- 3. Complete the name BSP LED Blue
- 4. Create a new group Application BSP
- 5. Assign to a Mode Always on AppBundle
- 6. Under IP, select GPIO
- 7. Under Mode, select Output
- 8. Fill in the Help message
- 9. Click Apply to validate the changes

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Click Add Platform settings and proceed similarly to add the Button (Type=Button, IP=GPIO, Mode=EXTI) as shown in Figure 87.

PC STM32PackCreator File Help CMSIS-Pack STM32CubeMX C:\STM32PackCreator\_projects\PackA\_project \* Add Parameter BSP\_COMMON\_DRIVER BUTTON Type \* BSP BUTTON PackA\_Button Application\_BSP Group Add Custom Templates Manage Mode Conditions File System TopComponent Never Data Exchange Bundle1 Never Preview STM32CubeMX / Edit Tabs Device AppBundle Always ► [Mode] File System TopComponent ▶ [Mode] Data Exchange Bundle1 ▼ [Mode] Device AppBundle 📵 [Platform] BSP LED Blue : App lp \* GPIO Mode \* EXTI Help message \* Application button Templates default\_conf.ftl O Custom ? Clone Cancel

Figure 87. Creating platform settings for a button

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Finally, check the outcomes using the STM32CubeMX preview. When AppBundle is enabled, a new platform setting is available with the button and LED constraints as shown in Figure 88.

File CMSIS-Pack PC STM32PackCreator Help C:\STM32PackCreator\_projects\PackA\_project \* STM32CubeMX UI Add Parameter Add Platform Setting File System TopComponent Add Custom Templates Data Exchange Bundle1 Manage Mode Conditions Device AppBundle Configuration ▶ [Mode] File System TopComponent ▶ [Mode] Data Exchange Bundle1 ▼ Application\_BSP ▼ [Mode] Device AppBundle [Platform] BSP LED Blue : Application\_BSP Name lps or Component Found Solution BSP Api BSP LED Blue BSP\_COMMON\_DRIVER GPIO: Output [Platform] BSP BUTTON PackA\_Button : Appl lps or Component Found Solution BSP Api Name BSP BUTTON PackA BSP\_COMMON\_DRIVER GPIO: EXTI

Figure 88. Preview of platform settings for LED and button

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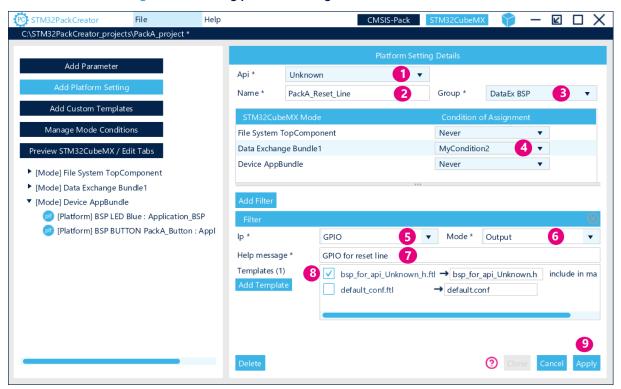


# 5.6.4 Create platform settings for unknown API

Bundle1 uses a reset line but only when the TopComponent is present.

Click Add Platform Setting to open the platform settings creation view and proceed as shown in Figure 89 to add a platform setting for the reset line.

Figure 89. Creating platform settings for a reset line custom API



- 1. Select the API Unknown.
- 2. Enter the name (unique, no space) PackA Reset Line.
- 3. Create a new group DataEx BSP.
- 4. Assign to the Mode Bundle1.
  - Create a condition: MyCondition2 (TopComponent is present)
- 5. Under Filter select GPIO and Output mode.
- 6. Fill in the Help message
- 7. Select bsp\_for\_api\_Unknown\_h.ftl as the template file to be used for code generation.

Note: Clicking Add Template adds other template files to be used.

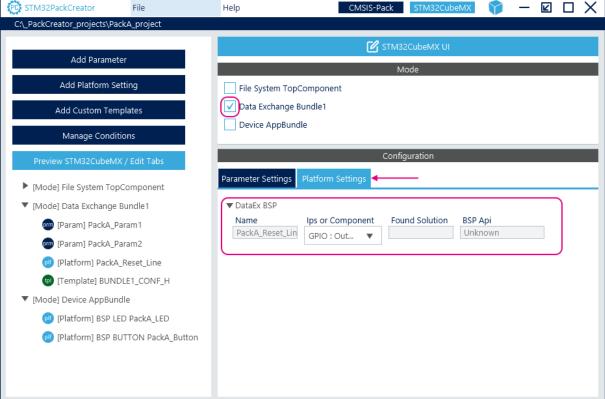
8. Click Apply

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Finally, check the outcomes using the STM32CubeMX preview. When Bundle1 is enabled, a new platform setting is available with the reset line constraint, as shown in Figure 90.

Figure 90. Preview of platform settings for a reset line custom API



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# 5.7 Enhance the pack with custom templates

#### 5.7.1 Custom templates introduction

By default, STM32PackCreator generates packs with a default template inside. This allows STM32CubeMX to generate a header file with all pack parameter defines: <Vendor name>.<Pack name> conf.h.

STM32PackCreator allows as well pack developers to specify their templates for a given mode of the pack and for a selection of parameters: these custom templates are optional and necessary only when custom C code must be generated using STM32CubeMX.

Freemarker is the language used to write Freemarker templates. For details check out: https://freemarker.apache.org/. The pack developers can write custom templates, and add them to their packs using STM32PackCreator and check the generated code using STM32CubeMX.

Note:

STM32CubeMX adds some design constraints for custom code to be generated. Parameters are accessible as SWIPdatas, as shown in Figure 91, and platform settings as BSPName, as shown in Figure 93.

Figure 91. Freemarker template example for generating parameters defines

```
/* Define to prevent recursive inclusion -----*/
#ifndef BUNDLE1 CONF H
#define BUNDLE1 CONF H
#ifdef __cpluextern "C" {
       cplusplus
#endif
[#if includes??]
[#list includes as include]
#include "${include}"
[/#list]
[/#if]
#include "${FamilyName?lower case}xx hal.h"
#include <string.h>
[#compress]
[#list SWIPdatas as SWIP]
[#if SWIP.defines??]
[#list SWIP.defines as definition]
/*-----[#if definition.comments??]${definition.comments} [/#if] ------*/
#define ${definition.name} #t#t ${definition.value}
[#if definition.description??]${definition.description} [/#if]
[/#list]
```

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Figure 92. Generated C code based on the template for parameter defines

Figure 93. Freemarker template example for generating BSP code (platform settings)

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Figure 94. Generated C code based on the template for BSP code (platform settings)

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# 5.7.2 Add a customs template to generate C files or code snippets

Bundle1 requires a custom file to be generated.

Click *Add Custom templates* and proceed as shown in Figure 95 to specify a custom template and a set of parameters that are accessible to the template.

CMSIS-Pack PC STM32PackCreator File C:\\_PackCreator\_projects\PackA\_projec Add Parameter Mode \* Data Exchange Bundle1 Add Platform Setting Template file \* bundle1\_conf\_h.ftl Category \* header Template name BUNDLE1 CONF H Manage Conditions Header for bundle1 configuration Description 3 Preview STM32CubeMX / Edit Tabs #define Condition ► [Mode] File System TopComponent ▼ [Mode] Data Exchange Bundle1 Generated file name bundle1\_conf App folder (Application code) [Param] PackA\_Param1 8 Generated file Target folder (Board specific code) destination\* [Param] PackA\_Param2 Generated file included in other generated file [Platform] PackA\_Reset\_Line [Template] BUNDLE1\_CONF\_H ✓ PackA\_Param1 Bundle1 configuration param1 ✓ PackA\_Param2 Bundle1 configuration param2 ▼ [Mode] Device AppBundle

Figure 95. Adding a custom template

1. Select the Mode Bundle1

@ [Platform] BSP LED PackA\_LED

[Platform] BSP BUTTON PackA\_Button

2. Browse to select a template .ftl file from the file system bundle1 conf h.ftl

Parameters added to

template

- 3. Specify a category header
- 4. Specify a template name BUNDLE1\_CONF\_H
- 5. Enter a description header file for Bundle1 defines
- 6. Keep the condition to Always
- 7. Specify the name of the generated file bundle1 conf (.h)
- 8. Specify where the file may be generated select the App folder.
- 9. Select the parameters the generated code uses
- 10. Click Apply

#### About generating code snippets

The generated file destination can be set to generate code to be included in other generated files. This option is available only to template files with the extension . tmp. This generates a code snippet that is included in a file generated through another template, which must have an included statement to ensure the code snippet is imported at code generation.

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# 5.8 Enhance the pack with application templates

#### 5.8.1 Application components and application templates introduction

Application components are optional

- A pack may come with one or more Application components.
- Application components can be top components or be part of a bundle.
- Application components come with a module name specified in the CMSIS-Pack view.
- Only one application can be enabled per project.

The main purpose of application components is for STM32CubeMX to generate application-ready code

- app\_<modulename>\_Init/Process functions are called by default in main.c. This generation can be disabled through STM32CubeMX Project Manager > Advanced settings.
- app <modulename> Init/Process functions are defined in app packname.c/.h files.

There are several options in STM32PackCreator to specify application templates:

- Specify application templates common to all application components of the pack. From the STM32CubeMX landing page, select app\_<pack name>\_h.ftl and app\_<pack name>\_c.ftl files, as shown in Figure 96. Templates may use if statements to generate code relevant to a given application variant.
- Specify a common app\_<pack name>\_h.ftl from the STM32CubeMX landing page and for .c file generation, add a custom template to each application component in the pack.
- Do not specify any common pack application template. Add custom templates to each application component in the pack.

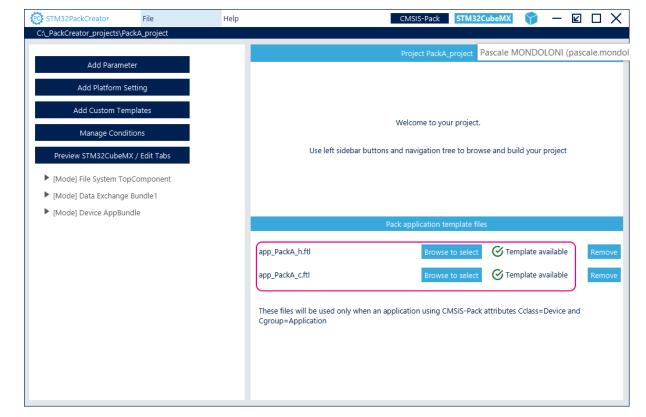


Figure 96. Pack application templates

• STM32CubeMX generates the corresponding app <modulename>.h/.c files.

They are generated as empty files if the templates are not available in the pack.

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#### **Applications RTE Components or Module names**

The custom templates of the application can be designed so that code is generated differently according to the RTE component definitions or module names.

- Use RTE Components defines:
  - RTE Components are specified in the components section of the CMSIS-Pack view.
  - Most useful when all applications share the same module name, which is recommended to support multi-pack configurations. Use the following Freemarker statement: #if define? contains("<RTE component>").
- Use Module names:
  - Module names are specified in the components section of the CMSIS-Pack view.
  - When applications use different module names and a common template, use the following Freemarker statement: #if ModuleName?contains("<module name>")

Refer to the X-Cube-BLE2 pack for examples of application templates  $app_x-cube-ble2_c/_h.ftl$ .

# 5.9 Save the project and generate the pack

- 1. Go back to the CMSIS-Pack view and create a new 0.0.2 release.
- 2. Generate the new pack version using File > Save & Generate pack, as shown in Figure 97.

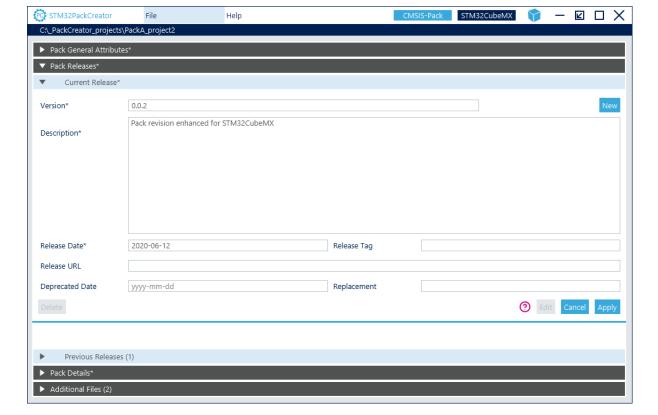


Figure 97. Pack A revision 0.0.2

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## 5.10 Use the pack in STM32CubeMX

The pack is ready to be installed, enabled in an STM32CubeMX project, configured, and used to generate the C project.

#### 5.10.1 Install the pack

Launch STM32CubeMX and start a new project from a NUCLEO-F401RE board.

From the pinout view, select Software Packs > Manage Software Packs and install the pack new revision.

## 5.10.2 Select the components

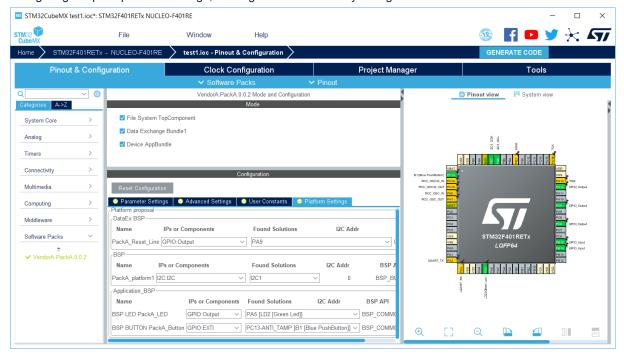
Select the pack components using Software Packs > Select Components menu and click OK to close the component selector window.

#### 5.10.3 Configure the pack for the project

Back to the pinout view, click Software packs on the left panel, and click on the packA entry.

From the Mode panel, enable all the pack modes in the mode panel.

From the configuration panel, configure the parameters from the parameter settings tabs. Then, configure the platform settings: enable an I2C in I<sup>2</sup>C mode, configure a pin as GPIO Output from the pinout view, and finish configuring the pack platform settings, reusing the GPIOs already configured as LED and user button.



#### 5.10.4 Generate the code and check the generated project

Click generate code and check the files are well generated according to the provided templates:

- In Core/Src:
  - a. The main.c file with calls to Init and Process functions
  - b. The stm32f4xx\_nucleo\_bus.c bus driver source file
- 2. In Core/Inc:
  - a. bus driver headers and configuration files stm32f4xx\_nucleo\_bus.h, stm32f4xx\_nucleo\_conf.
- 3. In Drivers/BSP/NUCLEO-F401RE:
  - a. BSP common driver source and header files stm32f4xx\_nucleo.c, stm32f4xx\_nucleo.h, and stm32f4xx\_nucleo\_errno.h

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- 4. In the PackA folder VendorA.PackA\_conf.h
- 5. in PackA/App folder:
  - a. The application header and source files app\_packa.h and app\_packa.c
  - b. Bundle1 configuration file bundle1\_conf.h
- 6. In Pack/Target folder:
  - a. The header file for the code that is target-dependent (BSP code for the unknown API) bsp\_for\_api\_Unknown.h. To generate the .c file, add a second custom template.
- 7. In Middlewares\Third\_Party the pack component files

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# 6 Creating a pack from an existing pack

STM32PackCreator can create new projects starting from an existing pack. Select Start new project from pack from the STM32PackCreator home page.

Reminder: it is not possible to create an STM32Cube Expansion Pack starting a project from a pack that is not an STM32Cube Expansion Pack.

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# 7 Cloning a project

STM32PackCreator can save the current project as a new project: Select File> Clone project as and enter the new project folder name.

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# 8 Opening a project

Opened recent projects shortcut is available from the STM32PackCreator home page.

To open other projects, select File > Open project and specify the project folder name.

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# How to generate an example description file

## 9.1 Purpose

The aim of this section is to explain how to update the release notes and the readme files to generate the example description file of I-Cubes.

Release notes and readme are mandatory for the correct integration of I-Cube examples in the STM32CubeMX example browser.

This document describes needed steps and tips to update the necessary documents before generating the example description file.

The example PDSC file is generated by the *Generate Examples Description File* functionality integrated in STM32PackCreator tool.

# 9.2 I-Cube integration flow in STM32CubeMX/STM32CubeIDE

To enhance the visibility of his software, the partner can benefit from the ST ecosystem by making the pack examples visible in the STM32CubeMX/STM32CubeIDE example browser. Another major benefit of pack integration in ST tools is simplifying the user journey by providing a ready-to-use project assembling all needed software components.

To enable the pack integration ST expects in addition to the pack itself a couple of documents from the pack provider:

- The examples description file.
- The PDSC generation report.

Here is a flow chart summarizing the I-Cube life cycle:

STM32 STM32 STM32PackCreator STM32CubeMX STM32CubeIDE **I-Cube** SW Package Manager Creator I-Cube Delivered to ST Example Example **Examples Browser** Description Generation I **PDSC** Generator Report I-Cube example 1 file I-Cube example 2 I-Cube example 3

Figure 98. I-Cube life cycle

I-Cube & examples visible in CubeMX & CubeIDE

#### Note that:

- Example description file and the generation report should not be integrated into the pack (but delivered alongside the I-Cube pack).
- I-Cube packs must not be delivered if any error remains during the examples description generation.

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## 9.3 Release notes template

The release notes must follow the template *EmbSW\_release\_notes\_template.html* and the document structure must be kept as it is.

The user can edit the template html file with any text editor and change it according to the package information. The template file contains all the needed information to correctly create the user's release note highlighted in red boxes: ①Guidance item.

The mandatory sections for the *Examples description generator* are the *SW package name*, the *Purpose* and the *Update history*.

ST recommends keeping all sections headers even if they are empty to keep harmonization between the different packages.



Figure 99. Release notes template

- The package must contain three release notes files: the first one in the root package, the second one in the project folder, and the third one in the <a href="httmresc">httmresc</a> folder.
- Only the release notes under the root of the package are mandatory for the *Examples description generator* to correctly handle the I-Cube examples.

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## 9.4 README template

To correctly extract the examples, the *Examples description generator* needs also a README.md file, it must be aligned with ST templates: README\_repo\_template.md.

Every example project folder must contain its own README file.

This template is provided as a guideline, the user needs to update it according to his component. The user can edit it through a text editor to add or remove parts except for the mandatory ones which are listed below:

- The description headline
- Keywords
- Hardware and software environment to mention the supported device

Be careful to respect the syntax of the template otherwise, the *Examples description generator* cannot extract needed information. For example, to separate the sections, it is necessary to use ####, and every headline must use Headline .

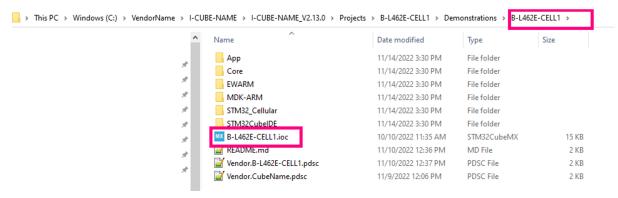
#### Figure 100. README example

# 9.5 How to generate the example description file

Before start building the example description file, be careful to have the correct naming for the folder structure, meaning:

- The name of folder containing the package must be <I-Cube-name>\_VX.Y.Z>, for example I-CUBE-NAM E V2.13.0.
- The name of the example folder must be the same as the ioc name, for example, if the ioc name is B-L462 E-CELL1, the example project folder must be Demonstrations\B-L462E-CELL1.

Figure 101. Folder structure



After correctly updating the documents, the user can now generate the example description file following the next three steps.

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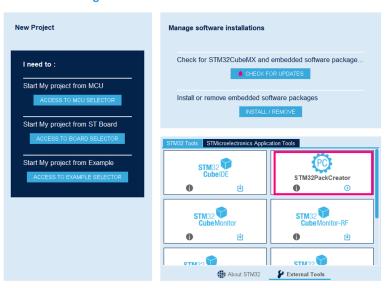


#### 9.5.1 Launch STM32PackCreator

There are two ways to launch STM32PackCreator:

- From STM32CubeMX install folder: STM32CubeMX\utilities\STM32PackCreator
- Directly from STM32CubeMX home page

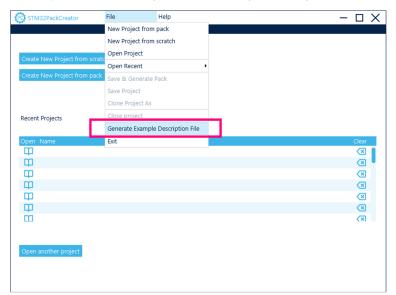
Figure 102. Launch STM32PackCreator



# 9.5.2 Examples description generator tab

Go to File then select Generate Example Description File.

Figure 103. Selecting Generate Example Description File



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- The user must select the package in Pack Path.
- The Output Folder and Output PDSC File Name fields are filled automatically. If the user wants to change them, he can uncheck the Auto combo box.

Figure 104. Generate Example Description File options

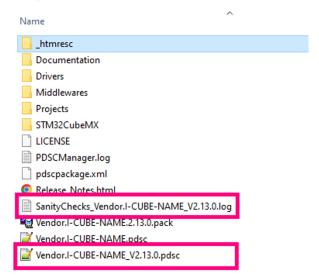


- The *Middlewares List File* is an optional field. If the pack includes a component that needs to be identified as middleware in example browser left panel, the user must add it in this field.
- The tool generates a short report containing the number of examples and the total warning and errors. The generation is considered successful only if there are no errors in the log file.

#### 9.5.3 Generate example description file

The description file and the full log are generated under the root pack folder.

Figure 105. Generated example description file



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# **Revision history**

Table 7. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
12-Jul-2020	1	Initial release.
2-Nov-2020	2	Deleted compatibility limitation with CMSIS-pack standard in Section 4.3 Rules and limitations  Updated:  • JRE™ requirements in Section 4.4 System requirements  • Program launch in Section 4.5.1 From STM32CubeMX user interface and Section 5.2 Create a new project from scratch  • Figure 5, Figure 7, Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 15, Figure 19, and Table 3 handling example in pack details  Added Section 5.3.15 Specify the example projects to be delivered with the pack
11-Feb-2021	3	Updated:  • JRE™ requirements in Section 4.4 System requirements  • Command lines in Section 4.5.2 Standalone option  • Table 4. STM32CubeMX view - Main features  • Section 5.4.3 Select pack components, check and solve dependencies  • Section 5.4.5 Generate the project  • Figure 13, Figure 14, Figure 54 to Figure 56, Figure 61 to Figure 63, Figure 70, Figure 72, Figure 74, Figure 76, and Figure 86 to Figure 89  Removed:  • Former Figure 63
03-Jul-2023	4	Added Section 9 How to generate an example description file

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